

NEWS: EUROPE

Gaullists abandon idea of primaries

By David Buchanan in Paris

France's conservative coalition yesterday buried the idea of holding US-style primary elections to choose a single right-wing presidential candidate.

Representatives of the RPR Gaullists and the centre-right UDF federation yesterday pronounced victory "impossible" and said a victory for the right next year would depend on rival conservatives having "the will" to rally together in time for the final round of voting on May 7.

The possibility of the French right reaching across the Atlantic for a device to settle their differences always seemed a long shot, though the RPR-UDF agreement in 1991 that called for staggered, regional primary elections ending at least three months before the presidential vote was modelled on US lines. The first round of voting in France constitutes a kind of a primary, in that only two candidates go to the final vote and they are usually of the right and of the left; but the bare fortnight between the two votes gives no time for party wounds to heal.

The primaries idea mainly failed because by the time it started to get serious consideration this autumn - as Mr Jacques Delors, the European Commission president and possible socialist presidential contender, began to profit in the opinion polls from the rivalry of gaullists Mr Jacques Chirac and Prime Minister Edouard Balladur - the same opinion polls showed that Mr Chirac



Balladur (top) and Chirac: poll put paid to primary idea

would lose to Mr Balladur in primaries.

With primaries therefore seen as a partisan device by Balladur supporters to squeeze Mr Chirac out of the race, their formal demise yesterday was greeted with relief by the Chirac camp and some irritation by the prime minister's supporters. But the prime minister clearly intends to play on the fact that - unlike Mr Chirac - he has wide support within his UDF coalition partnership. "A unity candidacy remains as necessary as ever," he said yesterday, though he does not intend to go public with his Elysée campaign until early January.

Five groups bid for Dutch mobile phone licence

By Ronald van de Krol in Amsterdam

Five international consortiums submitted bids yesterday to set up a second Dutch mobile communications network to compete with the one established by KPN, the country's partially privatised telecommunications operator.

The government will decide by April 1 which of the competing consortia - grouped around the Netherlands' three biggest banks, Deutsche Telekom of Germany and Telecom Finland - will win the right to challenge KPN's monopoly in providing pan-European GSM (global system of mobile communications) services.

The long-awaited second licence is designed to inject competition in mobile communications in the Netherlands, which until recently had lagged behind its European neighbours in embracing the new digital standard.

It is also seen as a dress rehearsal for next year, when the government hopes to issue a licence to the country's electricity companies, other utilities and Dutch Rail, the state-owned railway, to start building a fixed telecommunications infrastructure. This proposed domestic rival to KPN, which will initially be restricted to offering data communication services to business customers, is widely expected to seek a partnership with a foreign telecommunications group.

The deadline for submitting GSM business plans of up to

500 pages was yesterday afternoon. The public works ministry declined to identify the bidders by name, but industry sources identified the consortium leaders as ASN Amro Bank, ING Bank, Rabobank, Deutsche Telekom and Southwestern Bell.

ASN Amro's partners include Cable & Wireless of the UK, while ING's main partner is Britain's Vodafone. Rabobank's consortium consists, among others, of Schiphol Airport and Getronics, the Dutch computer services company.

Deutsche Telekom's partners in the "GSM Nederland NV" consortium include the newspaper group De Telegraaf and RCC, the Netherlands' former national computer centre. Telecom Finland has teamed up with Visi Nederland.

The winning consortium will have to scramble to catch up with KPN, which launched its GSM network on July 1 and which has already signed up more than 50,000 subscribers.

The "GSM Nederland NV" consortium has previously said it could have its network up and running within three months, suggesting that KPN could start to face competition from mid-1995. KPN has already invested more than Fl 500m (\$183m) in building its network, with future investments expected to take the total cost of its network to Fl 1.2bn.

Despite the head start given to KPN, the second GSM operator is virtually certain to benefit from high profit margins in the early years of its licence.

PDS goes on hunger strike in tax row

By Judy Dempsey in Berlin

Leaders of east Germany's reformed communists, the Party of Democratic Socialism, have gone on hunger strike in protest against plans by the Berlin tax authorities to seize their property in part payment for alleged outstanding taxes.

PDS leaders claim the action by the tax authorities is a politically orchestrated attempt to force the party into bankruptcy. In city elections next year the PDS is expected to win several seats in the east of the city.

"We will keep up the strike until this claim is dropped," said Mr Gregor Gysi, parliamentary leader of the PDS and one of seven PDS members who are on hunger strike in Berlin's state parliament. The party won 30 parliamentary seats in last month's federal election, and 4.4 per cent of the federal vote.

The tax authorities are claiming that the PDS owes DM67m (\$27.5m) in property tax due for the first six months of 1990. But Mr Gysi said the authorities had a poor legal case for claiming that tax since two separate Germanies existed at that time.

He added: "The authorities have never asked the other east German political parties to pay tax for this period. This is an attempt to politically kill us by making us bankrupt."

The other parties, which had been sanctioned by east Germany's communist party were merged with west Germany's Christian Democratic Union (CDU), led by Chancellor Helmut Kohl, and the Free Democrats, the junior partner in the governing coalition.

Their property, like that of the PDS, is held in trust by the Treuhand privatisation agency, while separately an independent commission is assessing who has the legal right to inherit any of these properties.

The tax office, which is headed by Mr Elmar Pieroth, the CDU senator responsible for Berlin's finances, said it would seize the PDS's property if the party did not pay. Most of the PDS's property has belonged to east Germany's former communist party.

However, the legality of such an action was last month challenged by a Berlin court, which, by way of a compromise, proposed that the PDS hand over as a guarantee to the tax authorities the DM6.6m due to the party from the federal state for expenses incurred during the recent election campaign.

But Mr Lothar Bisky, chairman of the PDS who is also on hunger strike, yesterday said if the party was forced to part with the DM6.6m, it would face bankruptcy, which is exactly what some of the political parties want," he said. The PDS has outstanding debts of over DM5.5m, of which DM2m is owed to east German enterprise managers and supporters who helped finance the PDS's election campaign.

Emma Tucker on the European Commission investigation of price-fixing

How the cement cartel came unstuck

The fat file sitting on European commissioner Karel Van Miert's desk is, he says, as good a read in places as a *roman policier*.

Unfortunately for the curious, Mr Van Miert is not publishing his file but he could probably be forgiven the hyperbole given that it took three of the Commission's staff against "an army of lawyers" five years to come up with its contents.

The file's contents relate to the alleged illegal manoeuvrings of 33 European cement producers, plus one international cement association and eight national ones that over a period of 10 years colluded to rig Europe's cement market.

On Wednesday, a triumphant Mr Van Miert, competition commissioner, announced the imposition of record fines totalling Ecu248m (\$193m) on the producers but warned that industry was getting better and better at hiding evidence of collusive behaviour.

"There are still cartels in some sectors and they will do anything they can to avoid us finding any evidence," he said.

The chairman of one leading cement producer is alleged to have said at the end of a collusive get-together that no minutes of the meeting would be "necessary". The participants were, however, not careful enough. A series of raids on the headquarters of all the leading EU cement companies towards the beginning of the investigation produced enough



Van Miert: uncompromising in fight against cartels

evidence to satisfy the Commission that a powerful cartel was operating.

It alleges that the European Cement Association - Cembureau - established what was known as the "Cembureau agreement or principle of not

transshipping to internal European markets".

Through the exchange of information on prices the principle allowed producers to reduce price differences between countries so as to remove any temptation to

export and to get those producers who did export to align their prices with those of local producers.

In effect, the system allowed the producers to maintain artificial frontiers on the basis of domestic markets. As Mr Van Miert said yesterday: "If a German business wanted to buy cement from a French producer, just 20km inside the frontier, it was not allowed to do so."

Conclusions to one Cembureau meeting on intra-community trade said: "Pressure from inter-member trade had slackened considerably through improved bilateral contacts. Exports had tended to shrink, but there was still a threat from outsiders."

According to the Commission, exchanges of notes between French and Italian producers, for instance, reveal their decision to share the Côte d'Azur market. And at several meetings, the Portuguese and Spanish producers, represented by their associations, monitored cement exports between the two countries so as to ensure that markets were shared.

One note from a meeting between the Spanish and Portuguese stated that: "The parties present, who may be regarded as the representatives of Spanish and Portuguese cement producers, expressed their clear support for the principle that there should be no cement movements from Spain to Portugal

or from Portugal to Spain." In 1986, after the loss of key Middle East markets, Greek producers started to threaten other markets with cheap exports. Cembureau reacted swiftly. It set up a joint trading company, called Intercement, to absorb Greek cement and prevent it from being exported to other markets.

Using heavy-arm tactics the Italian cement producers also took action, ensuring that a big contract between an Italian buyer and Greek suppliers was broken. Meanwhile, other European cement producers ended contracts with Greek producers to curb exports.

These practices continued right up until last year, according to the Commission. The companies - most of which are appealing - have three months to pay fines that in some cases amount to 4 per cent of their annual turnover in cement.

The Commission hopes its action will introduce competition into Europe's cement market. It has pointed out that cement can be supplied profitably even over long distances.

"Cement supplies are possible from Germany and Spain to the UK and Ireland, while Italian producers are able to cross the Alps and supply cement in Switzerland," it said yesterday.

The relevant market is therefore Europe, it concluded. "If the markets were sealed off by distance, there would be no reason for the behaviour of the firms as described in the infringement."

An industry prone to price-fixing and cartels

Why cement? Andrew Taylor points to high costs and a low value product in a cyclical industry

The record fines announced on Wednesday by the European Commission on 33 cement companies for operating an illegal cartel are not the first penalties European cement manufacturers have had imposed on them for allegedly trying to fix their markets.

The German Cartel Office in 1989 announced fines totalling DM244m (\$100m) against domestic manufacturers accused of operating a price-fixing ring. In July 1992 the Italian anti-trust authority fined cement producers L&M (\$2m) in the so-called Procal cartel in southern Italy.

Not all cartels have been illegal. A 50-year-old legal common pricing agreement in Britain was ended by manufacturers in 1987. Another legal cement cartel in Switzerland established since 1911 is to be dismantled at the end of this year.

It will be replaced by a transport pooling arrangement to ensure that at least 51 per cent of cement is transported by rail to protect the environment. Rail traffic will be subsidised by a voluntary duty imposed on cement carried on roads.

In most cases however, such agreements are illegal. What is it that makes cement manufacturers so prone to oper-

ating market sharing and price-fixing cartels? The huge capital investment required to build a modern cement works - a medium-sized plant costs about £100m - means that national markets increasingly have become dominated by a small number of large companies.

Cement is a relatively low value product, sold to a highly cyclical construction industry,

An upsurge in cross-border business is not expected

making it even more tempting for producers to try to ensure price stability by making clandestine agreements.

Annual cement sales in the European Union, according to the European Cement Association (Cembureau), rose by 22 per cent during the five years between 1986 and 1990 only to fall by a tenth over the next three years.

Attempts to sell cement across borders to offset big falls in domestic demand nonetheless have remained few. Imports as a proportion of total EU consumption have risen

only from 5.5 per cent to 12.7 per cent between 1987 and 1993, according to Cembureau.

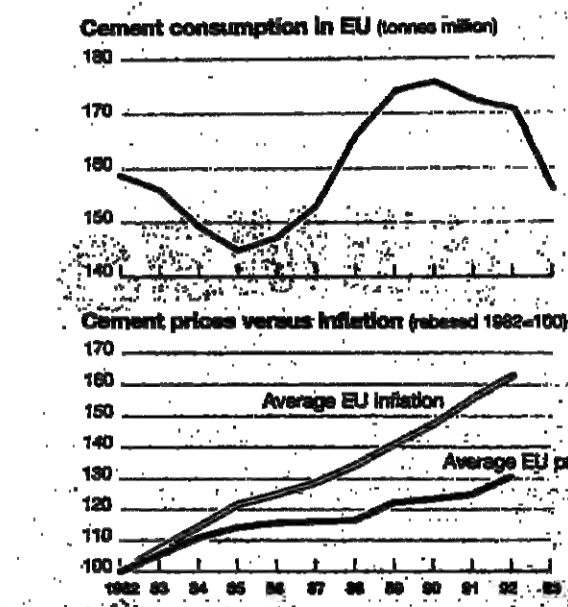
"Companies may be reluctant to sell substantial surplus volumes in neighbouring countries as it could provoke retaliation and lead to a devastating regional price war," says Mr Lawrence Amboldt, construction analyst with MP London Wall Equities.

For this reason few observers expect to see a dramatic change in the way in which large European cement producers operate in spite of the Commission's verdict. "There may be some narrowing of price differentials between markets but I do not expect to see a great upsurge in cross border trade," says Mr Amboldt.

According to London Wall, seven large suppliers account for about half total European sales, excluding Turkey, the Commonwealth of Independent States (CIS), Albania and former Yugoslavia.

The largest European supplier is Italcementi of Italy, although Holderbank of Switzerland is bigger worldwide. Italcementi, which has a European market share of more than 11 per cent, also has a controlling interest in Cimcrist France, the second-largest French producer.

Other members of the big seven are Heidelberg of Ger-



many, which has a controlling interest in CBR, the largest Belgian producer, and has about 10 per cent of the European market; Holderbank with almost 9 per cent; Lafarge Coppee the largest French producer, almost 8 per cent; Blue Circle of Britain, 4 per cent; Dycerhoff of Germany, 4 per cent; and Euro/Aker a Scandinavian joint venture with 3.5 per cent.

Many of these companies control subsidiaries based in other EU markets but in most cases these make very modest cross-border sales.

Concentration of power is even greater in individual markets. Three companies, Blue Circle, Rugby and Castle, supply over 90 per cent of cement sold in Britain while four com-

panies, Lafarge, Cimcrist France, Vicat and Holderbank supply over 50 per cent of the French market.

The biggest threat to the large European producers comes from eastern European countries, such as Poland, which under communist rule established large cement manufacturing capacity now searching for foreign currency alternative markets to sell surplus production.

Manufacturers in response have sought to gain control of eastern European producers as these have been privatised. "Between them Holderbank, Heidelberg/CBR, Lafarge and Italcementi/Cimcrist France effectively have bought up the cement industry in the Czech Republic," says Mr Amboldt.

The men who invest in Soviet dinosaurs

Matthew Kaminski meets the buccaneers of Ukraine's richly endowed Donbass region

John Hughes, a Welsh blacksmith, opened the first big steel plant in Donetsk, then called Yuzovka, in 1872. More than a century later, amid rusting Soviet industrial giants, the entrepreneurial spirit is alive again in the heart of Ukraine's Donbass region.

White Mercedes Benz cars, covered in a thin film of black dust from 50 coal mines, career down grey, muddy streets. Smartly dressed young men stand out among the pensioners.

The explanation for this sharp contrast is that, although it was hard hit by the Soviet Union's collapse, there are many ways to make money in the Donbass.

It is estimated that a quarter of Ukraine's economic potential lies with the Donbass's steel mills, coal pits, farms, sea ports, factories and coal, manganese and iron ore deposits - all that prompted Dmitry Medvedev, the Russian scientist famous for the periodic table, to marvel at its "inexhaustible richness".

"It's a rough diamond, uncut, unpolished," says Mr Fredric Kerulis, a US mining engineer who has worked with western investors in Donetsk for two years. He notes that both small traders and large companies, such as General Electric, are keenly interested.



Yet the local business elite is the driving force behind economic and political change in eastern Ukraine.

The summer elections brought into the governor's seat Donetsk's retail shop magnate, Mr Volodymyr Sherban, a 41-year-old with no Communist party background whose electoral success was matched by other young progressives gaining the mayor's office in Mariupol, the Donbass's leading port, and in neighbouring Lugansk.

Mr Sherban's goal is to bring in private capital, rebuild industry and commerce, and develop metal, raw material and coal exchanges. Last week he hosted Israeli jewelry producers who, with engine ties to the area, want to set up a joint

venture in the region. "I'm temporarily governor," Mr Sherban says, "but forever in business."

"We support whatever works," says Mr Oleg Rybak, the mayor, citing special land auctions for filling stations, hotels and shops contracts open to foreign companies.

The plans are in infancy. The World Bank and the UK consultancy Bain & Company also worry that privatisation is stalled, although progress is visible on small-scale enterprises. The climate, at least, has changed. African and European traders invariably follow steel, but direct investment by former Soviet, Middle East, east European and west European partners is picking up after a drop off during last winter's economic chaos in Ukraine.

The popular Mr Rybak, an unassuming former apparition who does not belong to any party, keeps an open door. At his sparse office last week guests included the city's favourite son, Mr Sergei Bubka, the pole vaulter and now local entrepreneur.

"I divide my time between Monte Carlo, Berlin and Donetsk," says Mr Bubka, who has opened a sports club, several shops and a slot machine business in his home town. Once dutifully criticising capitalism in US television inter-

views, Mr Bubka says: "We survive in a different way now: everyone buys and sells everything."

Mr Aleksander Mahmudov typifies this diversity. A stocky middle-aged engineer, he was mayor before starting, with two partners and little capital, a financial concern in 1991.

Dikon Invest, now publicly owned with 48 offices in Ukraine, Russia and Bulgaria, works in securities, banking, insurance and pension funds. With a sixth share issue coming up, Dikon in 1993 paid dividends of up to 30,000 per cent, albeit skewed by hyperinflation.

But rarely for Ukraine, where financial groups mostly shuffle hard currency for short-term gain, the bulk of Dikon's business is with the large enterprises prominent in the Donbass that are considered white elephants by most experts.

"Our motto is: take advantage of the negatives," Mr Mahmudov proclaims, between answering his portable or satellite phones in an office cluttered with western gadgets. The Dikon portfolio includes stakes in 20 companies with more than 35,000 employees - such as Nord, Ukraine's famed refrigerator concern that this week opened a plant in Jordan, and Azovmash, a machine-

building giant in Mariupol. Despite stuttering nationwide privatisation, Dikon also drew up plans to first corporatise, and soon after privatise, the Soviet dinosaurs.

"When we see large enterprises need financial help," Mr Mahmudov said, "we invest in them to keep them afloat."

The optimists hope Donbass mirrors the post-war fate of Germany's Ruhr region or Pittsburgh in the 1980s: an industrial swathe restructured, then revitalised. "In the west it took 15 years," Mr Mahmudov said. "There are energetic people here, but in Donetsk, it'll take longer."

Outside capital is desperately needed to rebuild inefficient and subsidised industries and mines.

Gas de France last week explored coal mines to consider a venture to trap and sell methane gas, a resource currently wasted. But such visits are rare.

Even compared with Russia, Mr Kerulis said, Ukraine's Donbass looks risky. Companies fear the government's "moving target" tax policies and the mob. Just across the border from Rostov, an organised crime centre, Donetsk sees more than a share of grenade attacks, car burning, and murder.

Politics is a hurdle, too. Donetsk is a communist

stronghold with a large constituency in miners and pensioners, underpaid and unhappy.

Miners' strikes scuttled government plans to cut subsidies. Last week a walkout was called off when Kiev raised wages. But a showdown is imminent: Ukraine's efforts to shape up mining are central to new-found respect for fiscal austerity but the government may be ill prepared to face the social unrest and economic consequences of mass strikes.

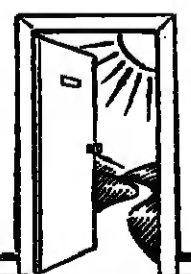
The other, but exaggerated, threat to stability lies with deep nostalgia for the Soviet Union, among the region's almost exclusively Russian speakers. Nationalists also worry about the local elite's strong CIS-Moscow orientation.

The Donbass is now very strong in Kiev. President Leonid Kuchma is an eastern industrialist. His strong ally Mr Sherban, also an MP, chairs the parliament's budget committee with wide power over purse strings and investment contracts.

The east no longer seems Ukraine's weak spot. Quite the opposite, the Donbass is at the vanguard of change. Spread prices this month were freed first in Donetsk. - and the region's efforts at improving ties with Russia, Mr Rybak says, are not an attempt at separatism but greater autonomy spreading across the country.

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EUROPEAN NEWS DIGEST

Iberia's pilots reject pay cut

Plans to salvage Iberia, Spain's loss-making national airline, were thrown into disarray yesterday when the company's pilots refused to accept pay cuts demanded by the management. Iberia's chairman Mr Javier Salas said the decision by Sepa - the union representing the carrier's 1,100 pilots - after all-night negotiations, was "profoundly depressing" and threatened to jeopardise the company's future.

After a 24-hour wildcat strike on Monday that closed domestic airports, unions representing cabin crews and ground staff agreed to salary reductions averaging 8 per cent in place of the 15 per cent originally sought. The pilots, who held separate talks with the management, balked when they were asked to carry the main burden of the cost-cutting measures with salary reductions of up to 20 per cent. Mr Salas, who plans to meet ground staff unions again today, said the breakdown of negotiations with the pilots meant that the company could be forced to sell off units and subsidiaries in order to avert bankruptcy. *Tom Burns, Madrid*

Greece leads EU food stakes

Greeks spend more on food, drink and tobacco than anyone else in the European Union, according to Eurostat, the EU's statistical office. The French, reputedly connoisseurs of food and drink, actually spend less on these pleasures than the British. And the Irish spend more than other Europeans on having fun.

Eurostat says spending on food, beverages and tobacco fell to 19.1 per cent of total EU household consumption in 1992 from 20.5 per cent during the late 1980s. The Greeks spent 36.7 per cent, followed by the Irish on 34.8 per cent, the Portuguese on 33.6 per cent and the British on 21.6 per cent. The French spent 18.6 per cent - lower than the EU average. The Dutch spent less than anyone else in the Union: 14.9 per cent. As far as recreation, entertainment, education and culture are concerned, the Irish expended 12.1 per cent of household consumption. The British, Danes and Dutch all spent about 10 per cent. Luxembourg spent least at 4.1 per cent. Household consumption as a proportion of gross domestic product has fallen markedly in Germany. In 1992 it stood at 58.8 per cent, compared with pre-unification levels of over 60 per cent. *Michael Shapiro, Leisure Industries Correspondent*

Polish state sell-off advances

Poland's long delayed mass privatisation programme took a significant step forward yesterday when Mr Waldemar Pawlak, the prime minister and Peasant party leader, approved the board members for 15 investment funds. The funds are to be handed equity in 444 state companies due to be privatised under the plan. Shares in the funds, which are to be run by mixed foreign and local managers, are to be distributed to the population at nominal fee. The European Bank for Reconstruction and Development recently allocated \$64m worth of loans to the programme to cover the funds' initial costs.

Mr Pawlak has misgivings about the scheme which he thinks gives too great a role to foreign managers, and long delays in approving successive steps in the programme have served to demoralise his doubts. These are not shared by the former communist SLD party, the other member of the governing coalition. The latest decision means the funds can now be formally registered and that talks with 19 shortlisted fund managers can start in January. *Christopher Bobinski, Warsaw*

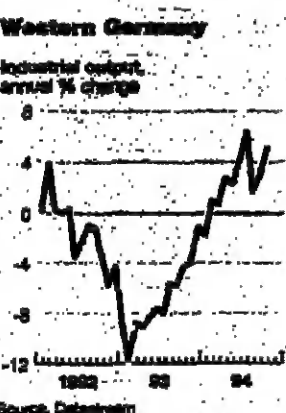
Russia urged to free detainees

A UN investigator yesterday urged Russia to release 71,000 people awaiting trial in what he called inhuman and overcrowded conditions. Mr Nigel Rodley, UN special rapporteur on torture, said many of the detainees were young, first-time, non-violent offenders swept up in a "law and order" campaign to clear the streets. Mr Rodley, who has visited "internal" detention centres in Moscow and St Petersburg, said that while the 160 remand centres in Russia had an official capacity of 187,000, about 226,000 were crammed into squalid, inhuman cells.

"The special rapporteur appeals to the government of the Russian Federation to remove from confinement in centres of detention on remand all 71,000 detained in excess of the officially proclaimed capacity of existing institutions," he said in his report to the UN Commission on Human Rights. Some detainees were petty criminals as young as 14, Mr Rodley said. *Reuters, Geneva*

ECONOMIC WATCH

Industrial output tops forecasts



West German industrial output rose 1.6 per cent in October according to preliminary, seasonally adjusted data. The renewed advance took year-on-year growth to 5.1 per cent, above many economists' forecasts. According to latest predictions from the authoritative Ifo Institute, industrial production in the region will grow by 5 per cent next year. A new study predicts lively recovery after 4 per cent output growth this year. Machinery-makers should see output rise 9 per cent after 3 per cent this year as domestic demand picks up to complement export sales which have led the recovery.

Passenger car output is forecast to rise 7 per cent after 8 per cent this year. Production of commercial vehicles, up 6 per cent this year, is expected to expand 12 per cent in 1995. *Christopher Parkes, Frankfurt*

Denmark's seasonally adjusted unemployment rate fell to 11.4 per cent in October from 11.7 per cent in September and from 12.4 per cent in October last year.

Norway's registered unemployment fell to 4.4 per cent in November from 4.5 per cent in October and 4.9 per cent a year ago.

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FT Surveys

'Cracks are appearing in the alliance'

Cracks are appearing in the cohesion of the alliance. The most recent example concerns the last few days' irritation - scarcely possible to play down even to the outside world - over the unilateral US decision to modify its participation in the joint Nato-WsU operation "Sharp Guard".

Relations between UN allies and Nato in the Bosnia and Herzegovina conflict, already complicated and tense, have become definitely problematic as a result of national decisions of the US in its capacity as the leading power in both organisations.

The real strain for [Nato] cohesion must be expected in the event of unilateral US support for the Bosnian military or a lifting of the arms embargo, either through US action to force a decision in the UN Security Council, or through unilateral action.

Such measures would lead to escalation of the conflict and raise the question in a concrete fashion of the protection or withdrawal of the UN peacekeeping troops deployed by alliance countries. This would demand from the alliance an engagement of a completely new form, to which precisely the US up to now has been unable to commit itself.

During the last decade the cohesion of the transatlantic alliance has been imperative and undisputed. It also held its

ground during the political changes of the last years. Today, individual alliance partners or groups have greater freedom to push through their interests, and Nato is instrumentalised for this purpose. As a result we see a blurring of the partners' stance that was previously held and determined jointly. A joint effort from all partners is needed to tackle this task.

Individual problems:
1. It has provided impossible to sweep away, even for outside observers, the irritation in the last week over the unilateral US decision concerning the Nato-WsU Mediterranean operation Sharp Guard. Internally, the US action has left clear traces which have been particularly durable in the case of France, but have also caused mistrust and concern among other partners.

France is accusing the US of de facto non-enforcement of surveillance of the arms embargo, and is demanding a comprehensive evaluation of all embargo infringements at sea, on land and in the air, in the apparent expectation that this will show the unreliability of the US. The speedily held foreign ministers meeting of France, Britain, and Russia - in other words without the contact group partners US and Germany - may be seen as direct reaction to the recent US action.

Moreover, the US government has been apparently consulting in the meantime with Congress over massive support for Bosnian government troops and a unilateral lifting of the arms embargo. It is above all the possible lifting of the arms embargo, which would have far-reaching political and military consequences, that would bring the cohesion of the alliance to its limits.

This dilemma of the alliance would break out into the open, should the US as a result of a lifting of the embargo a worsening of the situation force peacekeepers to be withdrawn and fighting troops to be sent from Nato members for their protection.

ONE OF Germany's most senior diplomats, Baron Herman von Richthofen, ambassador to Nato and a former ambassador in London, sent a sharp message to his government last week warning that the political ties that bind the allies in Nato were breaking. The message was sent after the US decided to stop policing the UN arms embargo on the warring parties in Bosnia, but before criticism of the French and British role in Bosnia by Mr Robert Dole, becoming majority leader of the US Senate. Extracts from the ambassador's message, printed here in greater detail, first appeared yesterday in the Süddeutsche Zeitung newspaper, and reflect particular concern in Europe about perceived new policy priorities in the US.

out paying attention to how this affects internal alliance positions on eastern policies as well as the military and financial consequences. It is not clear to what extent US pressure is being motivated by a let-up in defence efforts of Nato member countries and expectations of a build-up of Nato potential through new members. Equally, it cannot be ascertained whether "hurdles" are being erected by means of criteria for [new members'] acceptance into Nato. Latest US security policy consultations in some central and east European states are likely to have included the question of Nato expansion. This leaves us to conclude that a backdoor method is being used to present the alliance with a fait accompli in the form of pre-determined agreements, non-compliance with which is bound to cause political damage.

If such consultations were to be carried out before each Nato-level agreement, then the partners in the alliance would no longer be free in their decisions. This is another manner in which the cohesion of the alliance is being put under strain - even if it is possible to find a more or less procedural passage in the foreign ministers' communiqué of December 1 that all 16 states can accept. The expansion question is of such fundamental importance that we must avoid a rapid US

success [in this matter] turning into a Pyrrhic victory for the alliance. 3. France, which in the last few years has moved pragmatically toward the US within the alliance, is bound to be disappointed by these unilateral American decisions. The threshold of tolerance level may be in sight and fundamental rethinking cannot be excluded. France mistrusts US policy on Bosnia. Foreign minister Juppé alleges that the US "favours a logic of war". A demand is possible for a change in leadership of the operation "Sharp Guard", through the WEU. Thoughts about restructuring the alliance - a division between traditional tasks and new tasks - are also well known. 4. Other member states are also contributing to these divisions and to a weakening of alliance cohesion. Canada has left Europe militarily; also, it has only one political goal with one interest, however understandable: the well-being of its peacekeepers. ... The Bosnia conflict has also made the divergence between Greece and Turkey more evident. Turkey demands an entirely new Nato commitment to protect the Moslem population. Greece warns against the use of Turkish peacekeeping troops in the conflict. ... Richthofen

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US Taipei trip may irk China

By Laura Tyson in Taipei

Mr Federico Peña, US secretary of transportation, will visit Taipei early next week to address a bilateral forum and meet top Taiwan officials in a move which risks incurring the wrath of Beijing.

Mr Peña's trip will be the highest-level visit to the island by a US official since a 1982 trip by Ms Carla Hills, who was then the US trade representative. He was invited to attend an annual meeting of the US-Taiwan Economic Council, a private, non-profit organisation of US and Taiwan business interests. Former US president George Bush will also attend.

The nominally private American Institute in Taiwan, which acts as the *de facto* US Embassy, said the visit reflected the growing importance of Washington's commercial relationship with Taiwan, the US's sixth largest trading partner.

There are also expectations that the newly elected Republican Congress in the US will be more sympathetic to Taiwan, which on Saturday will hold the most important elections since democratisation began in the mid-1980s.

Mr Peña is likely to promote bids by US companies for big infrastructure projects under Taiwan's national development plan. These include a nuclear power plant, a high-speed railway, freeways and urban mass transit systems.

His visit closely follows a stern warning from China to President Bill Clinton against treating Taiwan as a separate government. Mr Jiang Zemin, China's president, delivered the warning during the Asia Pacific Economic Co-operation forum earlier this month in Bogor, Indonesia.

The US severed diplomatic ties with Taipei in 1979 in favour of Beijing, which regards Taiwan as a renegade province and tries to suppress the Kuomintang-led government's efforts to scramble on to the world stage. Just 29 mostly small states maintain formal diplomatic ties with Taipei and visits by cabinet officials from industrialised countries are rare.

High-level bilateral exchanges were formally banned in deference to Beijing until the Clinton administration subtly upgraded relations in September, the first changes in US policy toward the island in 15 years.

Vietnam boat people back under spotlight

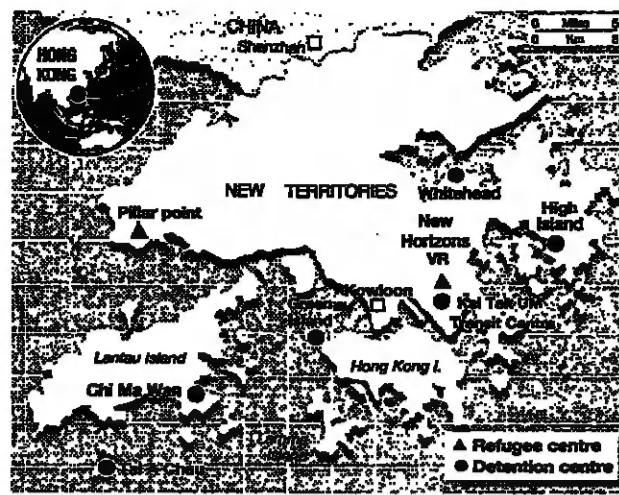
Repatriation issue could raise tensions between UK and China, Simon Holberton reports

Concern is growing in Hong Kong and London that time is running short for Britain to fulfil its commitment to repatriate Vietnamese boat people from the colony by the end of next year. The pace of voluntary repatriation has slowed to a trickle and the so-called "orderly repatriation" (forced repatriation by another name) has only recently been restarted after suspension from March until September. This year the government will be lucky if 8,000 Vietnamese return to Vietnam, half as many as returned in each of 1993 and 1992.

As the rate of repatriation is stepped up, the issue again risks becoming the focus of international controversy, possibly of fresh tensions between the UK and China.

This week, Ta Kung Pao, a Beijing-controlled daily, warned Britain it should stand by its undertaking to see all Vietnamese in Hong Kong returned to Vietnam by the end of 1995. "If not, the British government should be responsible for this," the paper said. In a sentence few Vietnamese would recognise, Ta Kung Pao added: "Hong Kong has become a paradise for the Vietnamese people."

The Vietnamese have few friends in Hong Kong, outside



a band of civil rights activists. Caught between the apparent indifference of Britain and the hostility of China, they face an uncertain future.

Yet they command the attention of both London and Beijing. Violence, or the threat of violent protest, is never far from the surface in the camps.

A worry of the Hong Kong authorities is that a putative "hard core" of Vietnamese may do something dramatic, such as group suicide, to protest against the hopelessness of their situation. In the spring of this year, the

plight of the refugees grabbed international attention when 1,500 inmates at the Whitehead prison camp rioted in opposition to the government's policy of forced repatriation. The riot was put down with force, resulting in 270 casualties; one young mother of two may be crippled for life.

More recently, Hong Kong's passions have been inflamed by the release of 126 Vietnamese after the government found they could no longer be lawfully detained. Hong Kong is unsympathetic to the plight of the Vietnam-

ese, even though it has been a refugee colony for most of its 150-year history.

In response to the release of the 126, the local press has been full of articles warning of potential law-and-order problems if Vietnamese are let into society; some civic leaders have pointed to the depressive effect on wage levels an influx of cheap labour might have.

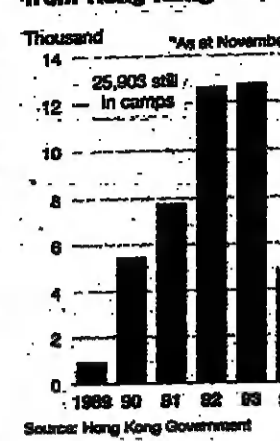
Since June 1988, the basis for detaining almost all Vietnamese in Hong Kong is that they are illegal immigrants awaiting return to Vietnam.

In the case of 125 who volunteered to return, Hanoi rejected the Hong Kong government's contention that they were Vietnamese nationals. Unable to return them to Vietnam, the government had little option but to release them into an open camp.

There are nearly 25,000 Vietnamese people housed in eight "refugee" and "detention" centres in Hong Kong. The government classifies only 1,699 of these as refugees; people with a well founded fear of persecution and therefore deserving of settlement in third countries. These lucky few are preparing for a life in the West.

The rest, numbering some 23,700 and having endured a questionable screening process, are classified as illegal

Vietnamese returnees from Hong Kong



immigrants and detained in closed prison camps pending their return to Vietnam.

The problem for Hong Kong, Britain and China is that there may not be enough time left for these people to be humanely persuaded that their future prospects are brighter in Vietnam than they are in post-1997 Hong Kong.

Mr Brian Bresnahan, Hong Kong's refugee co-ordinator, says the outlook may not be as gloomy as it appears. The reintroduction of "orderly" repatriation should have the effect of stimulating large numbers of

other Vietnamese to return voluntarily, he adds.

The scheme had a powerful effect on voluntary repatriation in the past; he sees no reason why it will not in the future. "In 1991, orderly repatriation was introduced, not to effect the repatriation of migrants back to Vietnam but to show our intention to repatriate in a mandatory way those who did not return voluntarily," he said.

Fighting Mr Bresnahan is Ms Pam Baker, a former government solicitor who resigned in 1992 so she could spend time defending the Vietnamese. This week, Ms Baker, who also heads Refugee Concern, a pressure group, has called on the government to release up to 700 refugees whom she claims will be not allowed back to Vietnam and so are being detained illegally. She has threatened to issue writs of habeas corpus.

The Hong Kong government will vigorously contest any action Ms Baker brings in the colony's courts. Mr Bresnahan denies the government will have to release any more Vietnamese. "We firmly believe no one in our camps is illegally detained," he says.

Meanwhile, the inmates of the camps are restive and the clock is ticking.

Japanese banks go for lotteries

By Gerard Baker in Tokyo

Japan's financial institutions are in the grip of lottery fever. Yesterday two more banks announced the launch of deposits that give savers a chance to win cash prizes. The new accounts seem certain to intensify the competition among banks in an unfamiliar environment, despite the explicit fury of their self-regulatory associations and the implicit disquiet of the Finance Ministry.

Kono Shinkin Bank, a regional credit bank, said it would introduce a lottery account next week. Anyone opening a time deposit of at least ¥100,000 (¥650) will be entered into the annual raffle for prizes up to ¥50,000.

Depositors at Sabae Shinkin Bank will receive a ticket to a local authority lottery with even bigger potential returns.

The moves follow the launch last month of the first lottery account by Johnan Shinkin Bank, the country's largest credit bank.

The National Association of Shinkin (credit) Banks, the self-regulatory body, condemned the account for breaching voluntary rules on the type of cash bonuses its members would offer their customers. The Finance Ministry raised a regulatory eyebrow

and announced an investigation into the new account, but stopped short of outlawing it.

Johnan Shinkin accused the other banks and their association of operating a cartel, and of failing to pass on benefits of last month's interest rate liberalisation to customers.

On Wednesday, Mr Yasushi Mieno, governor of the Bank of Japan, stepped into the row, saying it was important for each bank to work out original ideas on interest rates and give-aways to meet customers' needs in a deregulated financial environment.

But the regulators have also acknowledged the unease felt by some in financial circles about the propriety of banks offering straight gambling products as part of their normal banking business.

However, the concern now for the authorities is that the accounts have proved extremely popular. It is probably the desire not to incur the wrath of a disgruntled public that has stayed the hand of the Finance Ministry so far. That decision not to rule against the account now seems to have been taken as a signal by other banks that they have the go-ahead to follow Johnan's course, and yesterday's imitations by Kono and Sabae are expected to be followed by many more.

Kuriles row blocks large-scale aid

Russian returns with few gifts

By William Dawkins in Tokyo

Mr Oleg Soskovets, the Russian first deputy prime minister, set off back to Moscow from a five-day visit to Japan yesterday bearing gifts.

The Japanese government considers it discourteous to let official visitors depart without a hand-out, even if they rarely obtain everything they want. At the same time, Mr Soskovets' ears will be ringing with his host's politely couched refusal to be more generous.

Mr Soskovets, the most senior Russian to stage an official visit to Tokyo for just over a year, returns with a mixed bag of useful trade and economic accords, marking slight progress in the two sides' efforts to set their strained relations on a more normal footing.

Yet the Japanese government continued to hold back large-scale bilateral aid, pending resolution of the big outstanding dispute between them: ownership of four islands in the Russian-controlled Kurile group just off northern Japan, seized by Russian troops at the end of the second world war.

Foreign Minister Yohei Kono turned down out of hand the Russian request for aid for the Kuriles. It would have been politically unwise for him to do otherwise, given the passions the islands arouse both in government and opposition.

Russia was equally firm on a Kuriles-related row over the right of Japanese vessels to fish the surrounding waters. Over the past year, 18 Japa-

nese boats have been seized there by Russian patrols, in clashes in which four fishermen have been wounded. Mr Soskovets said he would do his best to avoid a repeat of such events, but warned Japanese fishermen to be careful.

At the previous official Russian visit, by president Boris Yeltsin in October last year, Tokyo was prepared to relax, but not lift, aid restrictions in exchange for talks about the islands. Mr Soskovets said he was ready to talk about the Kuriles, as was Mr Yeltsin, but offered nothing new.

The Japanese package he obtained in return reflects this - a small advance but nothing spectacular. It includes restructuring \$20m (£18m) of debt to Japanese trading companies and state-controlled Export Import Bank; a small part of Japan's \$5bn private and state credit to Russia.

The delegations agreed to keep talking about another \$1.1bn owed by Russia to Japanese exporters. They will also restart blocked negotiations on a Russian request for official Japanese export credit guarantees for Japanese suppliers of equipment to Lukoil, Russia's largest oil group. Lukoil already has a Japanese-aid package to buy equipment for a field in west Siberia, but the Japanese suppliers want to be sure of being paid.

On top of this comes a series of political accords, for Japan to support Russian membership of the World Trade Organisation, and for establishment of a joint committee to talk about bilateral problems.

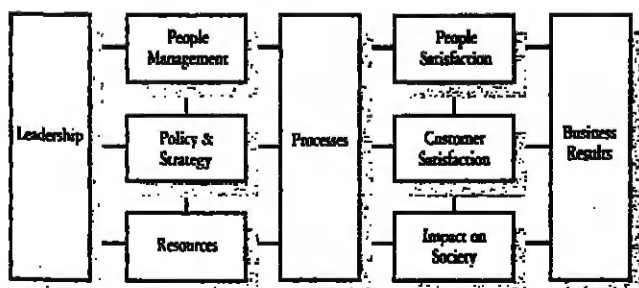
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West Bank takes on tax powers

China's net inflow of capital amounted to \$230m in the first 10 months of 1994, with foreign investment comprising \$22.7m, Mr Xie said.

Chinese leaders repeatedly cite foreign investment figures as proof of the success of their socialist market reforms, and boast of their aim to overtake the US as the world's top magnet for inward investment. This says it is the second only to the US as a target for such investment. Much of the foreign money flowed into real estate and capital construction, whose 40.4 per cent annual growth in the first 10 months was a main cause of inflation, Mr Xie said. *Reuters, Beijing*

ward", and it was time for politicians "to start moving from intentions to concrete action". One, MRAP, called for France to stop expelling HIV-positive people to third world countries, saying such expulsions amounted "to a death sentence".

Demonstrations by Aids campaigning organisations were held near by. The Eiffel Tower was lit up with red lights, representing the red ribbon symbol of World Aids Day.

A high-contrast, black and white photograph of a landscape. The foreground is dark and silhouetted, showing a low, rounded hill or mound. In the background, a large, dark, conical mountain (likely Mount Fuji) rises sharply against a bright, overexposed sky. The image has a grainy, high-contrast quality, possibly from a photocopy or a high-contrast filter.

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NEWS: THE AMERICAS

Foreign-trained economists extend their grip on the levers of power in Mexico

Zedillo promises fresh drive for peace

By Ted Barnacke and Damian Fraser in Mexico City

Mr Ernesto Zedillo, the new president of Mexico, yesterday promised to open new negotiations with armed rebels in the troubled southern state of Chiapas and pledged the armed forces would maintain their unilateral ceasefire in the conflict.

"There will be no violence from the government and I trust there will be none from those who have dissented," said Mr Zedillo in his inauguration speech after he received the traditional red, white and green presidential sash and a big bear hug from outgoing president Carlos Salinas.

Mr Zedillo also announced he would introduce constitutional amendments "as the first step to deeply reforming Mexico's 'very deficient' judicial system."

The president dedicated much of his 45-minute speech to attacking corruption and impunity from prosecution. He promised to lead a government whose guiding principle would be "the rule of law".

One of the government's first judicial commitments would be to "fully clarify" the assassinations this year of the ruling party's first presidential candidate Mr Luis Donaldo Colosio and party secretary general Mr Francisco Ruiz Massieu, Mr Zedillo said.

While economic growth and income redistribution would be a priority, Mr Zedillo stressed he would maintain "strict discipline on prices", arguing that growth with inflation would "destroy" the successful structural changes undertaken under Mr Salinas.

Nevertheless, Mr Salinas was indirectly criticised, as Mr Zedillo painted a stark picture of the political, economic and social problems he was inheriting. On political reform, Mr Zedillo said he would work to make the 1997 mid-term elections unquestionable by working for a "definitive" political reform, including party financing and spending, media access and autonomy of the electoral authorities.

Mr Zedillo's cabinet, announced on Wednesday, shows foreign-trained economists who rose to prominence



Outgoing President Carlos Salinas (right) welcomes Cuba's President Castro to Mexico City

under Mr Salinas extending their grip.

Overall, 13 of the 19 principal cabinet ministers have postgraduate degrees from foreign universities. Many, including Mr Guillermo Ortiz at communications and transport and

the president's chief of staff, Mr Luis Téllez, have economics PhDs from leading US universities.

So do two prominent non-cabinet members, Mr Carlos Ruiz and Mr Rogelio Gasca, new heads of Petróleos Mexicanos and the Federal Electricity Commission, respectively. The proliferation of technocrats, committed to free-market economic reforms, has led to criticism that the cabinet lacks political experience, and is too narrow in its background.

Some observers predicted that old-guard politicians left out of the government by Mr Zedillo, who himself has an economics PhD from Yale University, might cause trouble down the road.

The decision to break with tradition and select Mr Antonio Lozano, a member of the opposition, as attorney general, and to appoint two ministers (environment and health) with no party affiliation, was well received yesterday.

However, the incorporation of Mr Ignacio Pichardo, the former president of the ruling party, who is alleged to have blocked the investigation into the assassination of Mr Ruiz Massieu, was sharply criticised by the opposition.

Another official allegedly involved in blocking the investigation, Ms María de los Angeles Moreno, was expected to be named president of the PRI tomorrow. Both officials vigorously deny the charges.

Mr Ortiz, the former deputy finance minister, is likely to loosen further rules limiting private investment in public infrastructure in his new post. Editorial comment, Page 15

AMERICAN NEWS DIGEST

Manufacturing activity on rise

US manufacturing activity continued to expand rapidly in November with production hitting its highest level for 11 years, the National Association of Purchasing Managers reported yesterday. The NAPM index rose to 61.2 per cent from 59.7 per cent in October, while the association's production index climbed to 65.7 per cent from 64.2 per cent in October.

Mr Ralph Kauffman, manager of procurement at Oryx Energy and chairman of the association's business survey committee, said the advance was spread across all but three of the 20 industrial sectors. The strongest growth was in printing and publishing, paper, furniture, leather, petroleum, plastics and rubber and transportation equipment industries.

The NAPM index of prices paid to suppliers fell in November, but this was a result of seasonal adjustment factors. Mr Kauffman said all 20 sectors were still reporting higher prices. George Graham, Washington

Brazil finance minister chosen

Mr Fernando Henrique Cardoso, Brazil's president-elect, has chosen central bank governor Mr Pedro Malan to become finance minister when he takes office on January 1. The choice of Mr Malan suggests the economic team which oversaw this year's launch of Brazil's new currency, the Real, will remain largely intact, although in different posts, following the change of government.

Before taking over the central bank, Mr Malan was Brazil's foreign debt negotiator and oversaw much of the detailed discussion for this year's \$49bn foreign debt restructuring. Mr Malan is a strong advocate of the Real and is known to favour a more independent role for the central bank.

Mr Cardoso is thought to want Mr Persio Arida, one of the main economists who planned the Real, to take over at the central bank. Angus Foster, São Paulo

Tough Canadian gun controls

Canada's Liberal government plans to require all gun owners to register their weapons as part of proposed gun-control legislation which it claims would be among the strictest in the world. The proposals have provoked an outcry from hunters and the well-organised gun lobby. They also include an outright ban on most types of military-style rifles and short-barrelled hand guns. Sentences for crimes involving guns would be significantly stiffened. The authorities would also gain extra powers to curb weapons smuggled into Canada from the US.

Public opinion is strongly in favour of tighter controls, following several well-publicised murders which have dented Canada's reputation as a non-violent society. Mr Allan Rock, justice minister, said Canada should not become a US-style society where many people own guns for self-defence. Bernard Simon, Toronto

Jobless up in Latin America

Job growth in Latin America and the Caribbean cannot absorb the rapidly expanding labour supply in the region and unemployment is expected to rise slightly this year, the International Labour Organisation says. An ILO study on the impact of economic adjustment programmes from 1980 to 1986 in the region says unemployment is expected to reach 6.5 per cent this year, compared with 6 per cent in the period studied. Growth in the labour supply is estimated at 3.5 per cent this year because of a rise in the urban workforce, while jobs are projected to grow by 2.7 per cent. Reuter, Lima

US Court ponders congressional term limits

Jurek Martin on the constitutional implications of the move to end cosy Washington incumbencies

It is rarely easy to read the mind and balance of the US Supreme Court. For 90 minutes in a packed court room on Tuesday morning the nine justices were even more inscrutable as they engaged in oral arguments over what is probably the most important constitutional case they have agreed to take on in their current session, and one of the hottest political issues in the country.

At stake is whether individual states may limit the number of terms their members of Congress may serve in Washington. The case before the bench follows an Arkansas referendum in 1992 which voted 60-40 per cent in favour of ceilings of three two-year terms for members of the House and two six-year periods for senators.

Term limits are at the top of the conservative populist agenda. Starting with Colorado in 1990, variations on them have been approved by 22 states, but no federal law exists

and no member of Congress has yet reached the allotted span. The Republican mid-term election manifesto - the "Contract with America" - commits the party to propose a constitutional amendment making term mandatory. The Clinton administration opposes them.

In agreeing to hear the Arkansas case, the Supreme Court, in effect, took pre-emptive action. Its final ruling, probably next June, may be based more on written briefs than oral arguments but, on Tuesday, four lawyers, two from each side, appeared in front of the bench to make their cases and be questioned by the justices: in practice they rarely completed more than three consecutive sentences before finding themselves on the receiving end.

The questioning revealed very little of how the Court might eventually divide. Every justice except Clarence Thomas spoke. The newest member,

Stephen Breyer, held his fire until towards the end before letting loose a volley of well-considered questions. If Antonin Scalia, quick as a cat with his wit, and John Paul Stevens were the most voluble in their interjections, the other five, including Chief Justice William Rehnquist, were hardly less reticent.

A principal duty of the US solicitor general - now the urbane Drew Days - is to argue cases before the Court and some private lawyers, such as Mr Joel Klein, currently deputy White House legal counsel, have made careers in this most daunting of legal environments. This has not been the experience of J Winston Bryant, the Arkansas attorney general, appearing for term limits. He seemed a little over-awed by the occasion and the sharp interrogation to which he was subject.

Much of this centred not on the perceived modern evils of entrenched incumbent politicians. Instead it focused on what the Founding Fathers - principally Thomas Jefferson, James Madison, John Adams and Alexander Hamilton - meant at the constitutional convention of 1787 and subsequently when they established simple criteria of citizenship, age and residency for elected officials.

The question most exercising the justices was whether this precluded states from setting other qualifications. Justice Ruth Bader Ginsburg half-suggested that state prerogatives may be limited, in the words of the constitution, to providing the "time, place and manner" necessary for fair elections.

But Justice Breyer, noting one Californian legal precedent, said that if party membership or a minimum period as a registered independent could be considered a legitimate qualification for a congressional candidate, then it logically could follow

that term limits were also acceptable.

The term limit lawyers insisted Jefferson envisaged a "voluntary rotation" of members of congress. But the other side invoked Madison and Hamilton as implicitly rejecting term limits because it infringed, in Madison's words, "the indisputable right of the people to return whom they thought proper".

The irony of this most important case is that the fault which term limits are designed to redress - the cosy existence in Washington of incumbent politicians - has been in good measure remedied by the last two elections. When the next Congress convenes in January, only about half its membership will have served six years.

No wonder those that remain, including many Republicans in the Senate, doubt it is necessary to go further. The Court could settle the matter either way.

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Tokyo move on Uruguay Round

Commission adopted a step-by-step approach covering the EU, the European Free Trade Association and the six eastern European countries.

- The first stage would streamline and simplify rules of origin in existing agreements with Poland, Hungary, the Czech Republic and Slovakia; extend these rules to Bulgaria and Romania; and consider the possibility of consultation to Switzerland.
- Shortly thereafter, it would introduce "diagonal" cumulation between the EU/EFTA countries and the six east Europeans. This would create a common European area of origin, but it would not cover Asian and US assembly plants in eastern Europe seeking preferential trade access to the EU.

● The second cumulation. The commission failed to set a date and made this stage conditional on a "thorough evaluation" of the impact on employment in the EU.

Audi, the group's executive car division, is to take a direct stake in FAW-Volkswagen Automotive Company, the joint venture currently owned

In an effort to stay ahead of rivals, it is planning to install a production capacity in China which would rival in volume the scale of operations built by individual Japanese carmakers in North America during the last decade.

It plans to have a capacity to build 650,000 cars a year as well as engines and gearboxes by 2000. The FAW/VW joint venture in Changchun will have a capacity for 350,000 cars and 500,000 engines a year, including 50,000 Audi cars and 100,000 V6 engines.

The group's second joint venture, Shanghai Volkswagen Automotive, in which VW holds a 50 per cent stake and which currently builds the previous generation VW Santana, is planned to have a capacity for 300,000 cars and 390,000 engines a year. VW has added this year to its existing range (the Santana, Jetta and Audi 100) by starting assembly by FAW, at its plant at Chunde, of the Seat Cordoba small car from kits supplied by Seat, the group's Spanish subsidiary. The car is being sold in China as the VW City Golf, and VW plans to assemble around 10,000 in 1995.

In the decade since it began its first low volume assembly in Shanghai, VW will have produced more than 500,000 cars in China by the end of 1994 including 453,000 cars built by the two joint venture companies and 71,000 Audis built under licence by FAW. It is seeking to increase co-operation between the two joint ventures, in particular in engine production, with the exchange of key components between the two plants. Camshafts and crankshafts are to be made by Shanghai Volkswagen, while the Changchun plant will produce connecting rods and crank cases.

VW claims that around 100 components licensing and know-how agreements and 40 joint ventures have been established in China, since it began local production, and that another 30 joint ventures are now under negotiation.

A Japanese parliamentary committee yesterday approved a package of trade and farm bills linked to the Uruguay Round global trade accord. The package, which includes legislation concerning the World Trade Organisation and a new law governing distribution and retailing of rice, is likely to pass the lower house today. Although the ordinary parliamentary session ends on Sunday, the government is seeking an extension of about five days in order for the package to be approved by the upper house.

Politicians representing the farm lobby had threatened to oppose the package unless substantial compensation was made to the agricultural sector. Under the Uruguay Round agreement, Japan will open its rice market, importing 4 to 8 per cent of domestic rice consumption over the next six years. Heavy lobbying by politicians, backed by the rural vote, forced the government to agree to fund a rural support package with a supplementary budget separate to the annual agricultural budget. *Emiko Terazono, Tokyo*

TIR carnets suspended

The growth of smuggling by organised crime has led the International Road Transport Union (IRU), which groups road haulier associations in Europe and elsewhere, to suspend the issue of TIR "carnets" for cross-border consignments of tobacco and alcohol from yesterday. The IRU said insurers were now refusing to cover the cost of tax and duty payments for goods which "disappear" en route. Under the TIR scheme, which covers about 50 countries worldwide, trucks are sealed and the carrier allows them to pass with the minimum of red tape. But this time, because of the risk of loss of duty, the TIR drivers transporting alcohol and tobacco will have to complete formalities at every frontier they cross, leading to considerable delays and extra cost. *Frances Williams, Geneva*

Patent filing agreement

Australia and Taiwan will implement a memorandum of understanding on industry property protection enabling Australian citizens who file in Australia for a patent, trade mark, or industrial design and then make a corresponding filing in Taiwan within a certain period, to have priority over filings in Taiwan made after the Australia filing date. A reciprocal arrangement works in the other direction. In 1993, trade between the two countries was A\$5bn, making Taiwan Australia's seventh largest trading partner. *Nikki Tail, Sydney*

Malaysian prices checked

Malaysia began policing the prices of hundreds of items yesterday to ensure tariff cuts have been passed on to consumers. Officers from the Domestic Trade and Consumer Affairs Ministry fanned out across the country to check the prices of 2,800 imported items on which tariffs were cut or abolished in the 1995 budget, unveiled on October 28. The government had given stores a month to lower prices. *Reuter, Kuala Lumpur*

Hopes for growth hormone

Novo Nordisk, the Danish pharmaceuticals producer, hopes to be able to begin commercial sales of its growth hormone in the US early next year. This statement was made after the US International Trade Commission dismissed complaints by Genentech, the US bio-tech group, that Novo Nordisk's product infringed Genentech patents. The Danish company said it already marketed the growth hormone, known as Norditropin in 50 countries. *Hilary Barnes, Copenhagen*

Europe and Japan win \$1.2bn steel deal from Norway

By Karen Fogell in Oslo

Statoil, the Norwegian state oil company, yesterday announced that it had placed steel orders worth Nkr8bn (\$1.2bn) with producers in Europe and Japan to be used in natural gas pipelines in the North Sea.

The steel will be used in five pipeline projects, one of which is under way. These new pipelines will accommodate the country's rapidly expanding gas exports - deliveries to Europe will rise to 60km cubic metres by the turn of the century from 28km cubic metres in 1994. When the projects are completed Norway's pipeline network will span more than 5,500km.

Ståhl said the deal was one of the world's largest steel orders this decade and the biggest ever from the Norwegian offshore sector. The order comprises 1.5m tonnes of steel pipe to be supplied by producers in England, Italy, France, Germany and Japan between 1986 and 2000. European steel producers have won about 40% of the orders and Japanese producers an estimated 10%.

world could meet the required specifications for the quality, 40-inch diameter pipe.

The first consignment is for the Zeepipe II-B pipeline project comprising 210,000 tonnes of steel pipe worth Nkr1hm for which the contracts have been placed with Mitsui/Sumitomo in Japan and Mannesmann Handel of Germany. The pipes will be produced by Nippon Steel, Sumitomo Metal and the Europipe group, made up of Usinor Sadril of France and Mannesmann.

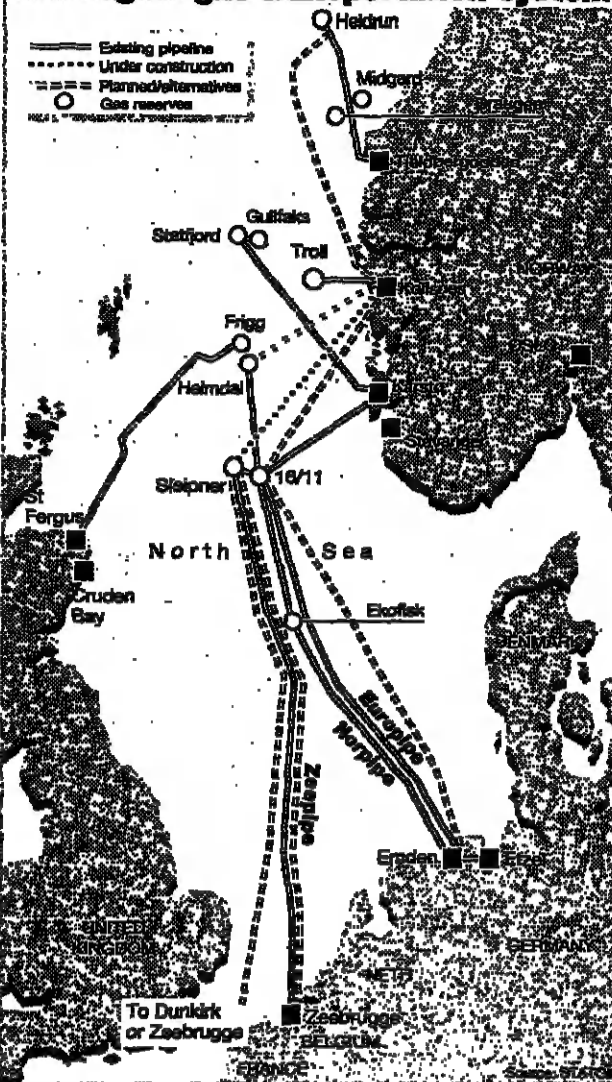
Several other gas transport projects are planned, including a new line to Germany, another to Belgium or France and a possible link between the Halten Bank off the coast of Norway and the North Sea.

● Saga Petroleum said it has withdrawn from a multi-billion dollar project to build a new oil pipeline and terminal in the Russian Arctic, but Norsk Hydro said it had no plans to pull out.

Saga has withdrawn from the so-called Northern Gates project until the Russian government offers stable conditions and sufficient legal protection to foreign investors.

Royal/Dutch Shell group also announced its withdrawal from the project.

Norwegian gas transportation system



VW said it would also begin making V6 engines at Changchun in 1996 with the aim of reaching a production capacity of 100,000 a year by 2001.

The production capacity for Audi cars at the joint venture would be raised to 60,000 a year from 1999, when the company plans to introduce the successor to its current Audi A6, which has recently replaced

The Audi 100 has been produced under licence by First Automobile Works since 1988, and is the car widely used by middle-ranking officials in China.

This car will continue to be made by FAW itself, after the modernised version goes into production at the FAW/Volkswagen joint venture plant, and will be sold under the name "Yellow Flag". FAW previously made the "Red Flag" limousine used by top Chinese officials.

Local content for the FAW-produced Audi 100 has already been built up to around 60 per cent. Audi will continue to supply kit parts from Germany for assembly by FAW.

The Volkswagen group, already the leading western carmaker in China, is engaged in an ambitious expansion in what promises to be one of the world's fastest growing car

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Conservatives slam choice of 'privilege from which opposition party intends to bar voters'

Political honeymoon ends for Labour leader

By Kevin Brown,
Political Correspondent

Mr Tony Blair's political honeymoon as leader of Britain's opposition Labour party ended yesterday in a blaze of controversy over his decision to send his son to a grant-maintained school outside municipal control.

Mrs Gillian Shephard, the Conservative education secretary, said Mr Blair's choice of the Roman Catholic London Oratory school for his ten-year-old son Euan marked a U-turn for Labour.

A grant-maintained school is one where parents have voted to stay within the state sector but to take control of the school's budget from the

A "sustained" fall in unemployment was forecast by Mr Michael Portillo, employment secretary, when the House of Commons resumed the Budget debate yesterday, our Parliamentary Correspondent writes. He expected an increase in jobs opportunities as business created prosperity and wealth and foreign investment was attracted by the framework established by government policies.

Mr Portillo clashed with Ms Harriet Harman, the opposition Labour party's

shadow employment secretary, who described him as the "enemy of measures to put people back to work and the enemy of the unemployed". He maintained that Labour's support for a state-imposed minimum wage and other measures imposing additional costs on employers would result in higher unemployment. Labour's support for a minimum wage was a "sell-out" to the unions, he said, and a "despicable deal to boost the wages of those who have jobs by smashing the chances of

those who do not". Mr Portillo defended the cut in spending on the government's training-for-work programme. He said that only around a third of participants had found jobs even after months of training. Predicting better results from a smaller budget, he said: "We will raise the proportion getting jobs to 50 per cent." Ignoring Labour's, Mr Portillo insisted: "We can increase the numbers going into work, but spend less on the programme."

Mrs Shephard said there were two local municipal Roman Catholic schools which Euan could have attended. "Mr Blair's decision will cause huge embarrassment to his Labour colleagues, who will face the impossible task of squaring this decision with the party's words," she said.

Mr Doug McAvoy, National Union of Teachers general secretary, said the Blair's were "exercising a choice provided by Conservative legislation few other parents could contemplate. The Oratory School has not only opted out of local authority control - it is also the only school to have opted out of the statutory arrangements governing teachers' pay."

BBC service severs link with government

By Raymond Snoddy

BBC World Service has won its managerial independence from the British government after more than 50 years. It will therefore be able itself to decide in which languages to broadcast and for how long.

The World Service, which now broadcasts its radio programmes in 41 languages to more than 130m regular listeners, has always guarded its editorial independence.

But since 1933, when the Foreign and Commonwealth Office began funding the service, the UK government has had the right to state the languages broadcast and the relative importance given to particular

ing director, having to set priorities against a background of a grant that is declining in real terms. The change, to be announced soon, has been approved by the government and the BBC's governors.

The annual grant is about £170m (\$279m) a year, and over the current three-year funding period the BBC has estimated it will lose about 8 per cent in real terms.

In return for the new freedom World Service will try to increase its audience size to 140m by 1996-97. On Wednesday the BBC began broadcasting in Azeri and Uzbek, which are spoken in eight former Soviet republics in central Asia.

The BBC is now reviewing priorities, with emphasis on countries where there is an "information need". Executives warn privately, however, that high priority will not necessarily mean more money while low priority may simply mean that those countries can be better addressed by BBC World, the BBC's international television operations.

The Arabic-speaking world, Israel, China, Russia, Ukraine and south Asia are likely to be high priority. Medium priority areas will range from Iran and Afghanistan to most of Africa, the Balkans and south-east Asia.

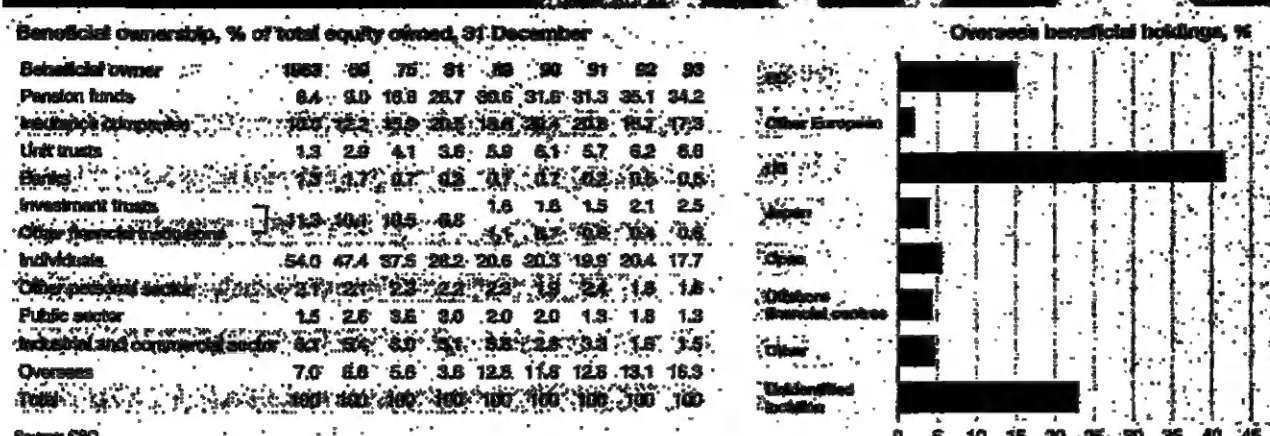
Low priority areas are expected to include the countries of the European Union, the Caribbean, north America, central and south America, Japan and North and South Korea.

BROADCASTING TO THE WORLD

language groups. In the early 1990s there were confrontations when the government wanted the BBC to give up its Italian, Spanish and Maltese services. In the late 1990s the government insisted that the BBC should halt its Japanese and Malay language services.

The government has agreed after more than a year of negotiations to give up its traditional "prescription" rights in return for greater accountability for the service's performance. The new freedom could lead to a big change in management methods, with Mr Sam Younger, the new manag-

Who buys the most shares



US dominates investment growth

By Norma Cohen,
Investments Correspondent

Yesterday's official figures showing a significant rise in non-UK ownership of shares in British companies provide the first glimpse of how dramatic the shift of US money abroad has been for the UK market.

While the market has traditionally looked eastward first for new capital rather than across the Atlantic, it should come as no surprise that US investors are buying foreign stocks. UK fund managers have been opening offices from Atlanta, Georgia, to Chicago, Illinois, for the better part of

the 1990s, hoping to capitalise on the growing trend for portfolio diversification.

The fact that US markets moved sideways and downwards over the past year emphasised the merits of diversification, as have a weak dollar and a slump in US government bond markets.

Retail investors in the US have suddenly woken up to the merits of asset diversification. Data from the Investment Company Institute, the trade association for mutual fund companies, shows that at the end of October holdings of US mutual funds investing in foreign equities soared to

\$105.76bn, up from \$71.0bn at the end of 1993 and \$14.3bn at the end of 1990.

UK government statistics show foreign investors as the single biggest category of UK share buyers in the past year. They owned 16.3 per cent of all equity on the UK stock market by the end of 1993, up from 13.1 per cent at the end of 1992 and 3.6 per cent at the end of 1991.

The statistics confirm anecdotal evidence that it is US investors which form the largest single non-UK presence, accounting for 54.2 per cent of all non-UK money in the UK stock market, with an aggregate value of \$49.2bn. Investors

based in the European Union hold a paltry-by-comparison 19.5 per cent of all non-UK-owned shares in Britain.

Investment by pension funds, by contrast, slipped slightly at the end of 1993 to 34.2 per cent of the market from 35.1 per cent the year before.

Measured by value, investors from outside the UK are an even more significant force in the market. Their holdings jumped 49.6 per cent to £120.1bn at the end of 1993 from £80.7bn the year before. The figures suggest that US investors are buying the highest-value shares.

Washington officials cautious on Ireland

By George Graham
in Washington

US Administration officials insisted yesterday that they were not becoming directly involved in the Irish peace process, and were concentrating only on economic aspects. Their comments came after President Bill Clinton had named retiring Senator George Mitchell to be his special adviser for economic initiatives in the British province of Northern Ireland.

Mr Mitchell, who did not run for reelection in last month's congressional elections, will step down as leader of the Senate Democratic majority when the new Congress is installed in January. His appointment will take effect on January 10.

Although Mr Mitchell's father was the son of Irish immigrants, his more publicised role has generally been his mother's Lebanese origins. A former judge with a keen legal mind, studiously even-tempered manner and unrelenting tenacity, Mr Mitchell has been assiduously wooed for a wide range of far more prominent jobs.

Mr Clinton tried to persuade him to accept a vacant seat on the Supreme Court earlier this year, but Mr Mitchell declined. The European Investment Bank aims to more than treble its lending to Northern Ireland over the next three years, James Whittington writes in London.

Sir Brian Unwin, the bank's president and chairman, said in London yesterday that he hoped current loans of about £200m (\$320m) will rise to at least £250m by 1997 as part of the EU's efforts to bolster the Irish peace plan with economic support.

Customs cuts 'good news for bootleggers'

Mrs Valerie Strachan, chairman of Customs and Excise, has rejected union claims that the shedding of 4,000 jobs over the next five years is driven solely by the government's need to find scope for tax cuts before the next election. Andrew Bolger and Richard Wolfie write. Customs and Excise employs the officers who check travellers and consignments at Britain's ports and airports.

She said the plan - attacked by unions as risking increased drug smuggling and a loss of VAT revenue -

"does not represent for us a fundamental change in direction; it is a further pretty big step down the road we were already travelling."

The Brewers and Licensed Retailers Association said that, if Customs staff were weakened, "it can only be good news for bootleggers and the French chancellors [finance minister]."

The cut in jobs from 25,000 to 21,000 by the year 2000 has been dictated by the cuts in state spending outlined on Tuesday in the government's Budget statement for 1995/96.

The Customs service has seen changes in recent years, not least through the loosening of EU border controls under the single market. Its 25,000 staff include 12,000 doing VAT work, 9,000 in Customs (looking for drugs, firearms and pornography), 2,000 in Excise (responsible for duty collection from brewers and distillers) and inland customs, and 4,000 airport staff.

In the year to March, the service gathered revenue of £66.7bn - 45 per cent of the total government tax yield. Nearly 60 per cent of the department's

revenue comes from VAT and only 3 per cent from Customs duties. Customs officers no longer limit the amount of duty-paid drink and cigarettes individuals can bring into the country from the rest of Europe - so long as they are for private consumption. But 240 plain-clothes officers monitor liquor stores to check that goods imported for private consumption are not sold.

The main unions representing Customs officers said: "The incentive to potential smugglers is all too clear if you consider potential profits."

Armed forces' vehicle fleet to be sold to private sector

By Bernard Grey,
Defence Correspondent

The armed forces' fleet of 95,000 support vehicles is to be operated by the private sector, with the military paying for the vehicles by the hour. Mr Roger Freeman, the defence procurement minister, said yesterday that he was committed to early action to move the fleet of non-combat Land Rovers, trucks, vans and cars into the private sector with a pilot study being conducted in 1995 "as a minimum".

The fleet will probably be sold to a private company and then leased back to the Ministry of Defence with the private

contractor responsible for maintenance and replacement. The ministry had expected to spend about £450m (\$738m) replacing the fleet over the next 10 years, but this will now be done by the private sector with the MoD paying an annual fee to use the vehicles.

However, Mr Freeman was lukewarm about a similar recent proposal from British Aerospace to refurbish and operate the Royal Air Force's ageing Hercules transport aircraft fleet and change the ministry for its use by the hour. "Leasing military aircraft is more difficult and there are many other factors to take into account," he said.

Leasing of non-combat vehicles has been championed by the RAF, which has been accused of dragging its heels over previous "market testing" initiatives involving the private sector. The idea has been opposed by the army, which has a much larger vehicle fleet.

Mr Freeman said that once the pilot was completed "it would be natural for the support fleet to be managed on a 'tri-service' basis."

The government's "Competing for Quality" initiative is designed to get a minimum of £2.3bn, or about 10 per cent, of the ministry's current work done by private companies before the year 2000.

Rail sale triggers rise in safety staff

The Health and Safety Executive has increased the number of railway inspectors to 46 in response to the proposed privatisation of the national rail network, our Transport Correspondent writes.

The addition of eight inspectors comes in a year in which the number of crashes involving passenger trains doubled, although the number of passengers and staff killed on the railways in 1993-94 was the lowest on record, the executive's railway inspectorate said in its annual report.

Mr Stanley Robertson, chief railway inspector, said extra inspectors were required because companies "with little

or no previous experience of operating on the railway - and managers with limited experience of safety issues - may enter the railway industry as the British Rail monopoly is broken."

"Unless considerable care is taken, there can be no confidence that risk will be effectively controlled right from the start and that important matters will not fall between the safety arrangements of the various parties."

British Rail is to be sold as a series of train-operating and livestock-leasing companies separate from Railtrack, the state-owned British Rail offshoot which owns the track.

Europe's busiest airports (1993)

Rank	Airport	Passengers (m)
1	London Heathrow	48.0
2	Frankfurt	32.5
3	Paris CDG	28.1
4	Paris Orly	26.9
5	Amsterdam	21.3
6	Lisa Schiphol	20.4

UK NEWS DIGEST

Power to probe tax evasion will be curbed

New Inland Revenue powers to demand documents from accountants suspected of being involved in tax evasion are to be strictly controlled. The Ely Report - commissioned by the government after an outcry over sweeping seizure powers proposed earlier this year - contains a series of radical restraints on the Revenue.

Mr Philip Ely, the author of the report and a former president of the Law Society, which represents solicitors, said he had decided that the powers recommended by the government in March were "far too wide".

He agreed, however, that the Inland Revenue did face problems when there was no way of getting hold of documentary evidence that an accountant was involved in evasion.

Among the report's recommendations are that:

- Action can be taken only where there are reasonable grounds to believe that an accountant intended to evade tax liability.
- The request for an order for documents by an officer of the Revenue should be made on oath.
- The evidence must point to a named client or clients.
- The right of access extends only to the named individual client of an accountant and not to the partnership's clients as a whole.
- A strict time limit should run from the time the disputed documents were filed to the Revenue.
- An appeal can be made by the accountant, and
- An independent Special Commissioner will oversee the action.

Ernst & Young ran a poll of more than 6,000 small accountancy firms on the earlier proposals to extend Revenue powers and found that 97.3 per cent thought existing powers were sufficient.

Price Waterhouse wins landmark currency case

Price Waterhouse, the UK accountancy firm, yesterday claimed a landmark victory for a client, Uniholdings, in a High Court case against the Inland Revenue. The case concerned a transaction by Uniholdings, a UK company, in which it borrowed foreign currency in order to invest in shares.

Because of currency movements Uniholdings made a loss on borrowings in dollars but a gain on a forward purchase of dollars designed to hedge against foreign exchange exposure. The Revenue, said Price Waterhouse, claimed the gain was liable to tax but no relief was available for the loss.

"The judge rejected the Revenue's claim because as the borrowing and the forward purchase of dollars was a composite transaction there was absolutely no possibility of our client making a gain," said Guy Madewell, a PW tax partner. Price Waterhouse said the decision was the first in which a taxpayer company had claimed the benefit of composite transactions law. The judgment is open to appeal.

Ford to cut Fiesta output

Ford of Britain is to suspend output at its Dagenham plant in east London, which makes Fiesta cars and vans, for seven days this month. The suspension will take nearly 4,000 vehicles out of production. Workers at Ford's Escort plant on Merseyside in north-west England, where output of 20,000 Escorts has already been lost through short-time working since October, are also expected to be laid today that there will be further output cuts in the new year.

Ford blamed the action on lower-than-expected demand. The company is still feeling the adverse effects of the failure of this year's August market to live up to the industry's sales expectations, leaving parts of the industry heavily overstocked. None of Ford's main rivals has announced plans to restrict production.

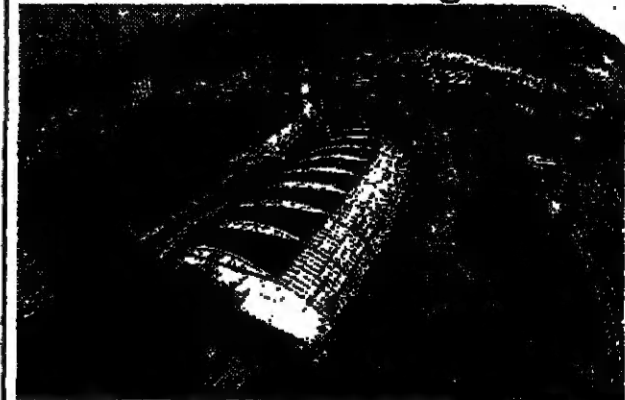
Tripe family blames Eurocrats

EU bureaucrats have forced one of the oldest tripe shops in Britain to go out of business, it was claimed yesterday. J. & M. Goellings, established in 1877, has served generations of families with tripe delicacies - made from offal - from its market stall in Barnsley, South Yorkshire.

But now, the family says, EU hygiene regulations are forcing it to close its processing factory because it cannot afford to invest the capital required to meet the new standards.

The family is selling its stall in Barnsley market to a Midlands firm, but loyal customers will still be served by the Goellings, who will stay on as employees. Mr Jim Goellings, 54, the great-grandson of the firm's founder, said: "My family have been selling tripe for 117 years and never had any complaints. The bureaucrats just can't leave things alone."

Waterloo wins building award



The Waterloo International Terminal in south London (above), from which trains leave for the journey through the Channel tunnel to Paris and Brussels, was yesterday named building of the year by the Royal Institute of British Architects. Mr Francis Duffy, president of the institute, described the 40m-long glass and steel structure, designed by Nicholas Grimshaw & Partners, as a "world-class building" which "nudges the boundaries of technical feasibility." He said it was "not only a symbol of London but is internationally significant in every way."

Wind energy guidelines issued

Britain's wind energy industry has put out a set of best-practice guidelines in an attempt to allay criticism of wind farms. The guidelines, now being circulated to local planning authorities, were prepared with the help of various countryside and environmental groups. The guidelines have appeared shortly before the government is due to announce the next round of subsidies for renewable energy projects, possibly within the next 10 days.

Meanwhile, the government's bill to establish an Environment Agency had its first reading in the House of Commons yesterday. The agency will have major responsibilities for the control of industrial pollution and wastes, and for the regulation and management of the water environment.

Acquittal in Salomon case

A former book-keeper with merchant bank Salomon Brothers was yesterday acquitted at Southwark Crown Court in London of helping steal \$5.6m from the US investment bank.

Mr Alexander Darlow, of Bexley in south-east London, was cleared on a single charge of theft. The prosecution had claimed that the money was stolen from Salomon Brothers in April last year, converted into US dollars and transferred into a Luxembourg bank account. The money was later returned to the bank, the court heard. Mr Darlow denied the charge against him.

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ITALIAN PACKAGING MACHINERY INDUSTRY

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THE REASONS OF A LEADERSHIP

Italian packaging machines are in use in over 150 countries, mostly in European markets, the U.S. and Japan, as well as in the newly industrialised countries of Asia. Also of special importance is the use of Italian machines in countries striving to improve their living standards, from the CIS to the other nations of East and Central Europe, as well as China, Latin America and the more developed industrial regions of Africa. Today one out of four packaging machines on the international market is made in Italy.

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Customisation. On the basis of this tradition, the Italian packaging machinery firms offer a complete range of products on the world market. The systems and the machines they plan are tailor-made to fit specific customer needs, using innovative technology and new materials at every level of the production process. Furthermore, the highest levels of service are guaranteed by a continuous and stable contact between producers and customers.

Non-stop research. The major part of the people working in the Italian packaging machinery sector is employed in research, development and maintenance.

They work on two fronts. On one side they develop an increasing number of complete and automated lines. On the other side they create user-friendly machinery which requires less maintenance and can be integrated into the users already-existing production and inspection systems. According to a survey carried out by the Harvard Business School, Italian packaging machinery is an "happy combination of artistry and technology".

Competition and competitiveness. The Italian packaging machinery sector is mainly composed of small and medium sized companies. So competition is very

strong and represents a continuous stimulation for the improvement and innovation in products and services, customer orientation, flexibility and good quality-price ratio. This is the basis for the competitiveness of the sector on the worldwide market. Such a simple and, at the same time, sophisticated structure quickly became a strong success factor when Italian entrepreneurs began to cross over the frontiers. Export has become so important that Italian packaging machinery industry is going to achieve a position of leadership on worldwide market.

The trend of the Italian industry of packaging machinery (value in million U.S. dollars)

	1992	1993	Δ % 93/92
Turnover	1,621	1,824	+ 12.5
Export	1,123	1,494	+ 33.0
Deliveries on the Internal market	498	330	- 33.6
Import	178	203	+ 14.3
Domestic consumption	676	534	- 21.0
Trade balance	945	1,290	+ 36.5
Import / Domestic consumption	26.3	38.1	
Export / Turnover	69.3	81.9	

Source: UCIMA - The Italian Packaging Machinery Manufacturers' Association - Economic Studies Bureau

ITALIAN PACKAGING MACHINERY: NON STOP GROWTH.

"We can look at the future very optimistically," said Mr. Giancarlo De Martis, president of UCIMA (the association representing Italian packaging machinery manufacturers).

In 1993 over 300 companies producing packaging machinery in Italy registered a growth in export of 33% compared to the previous year, and the impact of sales on turnover increased from 69.3% to 81.9%.

"While other countries such as Germany, France and Switzerland reported a decrease in terms of turnover - said Mr. De Martis - the Italian packaging machinery industry seems to be launched towards a continuous growth. With no doubt the readjustment of Lira has been helpful, but the most important role in such a success has certainly been played by the pursuit of a policy of high technology and customer satisfaction."

An in-depth look. Export in 1993 represented 81.9% of the total production of Italian packaging machinery and in the same year balance of trade registered over 1.3 billion dollars (about 70.7% of the total turnover).

Obviously the EC is the primary market for Italian packaging machinery export with a share of 39.2% and with a growth rate in 1993 of 20.4% compared to 1992.

The German market remains the most important (+13.1%), followed by the U.S., France, U.K. and Spain.

Export also increased in the Eastern European market particularly in Poland and CIS in Latin America (particularly Mexico, Argentina, Chile and Brazil), China and South-East Asia.

A "memorable overtaking" of the competitors was then achieved in Japan where Italian machineries represent 35% of the total of foreign machineries sold there.

A strategic development. The strong position of the Italian packaging machinery industry is now going to be consolidated with an outreach visibility plan that UCIMA (the association representing Italian packaging machinery manufacturers) is implementing.

The core of this plan is the creation of the Italian Packaging Points in Hong Kong and Mexico City (and so, at the gateways to the most strategic markets: the Far East and Latin America). These "IPPs" will support all the initiatives of Italian packaging industry (i.e. the "Italian Packaging and Process Machinery Exhibition" that will be held in Beijing in March 1995), and, most of all, will manage all the communication to the Far East and Central-Southern America.

"The Far East and Latin America," declared Mr. De Martis - thanks to the development they achieved in the last years will be the big "chances" for Italian packaging machinery industry.

The Italian manufacturers of packaging machinery have already achieved good results, much more valuable considering the fact that, in many cases, there was no advantage coming from the devaluation of the Lira.

"So," declared Mr. De Martis, the consolidation of the Italian packaging machinery industry in these "relatively" emerging markets, represents the last frontier to worldwide leadership."

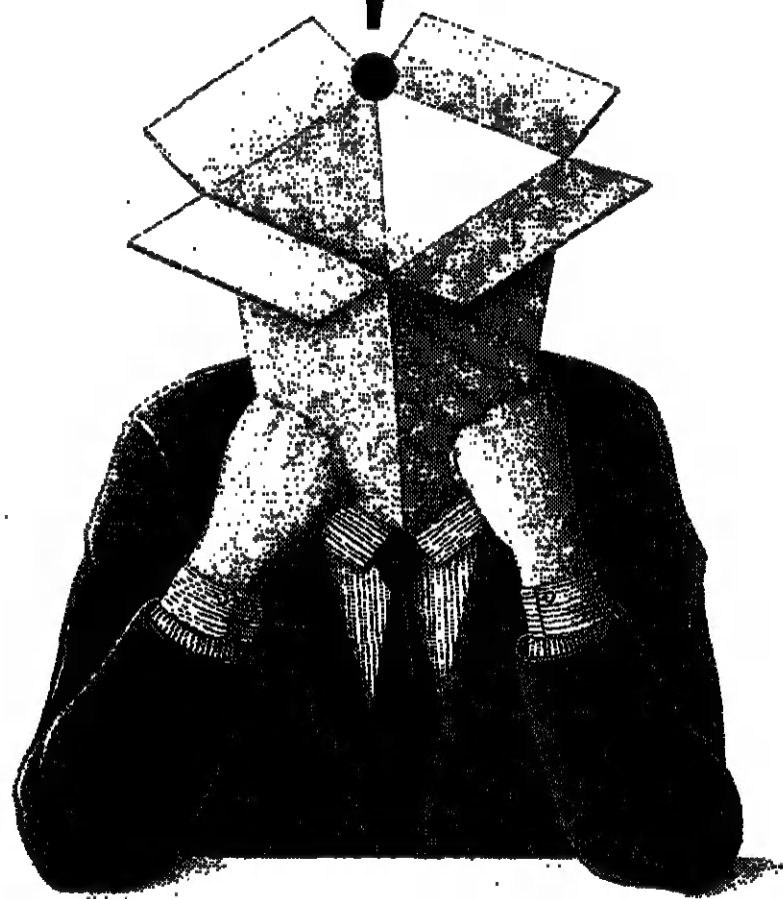
Trade balance with major partners (value in million U.S. dollars)

Italian Export to:	%	Balance '93
Germany	172 10.30%	97
U.S.A.	160 9.59%	139
France	153 9.17%	136
United Kingdom	127 7.61%	116
Spain	72 4.31%	67
Japan	65 3.89%	59
Switzerland	50 3.00%	20
Netherlands	23 1.38%	10
Austria	18 1.08%	10
Sweden	14 0.84%	2
Other countries	815 48.83%	797
Total	1669 100.00%	1449

Source: UCIMA - The Italian Packaging Machinery Manufacturers' Association - Economic Studies Bureau

Visit the Italian Packaging and Process Machinery Exhibition at the China International Exhibition Centre Beijing, 14-18 March 1995

PACKAGING PROBLEMS



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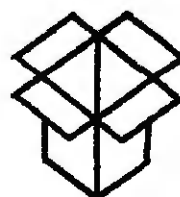
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Ask for free catalogue containing all details of Italian machinery producers to the following addresses:

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Fax (+39/2) 3450647

ITALIAN PACKAGING POINTS
Latin American Office
Mexico City
c/o GCI Alonso y Asociados
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Tel. (+525) 5251640/44 - 5111394
Fax (+525) 2088476 - 5140955

Far East Office
Hong Kong
c/o GCI Hong Kong
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North Point, Hong Kong
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Fax (+852) 5107541



UCIMA - THE ITALIAN PACKAGING MACHINERY MANUFACTURERS' ASSOCIATION

PROPERTY

Manhattan pick-me-up

Is the construction cycle turning, asks Richard Waters

Midtown Manhattan: positive signs



Primary rental rates (%)

Primary vacancy rates (%)

Source: Commercial & Wholesale

Cranes are a rare sight in Manhattan these days. No new office buildings have been started in several years. None has been completed this year, and there were only two completions last year. But in 12 months, the long metal arms may once again begin to claw their way between the towers of midtown.

Is Manhattan ready for new office construction? The first big hole in the ground could come courtesy of Mr Howard Ronson, cousin of UK businessman Mr Gerald Ronson, who is proposing to construct an 800,000 sq ft tower on a site between Madison and Park avenues. After their experience of the 1980s, lenders are said to be holding back on the project finance until enough prospective tenants have signed up. Is the construction cycle turning? After the busting the rental market took in the 1980s, there are signs that the sector is picking up - in midtown, at least. While the downtown office market, with a vacancy rate of more than 20 per cent, still faces some acute problems, the overall vacancy rate in Manhattan's bigger and more active office market has been edging down since last year, and now stands at about 12 per cent. Also, rents are showing signs of picking up from the bottom they touched during 1993 and last year.

These turnarounds hardly look significant. As the accompanying charts indicate, there is plenty of lost ground to make up after the slide in rents since the start of the decade, and much of the new office space that came on the market at the end of the 1980s has yet to be absorbed. But these overall figures do not tell the full story.

First, space. "The headline [vacancy] rate still looks comparatively high," says Mr Murray Keith, managing director of Baring Advisors, the real estate arm of Barings, the investment banking group. "But quality space of over 60,000 sq ft is getting difficult to find."

That is a sentiment echoed by most other real estate professionals in New York this year. Manhattan's archetypal tenant - a bank looking for high-quality space with ample room for large trading floors - is experiencing increasing difficulty in finding the right accommodation.

The headline figures on rents also tell only a small part of the story. More important than

changes in basic rent levels in the past 18 months has been a steep fall in the concessions that landlords have had to offer to attract tenants, says Mr Josh Kurloff, a director of Cushman & Wakefield, a New York real estate company. Rent-free grace periods have fallen from an average of 12-18 months to 6-12 months, he adds. Also, the money landlords need to spend on construction or improvements before a tenant moves in has fallen from about \$50-\$60 a sq ft to \$30-\$40.

It is not difficult to see what lies behind these trends. New York city's economy is still emerging fitfully from recession. The number of jobs available, for example, only began to increase this year. The financial services industry, however, has been enjoying a healthy period. Many of the new tenants of recent months have been banks expanding or shifting part or all of their operations to new premises as their old leases expire (including Bear Stearns, SG Warburg

Tenants can often move to superior quality space in better locations at less rent than under old leases signed during the boom years in the 1980s. What of demand for midtown office space in 1995 and beyond? The investment banking industry, for one, is just entering a period of uncertainty. Few expect an early return to the soaring financial markets of 1993. That has a knock-on effect on demand for accountants, lawyers and other associated services.

At the same time, some financial services businesses - including Swiss Bank Corp and MasterCard - are planning to move most of their business out of Manhattan altogether. SBC is drawn by the prospect of purpose-built trading floors in relatively low-cost Stamford, Connecticut. Such plans stir memories of the 1980s, when New York lost companies such as Exxon, Mobil and J.C. Penney - though some other financial companies which have

talked of leaving in recent years have decided to stay, often after extracting tax concessions from the city.

All of this suggests that demand is unlikely to soar. And in the background is the threat that US companies will continue to shrink their overall need for office space, finding better or more efficient ways of running their operations (aided by advances in information technology).

With these cautions, it seems that demand is set to remain steady for the foreseeable future - while supply, in the shape of Mr Ronson's development and others, will take time to hit the market. That implies a further firming of rents, though nothing significant.

The investment market, meanwhile, has been gathering its own head of steam. With few big properties on the market, prices for those that are being sold have climbed. So far, the German publishing group, bought 1540 Broadway in 1992 for less than \$150 a sq ft, the first big transaction of the decade. Since then, prices have risen past \$200 a sq ft - the price paid for an IBM building earlier this year - to touch \$250 (near the level reached for the Metropolitan Tower and, more recently, a small 80,000 sq ft building on Fifth Avenue owned by the UK's National Westminster bank). The last time prices hit \$250 a sq ft was in 1989, says Mr Woody Heller, director of investment sales at surveyor Jones Lang Wootton USA.

The Chase Manhattan building at 410 Park, which is being sold through J.L.W., is probably the only midtown property of any size to have come onto the market recently. This year, there have been 15 sales, compared with 13 last year and 12 in 1993, says Mr Heller.

This is a long way from the frenzy of the mid-1980s. And while the real estate market bubbles with talk of an influx of south-eastern investors - mainly from Hong Kong - it is notably less frenzied than the last eastern invasion, from Japan, during the 1980s. The greatest symbol of that era, the Rockefeller Centre, 80 per cent of which was bought by Mitsubishi in the mid-1980s, faces an uncertain future. Mitsubishi warned last month that it may not pay the interest on the \$1.3bn mortgage on the property. And if Mitsubishi eventually sells, says one investment manager, then it could provide an excuse for other Japanese owners to retreat as well.

PEOPLE

Engineering a move north

ScottishPower has selected Ian Robinson, chairman and md of Trafalgar House's engineering division, as its new ceo to succeed Ian Preston.

Robinson, 52, will move from running the biggest division of Trafalgar House, with sales of \$2.3bn and 20,000 employees, to a utility which turned over £1.5m last year and has fewer than 8,000 people.

Robinson has run Trafalgar House's engineering division since 1992, having joined the group through its subsidiary John Brown. He graduated in chemical engineering at Leeds University before working for the engineers Kellogg and later Ralph M. Parsons. At Trafalgar House's engineering division, he rationalised John Brown, Davy and Trafalgar House Off-



shore. The company yesterday indicated that it was sorry to see him go but that his wish to run a plc in the FTSE top 100 was understandable. Robinson, who is from the

north east of England but married a Scot, will join ScottishPower early next year. Preston, 61, will become deputy chairman until he retires next July. His departure removes the company's last executive director to have spent substantial parts of his career with the public sector as the South of Scotland Electricity Board. ScottishPower chose Robinson in preference to the main internal candidate, Duncan Whyte, chief operating officer and former finance director. Another contender for the post of ceo, Michael Smith, left in August to run a new utility business being set up by Fletcher Challenge, one of New Zealand's largest conglomerates. *James Buxton*

Gavin Laird joins EIT

The 105-year-old Edinburgh Investment Trust has made a bit of history by becoming the first big investment trust to put a trade unionist on its board of directors.

Gavin Laird, 61, general secretary of the Amalgamated Engineering and Electrical Union, will pick up around £7,500 for attending six board meetings a year of Scotland's biggest investment trust. The Earl of Eglinton and Whitton, EIT's old Etonian chairman, says that Laird will provide "an additional perspective on developing trends within the UK economy".

Earlier this year Laird was involved in a controversy when the government refused to extend his appointment as a director of the Bank of England. He had been appointed to the Bank's governing body in 1986 by Lady Thatcher, the prime minister of the day. Although Eddie George, the governor of the Bank of England, had pressed for his re-appointment, the government decided against giving him a third term - thus breaking the tradition of having a trade unionist on the Bank's board.

However, Laird's appointment to the board of EIT suggests that in Scotland, at least, he is now regarded as an establishment figure. He is already on the boards of Scottish Television, GEC Scotland and Britannia Life and Laird now joins a board which until recently boasted one Earl, a Lord, a couple of knights, and four commoners. *William Hall*

Bodies politic

The Royal National Institute for Deaf People, one of Britain's leading welfare charities, yesterday gained its first deaf chief executive.

Dong Alker, 54, the RNID's research and development director, was appointed following a powerful campaign mounted within the charity for the top post to go to someone suffering from deafness. The new chief executive is profoundly deaf - British sign language is his first language.

Alker went to the RNID in 1987 following a career in industry. He was for nearly 20

years an experimental officer at ICI, and before that an analytical chemist with Pilkington. Other activities have included being a semi-professional football manager.

There are 7.5m deaf, deaf-blind and hard of hearing people in the UK, and Alker says his vision for the millennium is "a country where deaf people are no longer treated as second class citizens, have full access and are able to participate fully in society".

The RNID chief executive post became vacant with the appointment of Stuart Etherington to be director of the National Council of Voluntary

Organisations. Alker and Etherington share the distinction, still relatively rare among voluntary sector managers, of holding MBAs. *Alan Pike*

Gerald Dennis, chairman of Alexandra Workwear and Domino Printing Sciences, has been appointed a joint vice-chairman of GREAT BRITAIN SPORTS COUNCIL.

Paul Mulholland, a director of Transco, part of British Gas, has been appointed chairman of NEIGHBOURHOOD ENERGY ACTION, the charity which helps low-income households to improve energy efficiency.

AA marks Geoff Bruce's card

While AA insurance continues its job-shedding exercise, its companion operation - AA Financial Services - is gearing up to expand and improve its services and products. To oversee this task, Geoff Bruce has been headhunted from Visa International, the card payment organisation, to become director of AA Financial Services.

Bruce, 43, had been at Visa since 1990, with responsibility for developing products in Europe, the Middle East and Africa, and sounds pleased to have escaped to more direct contact with customers.

"Visa is a membership organisation, its members are banks and you're dealing with them on a bank-to-bank footing," he says. "Here, you're



dealing with people: it's more on the frontline."

Having become an AA member himself on taking up his post last month, his mission now is to extend the financial services operation's reach further into the 4m personal mem-

bers of the AA, and to develop further the instalment credit schemes, Visa cards and loan accounts AA already offers.

Both he and Mark Wood, who runs AA's insurance, financial services and retail arms, plan to extend operations into new areas, such as motor finance. "So long as we always recognise that the core of the relationship with the AA member is the road service, and associate other activities very closely to that, then I think the member will see an integrated value in the services we provide," he says. *Alison Smith*

Jim Dickie has been appointed executive vice-president for delivery systems at VISA International Europe, Middle East and Africa region.

The new senior partner of the UK firm of Ernst & Young is to be Nick Land (below). He will take over when Elynz Ellidge retires next July. Land, 48, has been managing partner of the UK firm since 1992, having become a partner in 1973.



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TURBINES AND GOVERNORS
CALL FOR BIDS

COMPANHIA PARANAENSE DE ENERGIA - COPEL, informs that an international bidding is open for design, supply, alignment, erection supervision and operation start-up of four (4) Francis vertical type Turbines, 315 MW each, with Digital Type Governors, Electronic Devices and Main Supervisor Panels for the Salto Caxias Project, located at Capão da Lapa, Maracá and Nova Friburgo, in the State of Paraná - Brazil. This lowest price type international bidding is open to individual companies or joint ventures.

The amount of costs related to this supply will be covered by COPEL's own resources. COPEL is seeking for a credit line for Salto Caxias Powerplant from Inter-American Development Bank - IDB - which if allowed, will cover this supply.

The Bid Documents will be available to bidders from November 28th, 1994 to January 15th, 1995 against payment in Brazilian currency of R\$ 150.000 (one hundred fifty thousand), at the following address:

Superintendência de Obras de Geriação
Rua Voluntários da Pátria, 233 - 5º andar - sala 504
80030-000 - Curitiba - PR
Telefones (55-41) 322-1212 - 322-1212 - 322-1212
Telex (55-41) 331-3365

or
Escritório COPEL/São Paulo
Alameda Santos, 1800 - 14º andar - conj. 14B
01418-200 - São Paulo - SP
Telefones (55-11) 289-1431

At the time of Bid Documents purchase, all companies shall present a letter containing their complete mailing address.

The receipt of Pre-qualification and Bid Documents is scheduled for March 1st, 1995 at 3:00 pm, at COPEL's office meeting room in Curitiba, 233 Voluntários da Pátria Street, 5th floor.

The Bidding will be held by Law No. 8666, dated June 21, 1993, with alterations introduced by Law No. 8883, dated June 8, 1994 and by other conditions stated herein and in the Contract Documents.

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THE HIGH COURT OF JUSTICE
CHANCERY DIVISION
IN THE MATTER OF
BAYLON HOLDINGS LIMITED
AND
IN THE MATTER OF THE
COMPANIES ACT 1985

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Order of the High Court of Justice (Chancery Division) dated the 10th day of November 1994 confirming the reduction of the above Company's share premium account by £1,225,000 was signed by the Registrar of Companies on the 23rd day of November 1994. Dated this 1st day of December 1994
Edgar & Phipps
WCLA 543
Ref: AWR/93/22
Solicitors for the above-named Company

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LEGAL NOTICES

ORIENTAL CREDIT LIMITED (in Liquidation)
NOTICE OF BAR DATE FOR FILING CLAIMS AND PROCEDURE THEREFOR

NOTICE is hereby given that, pursuant to an Order of the High Court of Justice, Chancery Division, Companies Court (the "Court") dated 21st November 1994, the Court has set 21 days from advertisement as the last date upon which claims may be filed (the "Bar Date") against ORIENTAL CREDIT LIMITED ("OCL") which is in liquidation proceedings in the Court under the English Companies Act 1985. All holders of claims of whatever character whether secured or unsecured, liquidated or unliquidated, fixed or contingent against OCL arising before 27th October 1988 must file them according to the procedures described below no later than the Bar Date in order to receive any distribution from the assets of OCL. IF YOU ARE REQUIRED TO FILE A CLAIM BUT DO NOT DO SO IN THE MANNER AND TIME PRESCRIBED, YOUR CLAIM WILL BE FOREVER BARRED. YOU WILL NOT BE ENTITLED TO ANY DISTRIBUTION ON THAT CLAIM, AND YOU WILL RECEIVE NO FURTHER NOTICES REGARDING YOUR CLAIM.

1. OCL'S BUSINESS - OCL carried on business as a bank and was engaged in providing a wide range of banking services.

2. PROCEDURES FOR FILING CLAIMS AND LATEST DATE FOR RECEIPT - All holders of claims must file a claim on the requisite Proof of Debt form only (copies of which are available on request from Touche Ross at the address and reference shown below). The Proof of Debt form must be received by no later than 5 pm on 21 days after date of advertisement, 2nd December 1994, at the following address:
Touche Ross & Co., PO Box 810, Cedric House, 8-9 East Harding Street, London EC4A 3AS. Ref SES/HWM.

3. FURTHER INFORMATION - If you have any questions about this notice or the procedures for filing a claim, you may contact Touche Ross & Co. by mail or by telephone (during the hours of 10.00 am and 5.00 pm London, England time, Monday through Friday) at the following address and telephone number:
Touche Ross & Co., PO Box 810, Cedric House, 8-9 East Harding Street, London EC4A 3AS. Ref SES/HWM. Telephone: 071 936 3000. (Contact: Mr M. Brewer).

Gavin Laine joins EIT

The 103-year-old EIT, a leading UK investment trust, has announced the appointment of Gavin Laine as its new managing director. Laine, 55, has been with the trust since 1988, having previously held the post of deputy managing director. He is a former director of the London Stock Exchange and has been a member of the House of Commons. Laine will be responsible for the overall management of the trust, which has assets of over £1 billion. He will also be responsible for the trust's investment strategy, which is aimed at providing a long-term return for its shareholders. Laine's appointment is seen as a significant move for the trust, as he is a highly experienced and respected figure in the investment industry.

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Tim Dickson on an award which aims to create TQM role models

TNT time for quality

Large lorries trundled down the ramp at Wapping, Rupert Murdoch's east London printing site and cradle of a Fleet Street revolution nine years ago. Cameras whirled, pickets shouted night after night.

For many people in Britain the image of TNT Express (UK) - the Australian-owned group which operated those vehicles - is still defined by those events. This week, however, the logistics and supply-chain management company earned a new and less controversial reputation as a paragon of British quality.

Along with Rover Group, TNT was announced joint winner on Wednesday night of the UK's first Quality Award, launched earlier this year to recognise outstanding business performance through the application of Total Quality Management principles. Avis Rent A Car, BT Northern Ireland and ICL's Customer Service division were also shortlisted.

The prize's objective is identical to the European Quality Awards and the US Baldrige Awards which have both sought in recent years to create TQM role models.

The UK competition, and the more than 300 business people who packed a central London hotel for

the award ceremony, bear witness to the continuing appeal of TQM more than 40 years after the "invention" by two American lecturers working in Japan. TQM may be less fashionable than business process re-engineering but it is still widely considered to have high potential to transform organisations by putting the spotlight on customer and employee satisfaction.

Over the next few months TNT chief executive Alan Jones and John Towers, his opposite number at Rover, will find themselves at Quality Awards seminars up and down the country explaining why their programmes have produced results, thus inspiring others to have been less successful.

TNT, which delivers 90 per cent of Britain's newspaper tonnage from a standing start in 1985, began its Total Quality Initiative in 1988. "Our whole philosophy is that we want to help our customers," says Jones. "In doing that so we sell more of our freight," explains Jones. He cites as an example TNT's suggestion that newspapers discontinue the age-old practice of individually labelling each newspaper's package - a change which helped cut transit times by one hour.



Hard times: TNT lorries faced angry pickets at the Wapping plant

Rover believes it has demonstrated the value of TQM in the way it has bucked the recession in the European motor industry. Product quality improvements, for instance, have substantially reduced warranty costs while external surveys have tracked an improving trend in customer satisfaction.

Towers says TQM is "not like a package you pull off the shelf, and take with a glass of water three times a week". He cites the importance of top-level leadership, the establishment of a vision which individuals can identify with across the company, and the creation of what he calls a "compelling need". He suggests British companies are good at "pulling themselves back

from the brink" but inspired when times are good. Rover's answer in 1980 was to paint a picture of what the car industry might be like by 1990 - based on research of events in North America. "It was not so much a Sword of Damocles as simply saying to people this is what is likely to change, you might as well get on and make sure that's what we do rather than take the risk that we are overpowered by rivals".

Towers talks about "getting the drum going" but not changing the beat. Changing the metaphor, he adds: "One of the things about the Japanese is that they don't have to have a new flag every year, even if it's colour after a bit".

An approach to non-execs

Last month's announcement that DHL chairman and chief executive Patrick Lupo has joined the board of WH Smith was routine in many ways. But the heartsearching which preceded his appointment as non-executive director of the British retailing group illustrates how leading British companies are adopting more professional and objective boardroom selection procedures.

Interest in non-execs was fuelled by successive corporate scandals and by publication in 1992 of the Cadbury report, which laid down guidelines for best practice in corporate governance. Smith chairman Jeremy Hardie, though, is

not alone in thinking that the "regulatory" issues raised by Cadbury have overshadowed the often more challenging and significant role for boards of determining company strategy.

"In many businesses," observes Hardie, "the directors turn up once a month, receive a lot of (predominantly financial) information, find out what the profits are likely to be, and generally keep tabs on what is going on. Inevitably many of the decisions to be taken are cut and dried as the board is primarily there as a check."

The Smith chairman, who led the 16-month hunt to replace Edward

Elson, and who is also a director of John Swire & Sons, is careful not to knock that model. His ideal, though, is of a group of experienced outsiders contributing ideas and insights helpful to the company's day-to-day managers. "In extreme cases the board has got an authoritative function because directors are trustees of the assets. Most of the time the function should be a collegial one supporting and working together."

Hardie says the people running companies "are often short of certain insights", and there is a fear inside most organisations about "making mistakes" - but with non-execs, he says, "it doesn't matter,

every now and then it even helps".

Hardie's non-execs are there "to draw on their experience across a wide range of issues" and believes it is wrong to use vacancies to fill a resource need. "If you're thinking of moving into Spain you can hire a consultant, get someone in the corporate planning department to look at Europe, or find a director with Spanish experience. I'm against this last idea."

Smith used the headhunting firm Spencer Stuart as part of a process which also resulted in the appointment of Marjorie Scardino, chief executive of the Economist Group.

TD

Christopher Lorenz

'World-class' delusion of multinationals



One of the surest signs of a well-managed company are its awareness of its shortcomings and readiness to be open about them.

Witness, for instance, the degree of self-criticism that frequently emanates from 3M, Canon, Federal Express and other organisations that actually practise the fashionable creed of constant corporate renewal.

At the other extreme are organisations that, by failing to make adequate use of competitive "benchmarking" - or by refusing to believe its damning results - delude themselves that they are at the "leading edge", when the truth is very different.

An IBM-London Business School study published last week found that only one in 50 manufacturing sites in four European countries is genuinely "world class", although three-quarters believe they can compete with the best of their international rivals. Such myopia is more than dangerous - it can be positively suicidal.

Between these two extremes lies a sizeable body of companies that have some sense of their competitive deficiencies but do not realise their full dimensions, and are not doing enough to rectify them.

This is all too evident from a broader study of "international competitive capabilities" in leading multinationals around the world, which is to be published. It concludes, among many other things, that most multinationals are far less globally-minded than they think they are - their rhetoric is dangerously ahead of reality. They are also much less customer-focused and organisationally flexible than is necessary to win in global markets. Not all of them have yet realised that operational excellence in total quality and customer service is no longer a source of sustainable advantage, but merely a qualification for competing.

To make matters worse, many of their attempts to create continuous corporate regeneration and "transformation" are being hampered by a "trust gap" between

leaders and employees.

The survey covered nearly 1,500 managers of two dozen nationalities working around the world for American, Asian and European multinationals such as AT&T, British Airways, BHP, Daimler-Benz, Electricité de France, Fiat, Kao, Japan, Siemens and Samsung, Korean conglomerates.

The survey, called Champions of Change, was carried out by the Massachusetts-based International Consortium for Development Research, a multinational think-tank. Its findings are to be published jointly with Deloitte Consulting, which sponsored the research. But the trenchant conclusions are very much those of the "leading edge" director, Douglas Ready.

Respondents were given a list of "organisational capabilities"

Ready's report is most scathing about the discrepancies that surround the issue of globalisation.

and 45 "leadership competences", and to rank them in order of their importance. Particularly alarming, he says, is the perceived lack of effectiveness in the two items cited by respondents as most critical to competitiveness: organisational adaptability and customer focus.

On the "trust gap" that bedevils many companies, the study found that one in five respondents said that "instilling trust between our leaders and our workers" was one of the five requirements for creating organisational effectiveness. Yet it was ranked third in terms of actual effectiveness.

As on so many other counts in the survey, wish and reality were miles apart. But at least the companies' openness to outside scrutiny had helped them face the fact.

general. The importance and effectiveness of items such as managing a culturally diverse workforce, alliance management, living outside one's home country, managing transnational teams, were all rated relatively low.

As Ready asks, if these particular companies, already in the thick of the global battle, are so "conflicted about the implications of being global", as he puts it, what does that imply for those just embarking on globalisation?

One probable cause of the problem is what Ready calls a "cavernous gap" between what chief executives may be important and what they actually value and reward. In other respects, too, the survey found that most organisations are doing a poor job of linking performance to a range of their own strategic priorities.

However, middle managers of most multinationals have a global mindset as more important than did senior managers. So there may be hope for the next generation of leaders, although some companies will be late.

On many issues, Ready's ratings of importance identified not just the usual performance gaps but a yawning gulf. Particularly alarming, he says, is the perceived lack of effectiveness in the two items cited by respondents as most critical to competitiveness: organisational adaptability and customer focus.

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As on so many other counts in the survey, wish and reality were miles apart. But at least the companies' openness to outside scrutiny had helped them face the fact.

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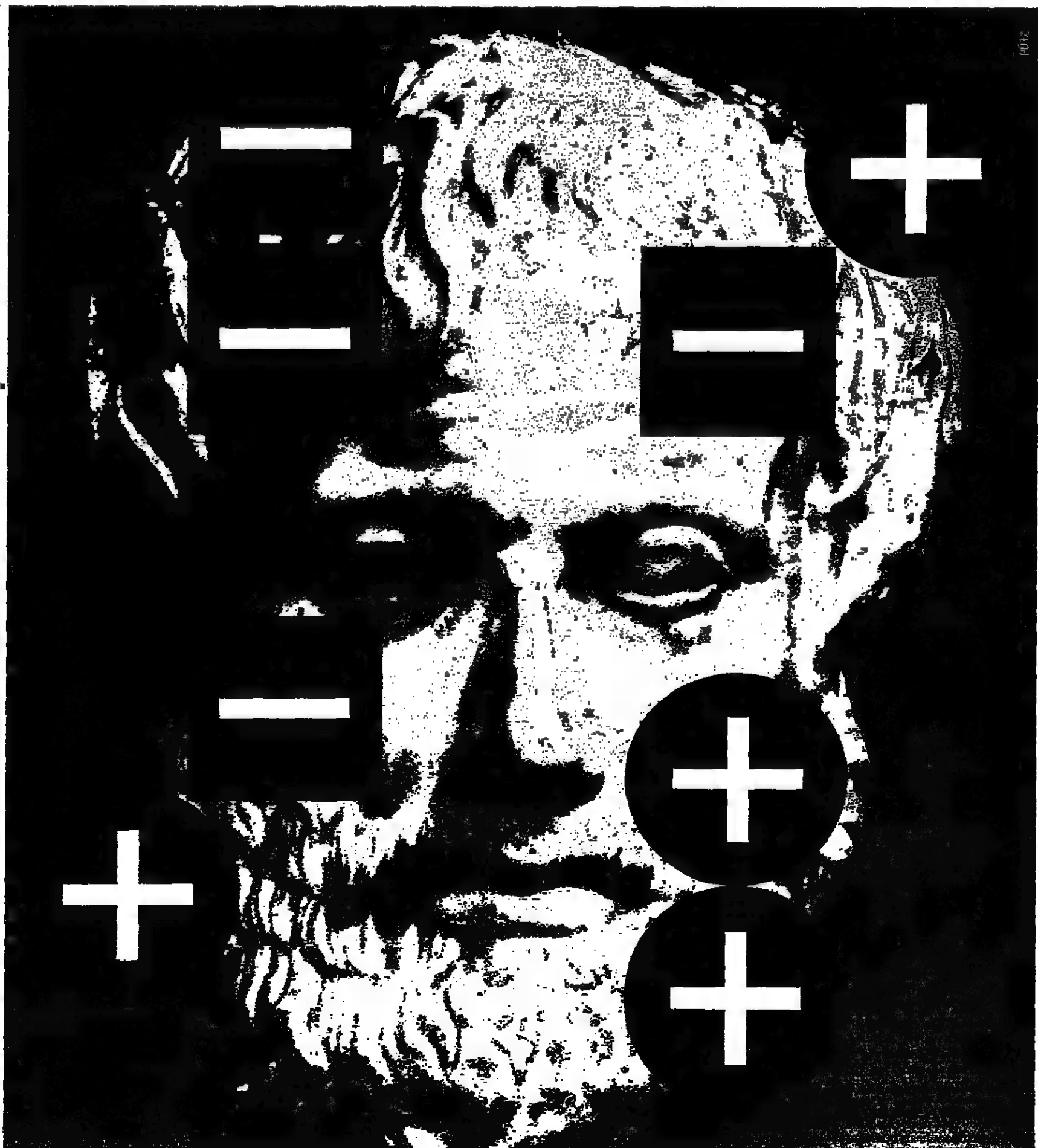
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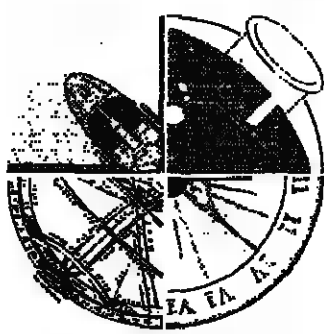
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TECHNOLOGY

Worth Watching · Vanessa Houlder



Taking the pain out of cleaning glass

Nippon Soda of Japan **■** it jointly developed a glass that cleans itself by dissolving dirt and contamination using ultra violet rays as a catalyst, writes Emiko Terazono. Research was carried out with the University of Tokyo and a science and technology group backed by the Kanagawa municipal government. The process uses titanium dioxide which deodorises and sterilises material when placed under ultra violet rays from the sun or from a regular fluorescent room light. A colourless transparent titanium dioxide film on glass decomposes bacteria and **■** gases. The glass is coated with silicon film before the titanium dioxide is applied to prevent reaction with sodium in the glass. Nippon Soda hopes the glass will be used for windows in buildings and cars.

Sun block for plants

Israeli scientists **■** unravelled a sun-protection mechanism in algae which could offer a new approach to the cultivation of crops in drought-ridden areas. The Weizmann Institute of Science studied a salt-water alga that is capable of thriving in scorching sunlight. Under intense light, the alga produces a protein, known as CBR, and a carotenoid pigment called zeaxanthin. The researchers have cloned the gene for the CBR protein using genetic engineering techniques. The scientists concluded that the protein binds with the pigment to form a light protective antenna which diverts excessive light from the sensitive components of the photosynthetic machinery. The **■** believe **■** may be possible to

manipulate a similar mechanism in higher plants, including crops, to enhance their sun resistance. Weizmann Institute of Science, Israel, tel 9728 342 111; fax 9728 344 132.

Thermal imaging in civilian role

Military research into uncooled thermal imaging is set to be transferred into civilian applications, according to an agreement this week by GEC-Marconi and the Defence Research Agency. Until recently, thermal imaging equipment, which is used to create pictures from the heat radiated by objects, needed to be cooled to very low temperatures of minus 200°C. However, GEC-Marconi and the DRA have developed a detector capable of operating at room temperature, which is cheap enough for civilian use. Applications being explored include cameras to help **■** work in weather conditions.

GEC-Marconi Avionics: UK, **■** 0268 528322; fax 0268 583140.

Oxygen levels in newborn babies

Scientists are experimenting with infra-red light absorption as a method of measuring the oxygen reaching the brain of newborn babies, which crucially affects their risk of death or disability. The oxygen present in the blood is related to the amount of light absorbed by bone and brain tissue when a pulse of infra-red light is fired from a laser placed at one temple to a photo-detector at the other temple. A computer model to determine the relationship **■** the distance travelled by the light and the absorption coefficients of the brain has been developed by researchers at the Centre for Research in Biomechanics and Biomedical Engineering at the University of Wales Swansea. The model is based on digitised anatomical studies of adult brains, which have been scaled down to the size of infant brains. The researchers say refinements to the model will result in highly accurate measurements of brain oxygenation. University of Wales, Swansea: UK, **■** 01792 295595; fax 01792 295676.

There are two big problems with cigarette smoking: it **■** the smoker's health and it annoys those who dislike passive smoking. Could a smokeless cigarette be the answer?

In 1988 R.J. Reynolds Tobacco, US maker of Camel and other cigarette brands, came up with a smokeless cigarette called Premier. R.J. Reynolds test-marketed it for several months before resigning itself to the fact that it had unleashed one of the biggest new product flops in US corporate history.

Yet R.J. Reynolds - like so many smokers - does not give up easily. Last weekend, it emerged that the company had been experimenting with **■** non-smoking cigarette, this time **■** Eclipse. According to one report, R.J. Reynolds was planning to launch the brand next **■**.

The commercial **■** for such a product has bewitched cigarette makers for years. Clearly, if a cigarette could be invented that satisfied users without threatening their health or irritating other people, it would have vast money-making potential. With that in mind, R.J. Reynolds spent \$325m (£210m) developing and marketing its earlier non-smoking cigarette, only to see it fail.

In its new incarnation, R.J. Reynolds's smokeless cigarette looks and feels much the same as an ordinary cigarette: it even contains tobacco. But at the lit end, the first half inch or so of the cigarette consists of a piece of carbon in a fibreglass shell.

When the cigarette is lit, the charcoal burns at around the same temperature as an ordinary cigarette. But because the charcoal is separated from the rest of the cigarette by a heat barrier, the tobacco does not ignite. Air heated by the charcoal is drawn through into the body of the cigarette and mingles with the tobacco without burning it.

All cigarette tobacco contains small amounts of glycerine to keep it moist, but in Eclipse, the proportion of glycerine has been lifted to more than 50 per cent. As a result, when the hot air passes through the tobacco and glycerine mixture, the glycerine gradually vaporises and carries tobacco flavours, nicotine and tar to the smoker.

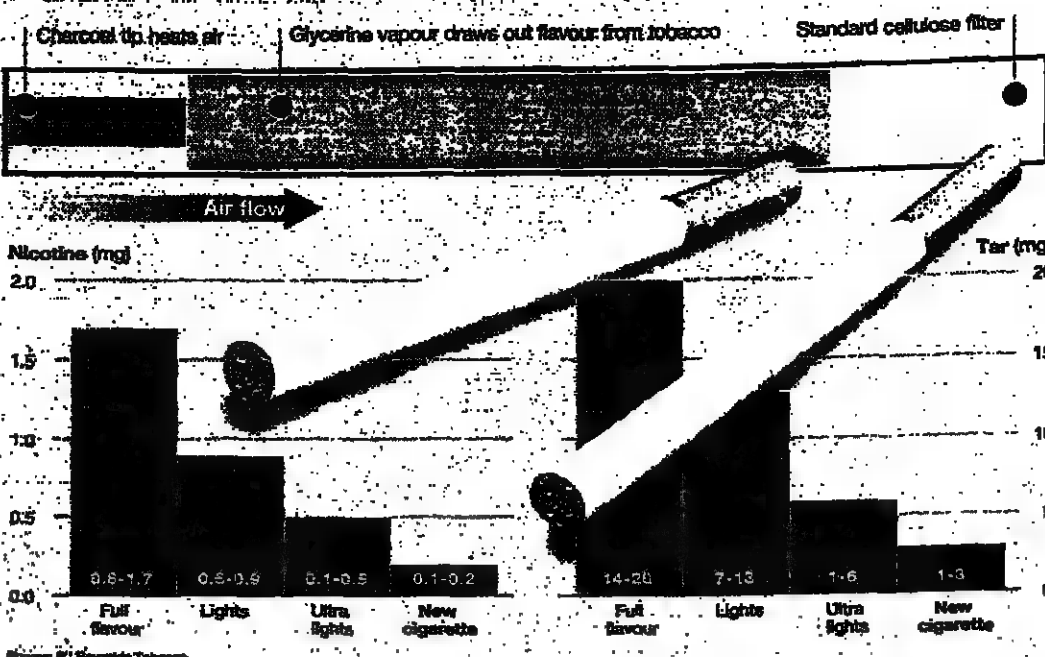
Apart from its construction, Eclipse has several quirks. One is that it does not burn down: instead, it lasts as long as the carbon tip keeps burning, which is about the same amount of time as a conventional cigarette. It does not produce ash, does not give off any smoke from the lit end and does not stain fingers, teeth or furnishings.

From a health point of view, R.J. Reynolds says each Eclipse cigarette produces between 1mg and 3mg of tar and between 0.1mg and 0.2mg of nicotine, compared with up to 20mg of tar and up to 1.7mg of nicotine for a full flavour cigarette. Significantly, however, there are several brands of ultra light cigarette already on the market with tar and nicotine yields at least as low as this, so Eclipse has little new to offer on this score. Its stronger selling point seems to be the lack of smoke.

R.J. Reynolds **■** the vapour given off by the cigarettes is almost, but **■** completely, odourless. When **■**, it **■** like **■** one's breath in cool air and disappears almost instantly. Someone walking into a room where people were smoking Eclipse would probably be able to detect only a faint **■**.

The **■** is, **■** of **■** have **■** said of the Premier cigarette too. Like Eclipse, Premier worked by emitting a vapour instead of smoke. Air drawn through the cigarette passed through a burning carbon tip at the lit end, then went through an

The smokeless cigarette mark II



Tobacco's holy grail

Richard Tomkins on the lure of the smokeless cigarette

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aluminium capsule in the body of the cigarette containing beads of glycerine impregnated with tobacco flavourings. The glycerine beads vaporised and carried the tobacco flavour through cooling filters to the smoker.

Premier flopped because smokers thought it lacked flavour, and what they could taste, they did not like. There was also a strong resistance to the look and feel of the cigarette: smokers said it burned too hot and they did not like the fact that it did not burn down.

R.J. Reynolds says it is still not 100 per cent happy with Eclipse and is not even certain it will launch it. However, it says it is getting good enough feedback from marketing tests to indicate that smokers would welcome a reduced second-hand smoke cigarette if it tasted at least as good as their existing brand.

Many industry analysts are sceptical. "Part of the allure of smoking is the smoke," says one. "If the product doesn't taste good and you

don't get that smoking sensation, it isn't going to work."

Yet times have changed since the ill-fated launch of Premier. **■** hand smoke is a much bigger issue than five years ago. In the US, pressure on smokers **■** mounting by the day: smoking is increasingly outlawed **■** public places, and **■** are many situations where it is not tolerated even where it is lawful.

A smokeless cigarette could not be lit in an area where smoking was banned, but it could prove acceptable at, for example, a dinner table surrounded by non-smokers. So a cigarette like Eclipse might at **■** hope to find a market niche among **■** who found **■** faced with lighting up a smokeless cigarette or nothing at all.

R.J. Reynolds says: "It is not for everybody. No cigarette is for everybody: that is why there are some 400 brands of cigarette in the US now. But the reduced second-hand smoke cigarette is an option, and no other manufacturer has got anything on the market like it."

Music on the cards

NEC, the Japanese electronics company, yesterday announced that it had developed a portable music player that reproduces sound from **■** stored on a credit-card sized semiconductor memory card.

The device, called Silicon Audio, **■** light and produces sound quality comparable to a compact disc. It is a solid state device with no moving parts, which eliminates problems such as unwanted vibrations or skipping passages **■** music. "You can jump up and down with it or drop it and it will still keep playing," said NEC.

The company believes it could take a decade before the Silicon Audio reaches the market. The cost of the cards needs to fall sharply from their current price of about £100 and the playback time needs to increase substantially from its present limit of 24 minutes before it can become a viable product.

NEC believes that the ultimate **■** of the Silicon Audio will depend on the availability **■** music suitable **■** the format. "It **■** difficult for **■** to claim that it will overtake other formats," said an executive. "It is the software that really counts."

The Silicon Audio is the latest of a number of new hi-fi formats to be developed, such as the digital compact cassette, a high-quality tape player which was launched by Philips, the Dutch electronics company.

The Silicon Audio system works by recording audio signals after they have been encoded and compressed onto semiconductor chips housed on a memory card. The prototype compresses a 20MHz, 770Kbit signal to one-eighth of its original size, which allows 24 minutes of recording from a 32Mbyte card.

The cards use a data retrieval and storage system called "flash memory", which works like a standard dynamic random-access memory (DRAM) chip except it does not require a power supply to keep the data. The prototype player measures 127mm by 33mm by 33mm and **■** 217g with batteries.

Vanessa Houlder

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FT EXPORTER

Festival director drops the baton

The Schleswig-Holstein dream has turned to nightmare, reports Andrew Clark

It was a dream come true - a festival for ordinary people, set in picturesque north European landscape, mixing international stars and home-grown atmosphere. But the dream has suddenly become a nightmare.

The Schleswig-Holstein music festival, one of Germany's most successful cultural events, caught everyone by surprise last week when it announced a deficit of 198.75m (22.5m). The state government in Kiel - the festival's biggest single backer - pinned the blame on its founder and artistic director, Justus Frantz. As pressure mounted for his dismissal, Frantz resigned.

Frantz then began a public slanging match with the Schleswig-Holstein state government, which he accused of mismanagement. He said he would sue the state government for defamation, and claimed he had had no responsibility for the festival's financial problems since 1982. He accused Frantz of trying to bring the whole festival down around him.

Supporters of the festival are now asking if it can survive without Frantz, whose energy, international contacts and fund-raising ability fuelled its whirlwind growth. Yehudi Menuhin and other prominent artists have voiced solidarity with Frantz, and several say they will boycott future events. Sponsors - who contributed a quarter of the DM16m budget - have also begun to withdraw. "Justus Frantz is the Schleswig-Holstein festival", said one.

Meanwhile, the state government has named a British concert agent, Jasper Parrott, as chairman of a new artistic advisory committee. The appointment has been criticised by representatives of the German music industry, who say Parrott cannot offer independent

advice while he has his own artists to promote. Although the festival always projected itself well to the outside world, insiders say problems had been building up for years. The festival was Frantz's child. Inaugurated in 1986, it thrived on his friendship with prominent musicians and politicians, including the former German chancellor Helmut Schmidt. By 1989, it was attracting 300,000 visitors, and had a budget of more than DM16m. Leonard Bernstein was its local hero, Sergiu Celibidache gave conducting classes, and quiet towns like Kiel, Lübeck and Salzwedel found themselves on the tourist map.

The idea was to provide a new kind of festival - one which attracted the young and concert-

shy as well as the rich and knowledgeable. Concerts were given in local halls, castles and barns. The atmosphere was informal: Jessye Norman, Anne-Sophie Mutter and other big-name musicians came within reach of rural audiences. The state government was only too happy to pump money into an event which promoted Schleswig-Holstein in the wider world.

As the festival expanded, Frantz's role and controversial operating methods came under scrutiny. Frantz, 50, is a concert pianist, but his ambitions have always gone further. The festival enabled him to start a career as a conductor and music manager. He became known as a wheeler-dealer, charming businessmen into giving money, negotiating contracts from

his home in the Canary Islands and hosting his own show on German television. Frantz's critics say he increasingly used the festival to push his own career. Leading ensembles were invited on the assumption that Frantz would conduct some performances - for which he was often paid an additional fee. He began to channel sponsorship towards projects outside the festival. Last year, some members of the festival orchestra walked out. They questioned his competence as a conductor and said he was too busy juggling other affairs to devote time to music.

But the current crisis stems equally from the state government's failure to build a ladder of responsibility which would serve

the festival's long-term interests. "How could such a deficit pile up without them knowing?", asked a disillusioned local volunteer this week in Lübeck. "Where was the book-keeping? Why was no-one checking the takings and matching them to the costs? It's a mystery."

In 1992 the government installed a finance ministry official as the festival's business manager. Resentful of political and bureaucratic interference, Frantz went ahead regardless. In February this year, for example, the board ordered Frantz to cancel the Kirov Opera visit - but when he pledged to find the necessary sponsorship, the contract was approved. In the end, he raised only 10 per cent of the cost, and this summer's Kirov performances lost DM440,000.

The question now is whether the state government can find a new artistic director who can stop the festival degenerating into a provincial *Stargazer*. Steinbrück says he would prefer a full-time manager in the world of Gérard Mortier at Salzburg, "someone who can gather leading artistic personalities around him, without being distracted by his own ambitions as entertainer, conductor, media star and whatever else."

The new artistic advisory committee will not meet till mid-January, and will have no executive function. According to Parrott, any suggestion that the festival cannot survive without Frantz is "complete nonsense". He says there is a natural period in which artistic projects flourish before losing steam, and that the festival had reached the point when review and reform were necessary. "There is so much basic energy and potential there, far beyond any single personality. These resources need to be gathered together, rethought and properly harnessed."

Sponsorship/Antony Thorncroft

An orchestral success story

The *Business Sponsorship of the Arts (BSA)* is a two-time winner from the Budget. The funding for the Business Sponsorship Incentive Scheme - which BSA administers, was increased by 250,000 to 25.6m. This is a sprat to catch the mackerel of corporate sponsorship and should add another 2.5m to the arts in 1995-96.

In addition BSA will operate a new scheme which extends the BSIS to historic buildings. There is only 200,000 of government money available at the start, but any company that finances backing Stonehenge, or a royal palace, or a stately home, or a cathedral - their structure as well as events held there - will now get a top-up incentive.

There is one place where arts organisations and sponsors happily embrace - abroad. It is virtually impossible for an orchestra or a theatre company to plan an overseas tour without sponsorship.

The British Council does its bit, but these days the council almost always draws in business money as well - 62.6m from sponsors in 1993-94. It recently raised an impressive 240,000 from 30 companies to take arts groups like Cheek by Jowl and the Westminster Abbey Choir to Russia during the Queen's tour.

For companies, helping to present a prestigious British arts event overseas offers unrivalled opportunities to offer key foreign contacts an evening's pleasure which could lead to contracts. The recent tour of the BBC National Orchestra of Wales to New York and Baltimore was a classic example of sponsorship in action.

The orchestra had been invited to perform the annual United Nations Day concert in the chamber of the General Assembly in New York. There was, however, no fee and the orchestra had to pay a facility charge for recording the concert and converting the chamber into a performance space.

SAC, the Welsh language television channel, stepped in to sponsor the event. It is not easy selling programmes in Welsh to foreign TV stations but such a celebrated event, plus party, gave its efforts the

necessary lift. The fact that the Prince of Wales has presented one of the company's animation projects also helped.

With one concert underwritten, the orchestra looked for more dates. Next year Swansea is UK City of Literature and the Welsh Tourist Board jumped at the chance to support a Lincoln Centre concert. A trip down to Baltimore was inevitable. Cardiff Bay's regeneration plans, built around the proposed Opera House, are modelled on Baltimore, which used the arts to help revive an ailing sea port.

There is something worrying when the arts become the plum in the pudding rather than a dish in their own right, but the enthusiastic response to the music justified pre-concert and post-concert receptions, which Baltimore industrialists introduced to the commercial opportunities in Cardiff Bay and New York travel agents were sold Swansea as the new Athens. The first American tourists are already booked.

The SAC-backed tour should have delighted the heritage industry, since it was built around the promotion of tourism and business investment, the twin pillars of its focus for arts funding.

As the BBC and the Arts Council pursue their delicate strategy of spreading orchestral music more fairly throughout the country while saving money and avoiding rows, the BBC National Orchestra of Wales is becoming something of a role model.

By broadening its revenue base it has forged the path for other vulnerable organisations like the BBC Philharmonic and the Bournemouth Symphony and will be encouraged to follow. The BBC still provides the bulk of its funding - 75m; but the Welsh Arts Council, SAC, and sponsors also contribute to the pot.

It became the first BBC band to attract substantial sponsorship - 200,000 from Hitachi, which took it to Japan. This winter the orchestra is pitching dozens of Japanese companies based in the expectation that they will fund the proposed return trip to Japan next year.

Parental neglect, childlessness, rape - these are the themes of the Actors Touring Company's new production at the Lyric Studio, Hammersmith. Yet this is not a down new play by a contemporary playwright, but Euripides' *Ion*. Perhaps it is not surprising that, like its protagonist, *Ion* is now suddenly the focus of attention after languishing for years.

Hard on the heels of the RSC's production comes this appealing, determinedly playful staging, which both *Ion* and *Ion* falls by its rough handling of the play's modernity.

As well as the striking contemporaneity of the emotional issues it tackles, *Ion* has the great appeal of brevity. Euripides dispenses with most of the story before the play opens, sending Hermes on first to fill us in, so that, when the action starts, things are just reaching boiling point.

Some years ago, we learn, the god Apollo raped Athens' Queen Kreousa. She, in shame, left the child to die, but he was rescued by Hermes and allowed to grow up in Apollo's temple as caretaker. Kreousa, ignorant of her child's fate, has been unable since to produce an heir for her husband, and so is eaten away by a double anguish by the time the play opens - just as the King Kreon arrives at Apollo's temple to appeal for a child. Of course, they do not know, as we do, that the young man sweeping the steps is in fact *Ion*'s son. And so the stage is set for an evening of frontals and misunderstandings that nearly, but not quite, end in tragedy.

It has to be said that *Ion* comes out of all this pretty badly. In fact, as absent fathers go, he takes some beating. First he rapes a woman, then he brings the child up in ignorance as a servant. When he does allow mother and son to meet again, he introduces such confusion that they almost end up killing one another. And when all is finally resolved and *Ion* and his father are confirmed his paternity, he is too much of a coward to show up and sends his sister Alkmeon instead. As *Ion* says at one point, if you cannot trust the gods, who can you trust? But then, perhaps it is the mortals' haste that throws the god's plan off course; we are left to make up our own minds.

Nick Philippou's production handles Euripides' scepticism with great relish. Kenneth McLeish's jaunty, slangy translation keeps the laughs coming and pinpoints the ironies, while the production is full of funny moments. But the play's



Playful Euripides: Gary Turner and Shelley King in *Ion* Theatre/Sarah Hemming

Put not your trust in gods

great strength is that its cynical frames a serious, moving heart. Euripides writes with raw openness about the pain of childlessness and his three main characters are driven by yearning. Ion longs for parents, Kreousa for a son, and Kreon, through the twists of the plot, suffers both childlessness and the anguish of having lost a child.

To begin with, Shelley King's elfin faced, passionate Kreousa expresses this grief well, striding restlessly round the stage and frequently giving vent to

years of suppressed pain. But by the time we reach the central reconciliation scene between mother and son, she has left herself nowhere to go. *Ion*, she, nor the production, can change gear fast enough to give this scene the quiet intensity it deserves and needs to really move you.

This is the price the company pays for its lively production. And there is a worry too about *Ion*'s production: mostly admirably accurate and witty, it is sometimes so slangy that you feel the pro-

duction is unnecessarily intent on convincing you that this is not some dusty old classic. But it is a staging full of lovely comic touches. Ann Franks is delightful as Queen Kreousa's aged nurse, a feisty old party who would clearly be happier if she could get a transfer to one of the tragedies. "God did this. He started it. Burn down his temple," she says, rubbing her hands in *Ion*'s shabby behaviour. It is this *Ion*'s playful tone that is *Ion*'s strongest suit.

At the *Ion* Theatre, there was the gentlest of contrasts: Poulenc's *Dialogues des Carmélites* in its first German production in the original language. As you may remember, it is a semi-mythical tale of innocent Carmelite nuns who were condemned to the guillotine in the last days of the revolutionary Terror.

Opera in Berlin/David Murray

'Elektra' and 'The Carmélites'

his Berlin Philharmonic have been preparing Strauss's *Elektra* for recording, and for performance at the next Salzburg Easter Festival. On Wednesday they unveiled the result for their concert audience at the Philharmonie, and it was extraordinary.

It is a rare opera recording that gets all the soloists originally planned - somebody always turns out to have conflicting commitments. This time, however, it is hard to believe that Abbado could have any other singers.

Deborah Polaski's tall, commanding Elektra displayed not only the full power of her recent Brümhilde at Covent Garden, but a dramatic and expressive range we had only guessed at here.

Cheryl Studer, in her best voice again, matched her with a Chrysothemis who was no kind of shrinking maiden, but, lusted for a normal domestic life as passionately as Elektra wanted to wreck it. As Chrysothemis, Mariana Lipovskaya offered a richly subtle study far beyond the usual cowering monster, and did it in luscious voice. As if these were not enough, we had Franz Grundheber's superlative Orestes, darkly implacable, and a elegant, uncaricatured Agamemnon from Rainer Goldberg.

Any lesser voices, exposed thus behind the band, might have been regularly overwhelmed. The *Elektra* score is full head. The Berlin Phil played superbly; hallucinatory details sprang up from almost every page, and in the right places the noise was shattering. It was Abbado's relentless drive, however, that made *Elektra* a memorable reading, daringly swift as a whole, but so well paced and long-purposed that it made an unbroken span. Riveting, and masterly: book in haste for Easter if you can.

At the *Ion* Theatre, there was the gentlest of contrasts: Poulenc's *Dialogues des Carmélites* in its first German production in the original language. As you may remember, it is a semi-mythical tale of innocent Carmelite nuns who were condemned to the guillotine in the last days of the revolutionary Terror.

In fact the original language was the least of the merits of this staging; most the singers were superb. Rita Gorr, who even now wields magnificent authority and force as the dying Priestess; perhaps John David DeHaan, an intelligent, finely sung Father Confessor. Jiri Kout, Poulenc's score - a surprising one to come from him, despite the tender piety he revealed in several smaller pieces - with impeccable style and sympathy.

Günter Krämer's production is notable for its clarity and consistency, and a wealth of interesting, unevenly successful ideas. The stage is almost bare, but for a few chairs and screens, and the cast are in almost-modern dress - nothing period-picturesque. Mère Marie, the nun who survived to tell the tale, is constantly present, brooding at the forestage when not involved in the scene (which she does admirably in the person of Karen Armstrong).

The heroine Blanche de la Force is an aristocratic girl nearly crippled by pathological fearfulness, who by a irony of fate chooses the Carmelite order as a safe refuge. In the earlier scenes Krämer lets the pathology spread to the staging, by way of expressionist emphasis; for a time, we see the world through Blanche's eyes. *Blanche* von der Weh plays her unworldly well, and sings with touching simplicity and clarity, lacking only the experience to light up her words. So too with Heidi Ferson as her best friend, scatty, charming.

Poulenc's last scene is an outrageous comic, irresistibly harrowing in a literal production like the Royal Opera. As they arrive at the scaffold the *Ion* sing a long, beautiful *Salve Regina* - while their voices drop off one by one as their heads do, just offstage. Krämer makes it pathetically symbolic in a close huddle, the singing nuns (twice too many of them) advance slowly from furthest rear-stage, two or three of them faint, *Ion* at the blade, like *Blanche* dropping from a bough. Very balletic, quite pretty; but our hearts are not wrong.

INTERNATIONAL ARTS GUIDE

PARIS

GALLERIES
Grand Palais Tel: (1) 44 13 17 17
● Gustave Gullotta: retrospective of the painter and patron of art who belonged to the circle of Impressionism; to Jan 9
Musée d'Orsay Tel: (1) 45 49 11 11
● Forgotten Treasures from Cairo: a rich collection of works by Ingres, Courbet, Monet, Rodin, Gauguin and others; to Jan 9 (Not Mon)
OPERA/BALLET
Champs Elysées Tel: (1) 47 23 37
● La Dame de Pique: opera by Tchaikovsky. Director Valery Gergiev at 7.30 pm; Dec 2
● La Khovanshina: opera by Mussorgsky at 7.30 pm; Dec 3, 4
● Sadko: Rimsky-Korsakov opera. Musical director Valery Gergiev at 7.30 pm; Dec 8, 7, 9
Opéra National de Paris, Bastille Tel: (1) 47 47 57 50
● La Loo des Ogres: by Tchaikovsky. Choreographed and produced by Rudolf Noureev. Conducted by Valery Gergiev at 7.30 pm; Rem

Dec 9 to Dec 31 (Not Sun)

AMSTERDAM

CONCERTS
Het Concertgebouw Tel: (020) 671 8345
● Bernard Haitink conducts the Royal Concertgebouw Orchestra, with soprano Karen Huffstodt, mezzo-soprano Hanna Schwarz, and baritone Csaba Balazs to perform Schoenberg and Bartók at 8.15 pm; Dec 2
● Moscow Philharmonic Orchestra: conducted by Vassili Sinaïski play Beethoven and Mussorgsky at 8.15 pm; Dec 6
● Nikolaus Harnoncourt: conducts the Royal Concertgebouw Orchestra to play Schumann and Bruckner at 8.15 pm; Dec 7, 8, 9
Het Muziektheater Tel: (020) 551 2222
● Die Fledermaus: by Strauss. Conductor, Ralf Wiekert, production by Johannes Schaefer at 8 pm; Dec 8, 8
GALLERIES
Van Gogh Museum Tel: (020) 570 5200
● Odilon Redon: retrospective of the French artist's work with over 180 paintings, etchings and lithographs from public and private collections; to Jan 14

BARCELONA

GALLERIES
Fundació de Caixa Tel: (93) 404 60 73
● Kandinsky/Mondrian: Two Roads to Abstraction. Exhibition that marks the stylistic evolution of the two painters in their early phases; to Jan 22 (Not Mon)

Museu Picasso Tel: (93) 519 69 02

● Picasso's Early Works: 220 drawings and paintings from the period 1890-1912; to Feb 12 (Not Mon)

ZURICH

GALLERIES
Kunsthaus Zürich
● Degas-The Portraits: a major new exhibition on the portraits of Edgar Degas; from Dec 2 to Mar 5

LONDON

CONCERTS
Barbican Tel: (071) 638 8891
● Grand Operatic Evening: National Symphony Orchestra with soprano Susan McCulloch under the direction of Martin Mory perform a variety of operatic pieces at 7.30 pm; Dec 3
Festival Hall Tel: (071) 928 8800
● Choral Classic Series: Royal Philharmonic Orchestra with soloists Judith Howarth (soprano), Ruby Philogene (contralto), Ian Bostridge (tenor) and David Wilson-Johnson (bass) perform Handel's 'The Messiah' at 7.30 pm; Dec 9
● Philharmonia Orchestra: with conductor Charles Dutoit and pianist Peter Jablonksi play Tchaikovsky piano concerto No. 2 and Shostakovich (symphony No. 5) at 7.30 pm; Dec 6, 8
Queen Elizabeth Hall Tel: (071) 928 8800
● The Fall of Icarus: Multi-media event inspired by Bruegel's 'Landscape with Fall of Icarus'. Belgian director Frédéric Flamand collaborates with Italian artist Fabrizio Plessi and composer Michael Nyman at 7.45 pm; Dec 2, 2

Royal Opera House Tel: (071) 240 1200

● The Fairy Queen: by Purcell, adapted in 1982 from Shakespeare's 'A Midsummer Night's Dream'. In this performance, the play is replaced by short mimed scenes in between the Masques at 6.30 pm; Dec 4
GALLERIES
National Portrait Tel: (071) 308 0055
● Christina Rossetti: an exploration of the Victorian poet on the centenary of her death; to Feb 12
Serpentine Tel: (071) 402 0343
● Rebecca Horn: major exhibition of works by the German artist including, 'Kiss of the Rhinoceros'; Jan 8
Tate Tel: (071) 887 8000
● Turner Prize 1994: works by the shortlisted artists; to Dec 5
OPERA/BALLET
English National Opera Tel: (071) 632 8300
● Ariadne on Naxos: by Strauss. A Graham Vick production at 7.30 pm; Dec 8
● Khovanshchina: new production of Mussorgsky's opera. Director Francesca Zambello at 5.30 pm; Dec 3, 6, 9
● The Magic Flute: by Mozart. Originally produced by Nicolas Hynes, John Abulafia directs this revised with conductor Alex Ingram at 7.30 pm; Dec 2
Royal Opera House Tel: 071 240 1200

ASHTON REMEMBERED

celebration of founder choreographer Frederick Ashton. Includes pieces by Mendelssohn, Offenbach, Massenet and Walton at 7.30 pm; Dec 9
● La Traviata: by Verdi. A new production by Richard Eyre. Georg

Soft conducts for the first five performances, Philippe Auguin.

In Italian with English surtitles at 7.30 pm; Dec 2, 5, 8
● Mixed Programme: includes Fearful Symmetries choreographed by Ashley Page, and Symphony in B-flat, choreographed by George Balanchine at 7.30 pm; Dec 6, 7
● The Sleeping Beauty: a new production of Tchaikovsky's ballet. Produced by Anthony Dowell, set designed by Maria Bjornson at 7.30 pm; Dec 8 (2 pm)
THEATRE
Donmar Warehouse Tel: (071) 368 1747
● True West: by Sam Shepard, directed by Matthew Warchus. Michael Rudko and Mark Rylands (who swap roles on alternative nights) play two warring brothers at 8 pm; to Dec 3 (Not Sun)
National, Lyttelton Tel: (071) 928 2252
● Out of a House Walked a Man: by Daniel Xharris. A Royal National Theatre and Theatre de Complicité co-production of a collection of musical scenes by the Russian absurdist writer at 7.30 pm; Dec 2, 3 (2.15 pm), 5, 9
Strand Theatre Tel: (071) 930 8800
● The Prime of Miss Jean Brodie: by Muriel Spark, adapted by Jay Presson Allen, directed Alan Strachan. Miss B. played by Patricia Hodge at 7.45 pm; to Feb 25 (Not Sun)

NEW YORK

GALLERIES
Metropolitan
● Origins of Impressionism: 175 paintings by Parisian artists of the 1860's; to Jan 8 (Not Mon)

Museum of Modern Art Tel: (212) 708 9480

● A Century of Artists' Books: Exhibition of 140 books from some of this century's foremost artists; to Jan 11
OPERA/BALLET
Metropolitan Tel: (212) 362 6000
● Don Giovanni: by Mozart, sung in Italian at 8 pm; Dec 2, 5
● Lady Macbeth of Mtsensk by Shostakovich at 8 pm; Dec 3, 7
● Madama Butterfly: by Puccini at 8 pm; Dec 5, 8
● Rigoletto: Italian opera by Verdi at 8 pm; Dec 3, 9
THEATRE
Manhattan Theatre Club Tel: (212) 581 1212
● Loyal Valour Compassion: latest play by Terence McNally (of Kiss of the Spiderwoman fame), directed by Joe Mantello. Sun. performance 7pm otherwise at 8 pm; to Jan 1 (Not Mon)

WASHINGTON

CONCERTS
Kennedy Centre Tel: (202) 467 4600
● National Symphony Orchestra: conducted by Giji Oua play Mahler and Tchaikovsky at 8.30 pm; Dec 2 (1.30 pm), 3, 6 (7 pm)
GALLERIES
National Gallery Tel: (202) 737 4215
● Roy Lichtenstein: A survey spanning four decades of the American Pop artist; to Jan 8
Sackler Tel: (202) 357 2700
● Landscape as Culture: Lois Conner travels through Asia recording architecture and landscapes with her 100-year-old banquet camera; May 30

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WEDNESDAY
NBC/Super Channel: FT Reports 1230

FRIDAY

NBC/Super Channel: FT Reports 1230
Sky News: FT Reports 0230, 2030

SUNDAY

NBC/Super Channel: FT Reports 2230
Sky News: FT Reports 0430, 1730;

Music on the cards

NBC, the Japanese electronics company, yesterday announced that it had developed a new music player that records music from data stored on a credit-card sized semi-conductor.

The device, called a "Silicon Audio", is light and portable, and can store up to 100 songs. It is a credit-card sized device with no moving parts, and no need for a cassette tape. It can be used to record music from a CD, or from a digital synthesizer, or from a digital audio player, or from a digital audio recorder.

NBC believes that the Silicon Audio will be a major success story for the company. It is a credit-card sized device with no moving parts, and no need for a cassette tape. It can be used to record music from a CD, or from a digital synthesizer, or from a digital audio player, or from a digital audio recorder.

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The UK government's private finance initiative has yet to become the talk of the town, even in business circles. But Mr Kenneth Clarke, the Chancellor, gave it star billing in this week's Budget, signalling ministerial determination that the private sector take over a large slice of the government's investment and service delivery responsibilities.

"Privatisation and private finance are rapidly becoming the chosen method for raising the quality of public services," declared Mr Clarke. The Tory vision is for central and local government to become essentially the regulator and standard-setter for private providers of public services, from roads and prisons to hospitals and swimming pools.

Private operators may be directly from consumers, or in the form of grants from government departments or public-sector institutions. Hybrid schemes are envisaged, notably public-private consortia or local council level.

When launched the private finance initiative (PFI) was greeted with a large dose of scepticism by private industry. With good reason. So far, most departments have launched only a handful of projects. Even the prospect of projects for the announced by Mr Clarke this week is not as significant as it seems, against a backdrop of overall cuts in state infrastructure spending. More than half that figure is accounted for by one project: the Channel tunnel rail link, not due to be finished until 2000.

However, privatisation started small in the early 1980s, not gathering critical momentum until the sale of British Telecom in 1984. The PFI could follow the same pattern.

Mr George Young, the Treasury minister directly responsible for PFI, told a packed conference of public-sector executives last week that the "build-up period" was now drawing to a close, with take-off imminent. He said a programme of critical infrastructure projects would be announced as a central theme.

However, imagination is not enough. The crucial test is the readiness of private companies to take on projects on the government's terms.

Ministers believe that the success of PFI will be "genuine". However, as Mr Stan Williams

Private finance initiative: building blocks



PFI contracts expected in 1995

Northern Line modernisation	\$400m
Computerisation of National Insurance records	\$250m
Two prisons	\$180m
Four "design, build, finance, operate" road schemes	\$380m
Scottish air traffic control centre	\$200m
Channel tunnel rail link	\$2.7bn
Docklands Light Railway Lewisham extension	\$100m-\$130m
West Coast Main Line	\$200m-\$310m
Computerisation of Post Office counters	\$130m
Fifty small health sector projects	\$100m
Two Scottish sewage treatment works	\$50m
Total	\$2.9bn-\$3.4bn

These amounts refer to capital spending. Some contracts would involve follow-up spending on maintenance or operations. The figures represent total values of projects and include public as well as private finance.

A star yet to shine

Andrew Adonis and Charles Batchelor on plans to boost the UK's private finance initiative

A partner at Coopers & Lybrand, the accountancy firm, told last week's conference, "the private finance initiative will improve value for money, notably where they relate to design, construction and operation. The success of the private sector - which could include planning and construction risk - is likely to damage value for money. And in some cases an increased approach could make projects unbankable, damaging the credibility of the scheme in the eyes of potential operators and funders."

Another problem has been defining the scope of the PFI. Mr Douglas, a member of the private finance panel, said last year it was as a catalyst for new projects. Over the next year, private finance will cover almost all projects with only areas such as waste

projects, where the motorist pays directly, excluded. Even waste may not be excluded, following recent changes which have made it more for councils to engage in joint venture projects.

The principal of a further education college told last week's conference that there was a "real market" for projects in education infrastructure, but that agreement with government about the distribution of risk was holding up progress.

Transport projects offer the largest immediate field for private industry, and so a part of the imagination and enthusiasm of companies for the PFI. The Channel tunnel rail link, costing an estimated \$2.7bn, transport accounts for more than 80 per cent of the \$2.9bn-\$3.4bn worth of contracts which the government hopes to award in 1995. It is fewer than 11

comprising construction companies, banks and civil engineering consultancies put in bids for the four schemes - valued at \$230m - built under the "design, build, finance, operate" programme. The winning bidder will build the road and manage it for up to 25 years, in return for "shadow tolls" paid by the government reflecting traffic volumes and the efficiency of the maintenance and management.

The attraction of these schemes is that they allow construction companies to even out the fluctuations of the building cycle with relatively steady revenues from the roads they manage. Dragados, a Spanish member of one of the five winning consortia, currently makes 15 per cent of its profits from road management in Spain and Latin America, but expects this figure to rise to 30 per cent within a few years.

All schemes such as the Channel tunnel rail link, for which four bidding consortia have been shortlisted, also offer the opportunity to break into a sector with good growth prospects. With increasing environmental pressures on road building programmes, the prospects of an upsurge in railway construction appear good. If there was an aspect of the Chancellor's Budget remarks on the PFI which disappointed the City and the civil engineering industry, it was his failure to announce any new schemes - though these may come in ministerial announcements over the next few weeks.

"Progress has been slow and there is no guarantee that any of the schemes being included in the PFI will be built within a reasonable timescale," said the Institution of Civil Engineers. Mr George Young attributed these delays to the problems of marrying two diverse cultures: the public sector with its emphasis on accountability to taxpayers' money and the free-footed private sector.

Companies bidding for contracts are undoubtedly driven by declining public-sector investment in infrastructure projects. That pressure can only intensify.

However, none of the transport schemes under consideration has yet reached the stage of detailed contract agreement, which leaves the question of whether contracts can be fashioned to provide private-sector returns commensurate with the transfer of risk involved.

THE FT INTERVIEW: Gianfranco Fini

Game player of the right



Fini, leader of Italy's neo-fascist MSI/National Alliance

It takes a chess player to enhance his reputation during political turbulence.

With a game in progress on a large chess board by his office desk, Mr Gianfranco Fini is as dedicated a player as one is likely to find in the Berlusconi government.

The 42-year-old leader of the neo-fascist MSI/National Alliance, a key partner in Italy's rightwing coalition government, is playing the long game: cleverly, strategically and with a cool nerve.

He plans to be the leader of the Italian right. His immediate mission is to gain respectability for the MSI, long treated as the pariah of Italian politics because of its identification with the fascism of Mussolini.

Always affable and immaculately neat, Mr Fini thrives on politics. He came to prominence last year, when he narrowly lost the fight to be mayor of Rome. His party has since moved into the mainstream thanks to its alliance with Prime Minister Silvio Berlusconi and his Forza Italia movement.

It has also begun working on a new identity. In January it will drop its Italian Social Movement (MSI) label, and retain only the less emotive National Alliance (AN) adopted earlier this year.

"The right in Italy has always been linked to fascism, which itself is an Italian phenomenon. The MSI grew out of fascism," he says. But he describes himself as a post-fascist, and says: "I'm trying to reposition the party to be the new right, but certainly not by linking it to fascism."

Nevertheless, Mr Fini faces serious problems in marginalising the hardliners who control much of the party organisation, especially in the south. Several still make the fascist salute, and have made no efforts to distance themselves from the hooliganism of neo-fascists.

He has been urged to force these elements out, rather like the former communists who created the Party of the Democratic Left (PDS) and left the hardline ramp to establish its own party, Reconstructed Communism. But Mr Fini takes a more pragmatic view.

"Some activists will certainly leave" when AN is formally inaugurated, he says. "But I

don't think they would form another parliamentary party... If the proportional voting system had remained, this might have happened, but I think the new majority voting system forces the formation of large parties - that means that smaller parties are widely differing views."

Mr Fini claims it was the need to transform his party and explain it to the electorate that led him to refuse a ministerial position in the government.

"It may sound presumptuous but, if I hadn't decided to dedicate many hours of the day to this problem, it would be more difficult to end the existence of the MSI and give birth to the AN." He omits to mention this also allows him to keep his hands clean and plot from outside.

Mr Fini and his party, with 12 per cent of the national vote, have become an essential prop for Mr Berlusconi, providing much of the government's

political backbone. The MSI has been a key player in government, state entities and the judiciary. It is so that the MSI has been pulled away from the centre to the right.

With its support base in the south, where the MSI picks up as much as 30 per cent of the vote, Mr Fini is concerned that the government's policies

"must not have a negative social impact" on the region. He does not want the MSI to be seen as a party of the state, and

ensures the business can compete on the same conditions as the private sector.

Mr Fini's winding up of the giant state holding company - created in the 1930s. But he is concerned that jobs are lost in the south. "Voters don't want hand-outs; they want to see the state put in the market and ensure the business can compete on the same conditions as the private sector."

'Italy is on its journey from the first to the second republic'

tions in the north. This means combating organised crime, ensuring the same and that the transport system works."

Mr Fini recognises that he could extend his support if Mr Berlusconi falls, by inheriting a slice of the Forza Italia electorate. But the situation is double-edged. With Mr Berlusconi gone, no-one else might consider Mr Fini an acceptable ally, and he could be marginalised.

He wants a coalition with its five MSI ministers to survive. "This is the only viable government: if it falls we will either have to find another government within the existing parliamentary majority or hold fresh elections."

He thinks it unlikely the coalition can be enlarged. "It can only move towards the Popular party [which contains the bulk of the former Christian Democrats] - but this is split into those ready to ally with the right and those who want to go to the left."

Mr Fini is a key player in the coalition government, the populist Northern League, which he describes as "an indispensable but at times impossible ally".

"Either the League reaches an agreement with the government to govern, or there is a crisis." He says. Umberto Bossi, the League's leader, may seek to leave the coalition in January if the government is approved.

He is the last to say that Mr Berlusconi is under investigation for corruption as a lesser issue. "The threat to him being under investigation is the first day of the government; now that this has happened, the negative impact has already been absorbed."

"Besides, the main flank on which he has been attacked was his dual role as businessman and prime minister. This he is now resolving and the high point of the polemic has passed."

Whatever the fate of the government, Mr Fini sees a period of political instability ahead. "Italy is on its journey from the first to the second republic. We are in the middle of the river... I hope there are piranhas," he says with a laugh, knowing that he may be one of them.

Robert Graham

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Number One Southwark Bridge, London SE1 9HL

Fax 071 5938. Letters should be clearly typed and not hand written. Please set fax for finest resolution

Electricity dividends

From Mr George Soros.

Sir, Ukraine is poised on the verge of radical economic reform. Until recently it has had no coherent economic policy: the budget deficit ran out of control, reaching 30 per cent of the gross domestic product. After a period of hyperinflation of more than 10,000 per cent in 1993, the central bank made a valiant attempt to control the money supply, but the effect was merely to leave wages and other obligations unpaid. Regulations impeded economic activity and the official economy was largely incapacitated. The GDP fell by no less than 39 per cent in the three years 1991-93 and a further 24 per cent in the first half of 1994. Energy supplies became intermittent while Ukraine accumulated a unpaid debt of some \$6bn against Russia and Turkmenistan. The shadow economy flourished but, even so, the decline in living standards was much more severe than in Russia.

The previous president, Leonid Kravchuk, realised that the problems were bigger than his ability to cope with them and therefore did not even try. The new president, Leonid Kuchma, elected by a narrow majority on July 10, is made of sterner stuff. He is aware that Ukraine cannot survive as an independent country without firm direction and is ready to take tough decisions.

Fortunately, the G-7 heads of state threw a lifeline in Ukraine at their Naples summit by promising \$4bn in aid if Ukraine undertakes economic reforms. President Kuchma is determined to seize that lifeline. Ukraine signed a structural transformation facility agreement worth \$1.2bn as early as September 23 and is working with the International Monetary Fund to reach a stand-by agreement before Christmas, which should eventually provide a further \$1.2bn.

The same organisations held a similar meeting in Vilnius on October 27, and subsequently the US committed \$70m for immediate payments support in the increased to \$100m if the European Union provided matching funds. The funds are needed before the end of 1994 in order to assure continuing gas supplies from Russia and Turkmenistan. But within the EU, the UK, supported by France,

Aid terms endanger Ukraine

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resisted German pressure to provide matching funds. Its argument was that this would create an undesirable precedent because in the past the EU chipped in only after a stand-by agreement had been agreed with the IMF.

The issue will come up again at the Berlin meeting of the EU on December 5. The net amount to be provided by the EU before the end of 1994 is only \$20m, because \$80m of the \$100m is to be withheld to settle outstanding liabilities. This \$20m barely exceeds the amount I provided in aid to Ukraine through my foundations during 1994. Japan has made its contribution conditional on action by the European Union and so did the US to the tune of \$30m.

I find it increasingly probable that the UK would allow the aid package to unravel and endanger the survival of Ukraine as an independent, democratic and reform-minded country. The disintegration of Ukraine would have consequences too horrendous to contemplate.

The Soros Foundations, 333 Seventh Avenue, New York, NY 10106.

George Soros, President, Soros Foundations, 333 Seventh Avenue, New York, NY 10106.

British Gas salaries defence a bit rich

From Mr Michael Goldman.

Sir, The chairman of British Gas gives a cogent explanation (Letters, December 1) for the chief executive's pay rise, and in a free society we have to accept that people are paid what they can get - but surely what is unacceptable is the simultaneous squeeze on the lower paid.

That is largely the fault of the government's taxation policy which has not only widened the gap between the better off and the worse off, but has also depressed the living standards of the latter. This I believe to be indefensible and I have yet to hear in defence of it a voice even from the brazen Tory right wing.

Michael Goldman, marketing consultant, 1 Lyndale Close, Blackheath, London SE3 7RG

From Mr Derek H Broome.

Sir, Clive of India defended himself from charges of greed by comparing himself with other, greedier, Mr

Giordano mounts the same defence for the salaries of British Gas, but at much greater length. The principles of personnel and salary administration are at the boardroom door, but the remuneration of executive directors and institutional shareholders.

There are many people better qualified than I at least as to receiving a tenth of the salary and few other benefits. If directors feel underpaid, they should put themselves on the open market, and make room for new blood.

Derek H Broome, Potters' End, 52 Wellington Road, Mears Abbey, Northampton NN4 7LJ

From Ms Lesley Ellis.

Sir, I find it fascinating that Mr Giordano sees it as important to construct a long letter to defend his chief executive's increase in salary to the financial community. What a shame that no member

of British Gas's board saw it as equally important to appear on the Watchdog to explain to ordinary customers why it is also planning to penalise those who pay it on time but not in the manner that British Gas demands.

But then, Mr Giordano refuses that British Gas is an arrogant out-of-touch privatised monopoly with overpaid executives, he will no doubt be able to advise me where I can buy my gas elsewhere.

Lesley Ellis, Potters' End, 52 Wellington Road, Mears Abbey, Northampton NN4 7LJ

From Mr Philip M Hall.

Sir, I thought Mr Giordano's letter a bit rich. After all, what is he paid as a part-time, non-executive chairman, and who appoints the non-executive directors anyway?

Philip M Hall, The Hunting Box, Putmore Heath, Albury, Ware, Herts SG11 5LX

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Friday December 2 1994

Mr Zedillo starts well

Modern Mexican presidents are accustomed to taking office in the midst of economic crisis. Unlike his predecessors, Mr Ernesto Zedillo, who assumed the presidency yesterday, has the luxury of inheriting an economy which, while not without problems, is in reasonable shape. Unfortunately, the same cannot be said for Mexico's political system.

This year two political assassinations, repeated allegations of involvement in drug trafficking in politics, and a peasant revolt in the southern state of Chiapas have undermined confidence in the Mexican political system. The year has shown that authoritarian methods of political manipulation used by presidents in the past are less effective than they were. Yet Mexico is a long way from replacing this creaky old political system with reliable government institutions.

Reform of the political system is the most urgent task of Mr Zedillo's six-year term. It is needed because political shocks upset foreign investors, who will be necessary to sustain Mexican economic growth until the low rate of domestic savings rises. It is needed because what it would secure - the rule of law - is essential to a well-functioning market economy. It is needed to improve the lives of ordinary Mexicans, who suffer daily the arbitrary actions of those supposed to enforce the law.

In his inauguration speech, Mr Zedillo started well. His task is to place the institutions of government - in particular the corrupt judiciary, the police and the electoral system - above political controversy. Yesterday, he committed himself to "profound reform" of the judiciary, electoral reform, continued tight control over public finances and a peaceful solution in Chiapas.

Opposition figure

In choosing his cabinet, he resisted the temptation to reach into the ranks of the political old guard in an attempt to repress political opposition. His decision to appoint an opposition figure - Mr Antonio Lozano of the National Action party - as attorney-general sends an important signal that he is serious about the long-overdue separation of the judiciary from politics.

The appointment of one man, of course, cannot guarantee the rule of law. It remains to be seen if the new attorney-general can function effectively within a political system dominated by the same party for 65 years. But an important signal will be sent if he can effect progress in the investigation into the assassination in September of the PRI secretary-general, Mr Jose Francisco Ruiz Massieu.

Public confidence

To build public confidence in justice, much more needs to be done, including an overhaul of the judiciary from the supreme court down and reform of the police.

Mr Zedillo should also resist directly intervening in the affairs of Mexico's states. Too often his predecessor, Mr Carlos Salinas, used extra-constitutional powers to replace elected state governors or the ruling party in efforts to calm opposition protests at apparently fraudulent state elections. Although electoral fraud has been a serious symptom of Mexico's political ills, the president's arbitrary actions merely compounded the problem.

The answer instead is to build public confidence in the electoral system - by ensuring, as he has promised, it is run by independent officials and by stopping the ruling party's egregious outspending of its rivals and the parties' unequal access to the media. Mr Zedillo will face the first test of his attitude in Chiapas, where the guerrillas who fomented the new year revolt are threatening violence if Mr Eduardo Robledo takes office as governor next week.

The new president has appointed a cabinet largely of technocrats, educated in the US, hugely capable technically but lacking obvious support from within the ruling party. His only nod in the direction of the party's old guard was his appointment as energy minister of Mr Ignacio Pickens, who has been accused, and denies, obstructing the investigation into Mr Ruiz's murder.

The president clearly believes that a group of relative political novices can guide political reform; and second that there will be no backlash from the traditional elite. It is a risk, but one worth taking. Mr Zedillo has got off to a good start. Now he must make his words count.

A year after the spectacular collapse of its planned merger with Renault, Volvo, the Swedish vehicle manufacturer, is thriving after the collapse of its alliance plans with Renault, says Kevin Done

Up to speed once again

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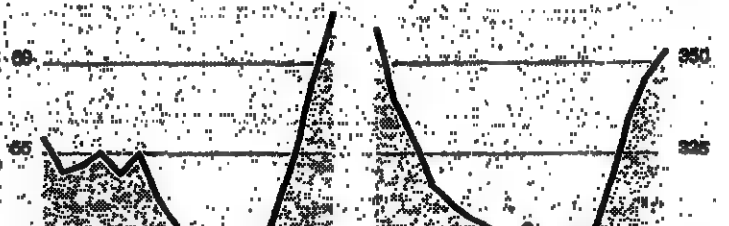
Up to speed once again

Volvo staying single



Truck deliveries, annualised rate '000 units

Net car sales, annualised rate '000 units



Group operating profit, \$m

Share price, SEK



Share price, SEK

Share price, SEK

Share price, SEK

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Mr Ringsten, but its performance has been erratic. The vulnerability has come from the sharp swings in sales volumes in the car business and from the impact of ill-timed and inefficient new product development programmes.

For the short-term, the outlook is positive. Volvo is benefiting from the tough cost-cutting programmes it was forced to implement during recession, as well as from an upturn in its main markets and the favourable response to new car and truck products launched in the past two years.

For the longer term, the strategies to reduce the vulnerability caused by its size and independence will not be finalised for several months. But a more aggressive direction is becoming clear - particularly in the truck sector, where Volvo has its main strength.

The truck operations are poised to embark on a far-reaching expansion in Europe and Asia. The ambitious plans include a new range of trucks to allow Volvo to enter the European light truck market for the first time.

The company is planning to establish a joint venture in China, that would add an Asian production centre to its regional truck manufacturing operations in Europe and North and South America. Asia is Volvo's "number one priority" in its geographic expansion of truck operations, says Mr Karl-Erik Troen, Volvo's chief executive.

The way forward is less tricky in car manufacturing, where Volvo is one of the smallest producers in the mainstream car industry.

"We have a strong brand name," says Mr Per-Erik Mohlin, president of Volvo Car, "and the values of tomorrow are coming closer to Volvo in terms of safety and environmental concerns."

Volvo is strong in the "family market", he says, but it must broaden its customer base to gain more "pre-family" and "post-family" buyers. Mr Mohlin believes this can be done by developing a wider range of products, based on Volvo's core platforms, rather than the three currently in use.

"We know it is possible to develop cars from a single platform," he says. "The trick is to utilise common components but to differentiate the products."

According to Mr Ringsten, Volvo will still make low-level collaboration with other companies, but without the "corporate alliances with share swaps" involved in the Renault alliance.

There is already one important partnership, a joint venture in the Netherlands with Mitsubishi Motors, to provide Volvo with a replacement for its current 400 medium car range in 1995.

Mr Mohlin's task is to plot a cost-effective way of replacing the rest of the Volvo car range towards the end of the decade. It is the key to the group's future success as a focused automotive group - and it has helped Volvo in the past.

reassured by Mr Gyll's firm approach. When it emerged last year that Mr Gyll and his senior colleagues shared their opposition to the merger, the shareholders were happy to see them continue to manage the company.

Mr Gyll, 54, has quickly emerged as the dominant figure at Volvo. Although his only previous experience of the motor industry was a short spell as a car salesman in his youth, his record of restructuring Procordia is said by his supporters to equip him well for the task of refocusing Volvo on its core vehicle operations and shedding its non-core interests.

Mr Gyll has been careful to avoid direct criticism of a man who was "Mr Volvo" for 23 years. But he has no hesitation in agreeing that Volvo is undergoing a change in culture. "I hope so," he says. "At the moment we are working hard on that. A company doesn't work if it doesn't have open communication between people."

contract, by Mexican photocart Roberto Hernandez, who runs the Banamex financial group. Aspe's availability is also engendering a certain amount of excitement on Wall Street - though it is not known if he would condescend to work for the gringos.

In any event, Aspe has not, unlike many of his predecessors, left office fabulously wealthy. So a few years on a chunky salary would presumably be welcome - allowing him, for instance, to trade up from the holiday time share he has in Puerto Vallarta.

Barley high

Meanwhile, the Mexican financial daily El Economista reported that the country's farmers are fully behind the choice of Arturo Warman as minister of agriculture. "Warman is recognised as someone with experience in the field" the rest of the world will be relieved to hear.

PED-cure

Whitehall boffins have added another acronym to their extensive lexicon. PED - preliminary exploratory dialogue - is the official euphemism for talks with Sinn Féin, set to start next week. Presumably we will know progress is being made when the boffins start referring to "ED" and eventually "D".

Robert Grahe

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Insuring the uninsurable

The safety net which insurance hangs above the risks of running a business is looking pretty ragged across much of the world. As insurance and reinsurance for next year are negotiated, many businesses are finding that the cost of securing cover is rising steeply. The upwards pressure on rates has been restrained by competition; reinsurance markets are currently flush with funds, partly because there have been relatively few natural disasters in the past two years. Nonetheless, some categories of risk are beginning to seem uninsurable, even where cover is a legal requirement. In others, only partial cover is obtainable.

The areas proving most troublesome to price are those where the costs are potentially huge, even if the probability of the event is low. Such cases crop up most frequently under legislation for environmental protection, and health and safety. Yesterday UK government officials and insurers met to discuss the industry's plans to limit the coverage they will offer companies against the risk of death or injury to employees, even though this could put companies in breach of employment laws.

These issues are not new. But they have grown more pressing, partly because of the size and unpredictability of damages awarded by the courts against companies. The problem is particularly acute in the US, where punitive damages are frequently awarded, and where the size of those damages can be determined by juries. In September a federal jury awarded \$50m in punitive damages against Exxon, the US oil group, for the sinking of its tanker off Alaska in 1989, even though Exxon had already spent \$30m cleaning up the coast.

Contaminated land

The spectacle of such awards has itself inflamed the trend towards litigiousness in the US and beyond. Meanwhile, proposals for new regulation - such as the UK's plans for allocating responsibility for contaminated land, which could greatly increase companies' liabilities - have further stirred the anxiety of insurers.

The industry may well be guilty of exaggerating its grounds for concern. In particular, interna-

tional reinsurers have tended to project their fears about US risk on to business in other countries, while some insurers have used the unproven theory of global warming to justify higher rates for storm cover.

Whether or not the insurers are guilty of exaggeration, these trends mean that an increasing amount of business activity could end up uninsured. One consequence is that companies which have huge damages awarded against them will more frequently go bankrupt. Another is that some businesses may be abandoned altogether.

Uncertain solution

What can be done to stitch up the holes in the insurance net? The likely liabilities may become more predictable and insurance easier to price, as courts establish a longer record of precedents. But that is a lengthy and uncertain solution. An alternative route would be for courts or legislators to limit potential punitive damages, and restrict any charges to the costs of repairing or compensating for the harm done.

Even then, some liabilities may be uninsurable - accidents involving nuclear reactors, for example. Equally, companies may find themselves unable to secure adequate insurance against certain risks - terrorism being an obvious case. The UK government has picked up the difference between insurance cover and the cost of damage inflicted by terrorist bombs on City of London skyscrapers. It did so, albeit reluctantly, because of concern for the City's future. In this way, governments may be obliged to accept the role of co-insurer where the insurance industry will not accept the full risk.

The most practical conclusion, however, is that governments should give more thought to the costs of compliance when they draft legislation. US environmental and asbestos claims have, for example, already wiped out many syndicates at Lloyd's of London. If the Superfund legislation of the US on contaminated land were fully enforced, many companies, insurers and possibly even banks would shut down. The safety net provided by the world's insurance industry cannot be expanded without limit if it is not to tear.

The man is the message

Hugh Carnegie on a change of corporate culture

One of the first things Mr Sören Gyll ordered at Volvo after the sudden departure of Mr Pehr Gyllenhammar as chairman was the opening of the big double doors that lead from the lobby at Volvo's hilltop headquarters outside Gothenburg into the inner sanctum of executive management offices.

The opening of the doors, previously closed to all but a chosen few, was intended to symbolise a more accessible style of management in a company dominated by Mr Gyllenhammar for more than two decades. "Such things are small details," says Mr Gyll, Volvo's chief executive. "But they send signals."

Mr Gyll is seeking a change of culture at Volvo to match the wholesale change of strategy undertaken since the breakdown of the merger with Renault. The emphasis is on openness and dialogue. Under Mr Gyllenhammar, whose authoritarian style earned

him the nickname "the Kaiser", strategy and orders came from only one quarter, the top.

Since the merger fiasco, Mr Gyll has consolidated his position at the head of a senior management team that has undergone remarkably few changes given the trauma the company underwent.

Most of the present Volvo executive management team were closely involved in the merger plan, and two of its members were to have top-level roles in the merged Renault-Volvo. Like Mr Gyll, they took part in the public battle to win approval for the merger, advocating its merits.

Yet in the end several top managers joined an internal revolt which, while dissolving the alliance

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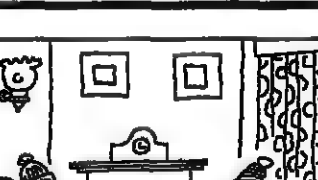
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OBSERVER



"It's my turn to cuddle the tortoise"

ICFTU was born out of the Cold War in 1949 originally as an anti-Communist front for trade unions from the western world and for a long time it was concerned mainly in battling for free trade unions in the Soviet Union. Since the fall of the Berlin Wall, the ICFTU has been trying to find a new role championing trade union rights around the world. The 58-year-old Jordan loves globe-trotting - he was in India recently on a British trade mission. But the ICFTU is more than just a source of junkets for ageing union bosses. He believes it has a vital role to play, particularly in pushing for union freedoms in the

Jordan's crossing

At long last a British union boss is not favouring to take up a full-time post in an international organisation. Bill Jordan, current president of the AEEU electrical and engineering union, appears to have secured the necessary roles to become general secretary of the Brussels-based International Confederation of Free Trade Unions.

This will come as a relief to the TUC which has been lobbying hard to get a Brit into the job. The

On the ROCs

Britain may not yet recognise the People's Republic of China in the political arena, but the powers that be have at last sanctioned an official trading relationship with Taiwan. At the end of the month, the Department of Trade and Industry takes over the functions of the independent Anglo-Taiwan Trade Committee, which has been busily promoting UK trade for 20 years from its office in deepest Croydon. Given that the latter fostered trade in a host of exports from Scotch whisky to railway rolling stock, and managed to create the largest overseas market for Montego cars, the DTI may find it a hard act to follow.

Dog eat dog

Andrew Lee paper's famous puppy could be headed for a run-in with the TV watchdog. The latest UK advertisement, promoting "squeezably soft" paper, shows children cuddling a newly-purchased puppy. So what? Well, the Canine Defence League is up in arms, and there have been over 40 complaints to the Independent Television Commission, according to the trade journal Campaign. Many of the latter were worried that families might be thereby encouraged to give puppies as Christmas presents. Three accused Andrew of condoning the squeezing of puppies.

Aspirational

Headhunters' delight on the Mexican job market these days is Pedro Aspe, Mexico's long-standing finance minister left out of Ernesto Zedillo's new cabinet, seemingly at his own behest. Aspe, who had aspired to Zedillo's job himself, is apparently being courted, for a lucrative 10-year

Barley high

Meanwhile, the Mexican financial daily El Economista reported that the country's farmers are fully behind the choice of Arturo Warman as minister of agriculture. "Warman is recognised as someone with experience in the field" the rest of the world will be relieved to hear.

PED-cure

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UK government to open talks with Irish Sinn Féin next week

By David Owen and Jimmy Burns in London and George Graham in Washington

The UK government is to begin talks with Sinn Féin, the IRA's political wing, on Wednesday. The move will start an important phase of the Northern Ireland peace process.

The announcement - made in a letter to Mr Gerry Adams, Sinn Féin president, from a senior government official - came three months after the IRA's ceasefire.

Decommissioning of paramilitary weapons will be top of the agenda in the talks, intended to start bringing Sinn Féin into the political mainstream.

The Sinn Féin team is to be led by Mr Martin McGuinness, a vice-president in the organisation. Mr Quentin Thomas, the Number Two civil servant in the Northern Ireland Office, will lead

the government's team. The talks will be held in Belfast, probably at Stormont.

Yesterday's announcement of an earlier-than-expected date for the talks came as the government appeared to bow to US pressure over whether Sinn Féin members would be invited to an important Belfast investment conference this month.

Washington officials cautious on Ireland Page 8

Several US institutions and corporations had threatened to boycott the conference unless Sinn Féin was excluded.

Congressional supporters of the Irish Republicans urged the US administration not to allow Mr Ron Brown, US commerce secretary, to attend the conference unless the British government excluded Mr Adams.

Yesterday the government said a handful of Sinn Féin councillors would after all be invited in their capacity as members of two local council committees.

The decision is thought to have had an important bearing on the starting date of preliminary talks with Sinn Féin, in effect entailing that they had to get under way before the conference on December 13 and 14.

Ulster Unionists and some senior Conservatives were under the impression until very recently that the talks would begin only just before Christmas.

Reaction to yesterday's announcement was mixed. Ian Paisley, leader of the hardline Democratic Unionist party, said the decision to hold talks with

the "men of blood" was "highly resented". But the move was welcomed by Ms Marjorie Mowlam, the opposition Labour party's Northern Ireland spokeswoman.

In Washington, President Bill Clinton welcomed the announcement, saying that a just and lasting settlement in Northern Ireland was "finally within reach".

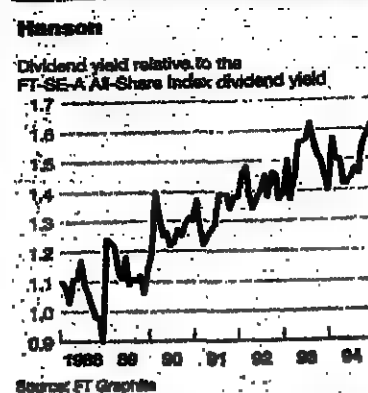
Separately, he announced the appointment of Senator George Mitchell, the retiring leader of the Democratic Senate majority, to be his special adviser on Ulster economic initiatives.

The Commerce Department said Mr Brown definitely planned to attend the conference. Mr Mitchell will consider attending. The US is also entangled with negotiations over Adams's visit to Washington next week. The US is not to be dissuaded from granting Mr Adams another visa.

THE LEX COLUMN

Quantum leaps

FT-SE Index: 3039.6 (-41.8)



The rebound in profits at Quantum Chemical Corporation has proved stronger than Hanson anticipated when it made the acquisition last year. After appearing to lose its touch with other recent transactions, Hanson has once again found a deal to perfection. The purchase looks set to sustain annual earnings growth for the group at well over 20 per cent for the next two years.

The problem is that the Quantum deal has brought not just short-term dynamism to Hanson's earnings. It has also turned Hanson into a more cyclical company than it was. Profits which are rising sharply will one day drop just as rapidly, if not more so. This fear has driven Hanson's shares down by 17 per cent against the market in the past year, forcing the yield to a significant premium. If earnings growth enabled Hanson to pay higher dividends than the market, the historic yield of more than 6 per cent would be a strong signal to buy the shares. But earnings growth is unlikely to prove sustainable beyond a peak in two to three years' time.

Moreover, post-tax operating cash flow was only £322m - less than the dividend payment of £568m. The second half showed an improvement over the first and that is set to continue. But it is unlikely to do so strongly enough to allow Hanson to increase its dividends aggressively at the same time as rebuilding cover. Hanson's shares have outperformed over the last month and were resilient yesterday as the market fell. This is appropriate, given the group's success with Quantum. But a more far-reaching re-rating will be hard to achieve.

fact that it will experience a "modest" cash outflow, because the special dividend to be paid to the rees from the Grid will not quite cover capital gains tax and rebates to customers. The temptation might have been to keep a few Grid shares and then sell them in the market to cover any cash shortfall. Again, all rees are so overcapitalised that they should follow Seaboard's practice. Where Seaboard was disappointed was in refusing to promise future share buy-backs or special dividends. Seaboard and other rees could easily live with gearing over 50 per cent, which would imply returning cash to shareholders much more aggressively than hitherto. One hopes the management's coyness merely reflects a desire to keep a third cheer up its sleeve for the moment.

UK electricity

Seaboard deserves two cheers for advancing shareholder interests. The first cheer is for yesterday's 51 per cent increase in its interim dividend per share. Such an increase may not have been hard to finance, given its cash pile. The temptation could have been to raise the dividend by the 17 per cent which prevailed last year. The total sum paid out has, in fact, gone up 17 per cent, but because the company also recently bought back 5 per cent of its equity, dividends per share rose more. Where Seaboard has shown the way, other electricity companies would do well to follow.

The second cheer is for Seaboard's statement that it plans to distribute all its stock in the National Grid direct to its shareholders. That is despite the

Grand Metropolitan

There was nothing sinister about the revelation that Grand Metropolitan earned 564m in operating profits from the sale of Burger King restaurants to franchisees last year. But the figure was higher than expected and arguably should have been taken below the line as the profits did not arise from normal trading. It raised a question-mark about the quality of the group's profits from food - otherwise a highlight of yesterday's figures.

Strong cash-flow was another plus point, but this was outweighed by the poor performance from drinks. Here, operating profits dropped 8 per cent overall, with a fall of 4 per cent in the US. Special factors, such as a major stock repurchase, help explain this. But the data underscored just how difficult

conditions are in the drinks markets. The pick-up in the US economy has not led to any corresponding increase in prices. They rose by a modest 1 per cent worldwide, denying the group the benefits of inflation-driven operational gearing. High off the pricing pressure, the group plans to step up its marketing expenditure but so great are the competitive pressures that this cannot be expected to trigger a surge in prices.

Under the circumstances, Grand Met's lowly rating compared to Allied Domecq or Guinness is not a compelling argument for buying Grand Met's shares. A narrowing of the differential is as likely to come from a de-rating of the other companies' shares as from a revaluation of Grand Met.

So far, the stock's performance is justified. It is unusually conservative when valuing its assets and making provisions for businesses that might go under. That means that when divesting equity stakes, the sums it receives are on average considerably higher than book value. Such capital gains might have been underlined by the current disengagement with foodstuffs, but trade sales are more than compensating.

The shares have also been buoyed by its businesses' growth prospects. Small companies are expected by some to post earnings growth three times that of Footsie stocks next year and twice as great in 1996. In the long term, the group's development is underpinned by its ambition to repeat its UK success elsewhere in Europe. It has forged ahead with plans to set up a fund management scheme for several continental markets.

Concerns remain, however. Recovery may already have been anticipated in the price. Moreover, a shadow is likely to be cast over the stock by fears that the bank, which still controls 50 per cent of GM's equity, will be tempted to sell their remaining stake when they can next June.

Russia in new plea for peace as it masses troops on Chechen border

By John Thornhill in Moscow

President Boris Yeltsin of Russia last night reissued an ultimatum to the warring factions in Chechnya to stop fighting as Russian troops massed on the borders of the breakaway Caucasian republic. But he withdrew an earlier threat to impose a state of emergency in Chechnya, leading to hopes that a peaceful solution could still be found to the crisis.

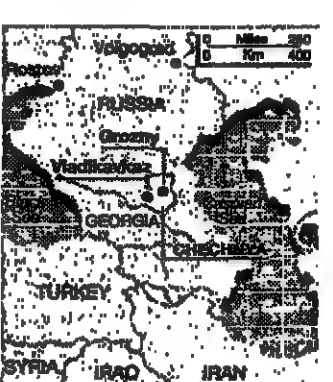
A Russian parliamentary delegation, led by Mr Sergei Yushenkov, head of the defence committee, yesterday held talks with senior Chechen government officials in the capital, Grozny. Before leaving Moscow, Mr Yushenkov said his aim was to prove that "by peaceful means it is possible to achieve results than by using force" and to help release up to 70 Russian soldiers who were captured in recent fighting in Chechnya and threatened with execution.

It is believed that Mr Yushenkov met Mr Viktor Chernomyrdin, the Russian prime minister, on Wednesday and received the government's blessing for his peace mission.

Chechnya, an oil-rich region of 11m on the edge of the Caucasus mountains, has defied Moscow's will for two centuries, boasting a tradition of fierce independence.

Despite Mr Yeltsin's ultimatum, fighting continued in Chechnya yesterday with unidentified aircraft opening fire on a Russian ship in Grozny killing at least one person and badly injuring two children. Other aircraft swooped over the city dropping leaflets urging the Chechen government forces to lay down their arms.

But President Dzhokhar Dudayev, the Chechen leader, who declared independence from Moscow three years ago, continued to express defiance yesterday. Speaking at a press conference in the basement of the presidential palace, Mr Dudayev



read out a letter from demonstrators demanding that one Russian soldier be killed every time a warplane flew over Grozny.

According to news agency reports, Mr Shamsedin Yusuf, the Chechen foreign minister, said: "We will fight until we die. We will go to the grave here." Russia has long supported Chechen opposition forces seek-

ing to overthrow Mr Dudayev but has refrained from direct intervention for fear of becoming embroiled in a protracted conflict. Chechnya's leaders have promised the region would become a "second Afghanistan" if Moscow sent in troops, and threatened to unleash a terrorist campaign throughout Russia.

Mr Yeltsin has promised decisive measures to resolve the unrest in Chechnya and ensure the release of the Russian captives, whose plight has touched a raw public nerve. "The president shares with all his heart the worries of the relatives...of Russian servicemen held in Chechnya," his press spokesman said.

Western diplomats in Moscow thought it significant that Mr Yeltsin's ultimatum omitted the previous threat to declare a state of emergency and suggested it either signified a toning down of the rhetoric, military disengagement, or confusion in the president's press department.

Foreign investors boost British holdings

By Gillian Tett and Norma Cohen in London

Foreign ownership of shares in British companies rose significantly last year, to the fourth highest level in official figures since 1980.

With most of this growth coming from US investors, the figures provide a further indication that the movement of US money abroad is having a significant impact on the UK market.

Official Central Bank figures said overseas investors were attracted to UK shares in 1993, up from 237.1bn in the previous year. The figures also suggest for-

US money has important role in UK

worth about £130.2bn (\$213.5bn) at the end of 1993, 48.5 per cent up on the previous year.

US investors accounted for almost half of all overseas investment in the UK market at the

US investors turn to UK option Page 8

end of 1993. The shift abroad was part of a trend towards greater asset diversification. Total US investment rose to at least £49.2bn in 1993, up from £37.1bn in the previous year.

The figures also suggest for-

ign investors are buying the UK shares with the highest market capitalisation.

Mr Jim Waterman, senior vice-president at InterSec Research, a US-based consulting

firm which tracks pension fund investment, suggested this was because US fund managers are building portfolios modelled on stock indices. These are made up mostly of the biggest shares. Foreign interest in the UK has

sharply risen since 1992 when overseas investors owned 280.7bn worth of stock, 13.5 per cent of the total number of shares.

UK pension funds continued to be the largest source of UK shares last year, although their holdings fell slightly.

The holdings of individual British investors fell in 1993 to 17.7 per cent of total equity, down from 20.4 per cent in 1992.

Unit trusts, which represent individual shareholders, held 6.6 per cent of all equities.

The data were collected by surveying the share registers of 79 companies, and then extrapolating the results to cover the entire stock market.

FT WEATHER GUIDE

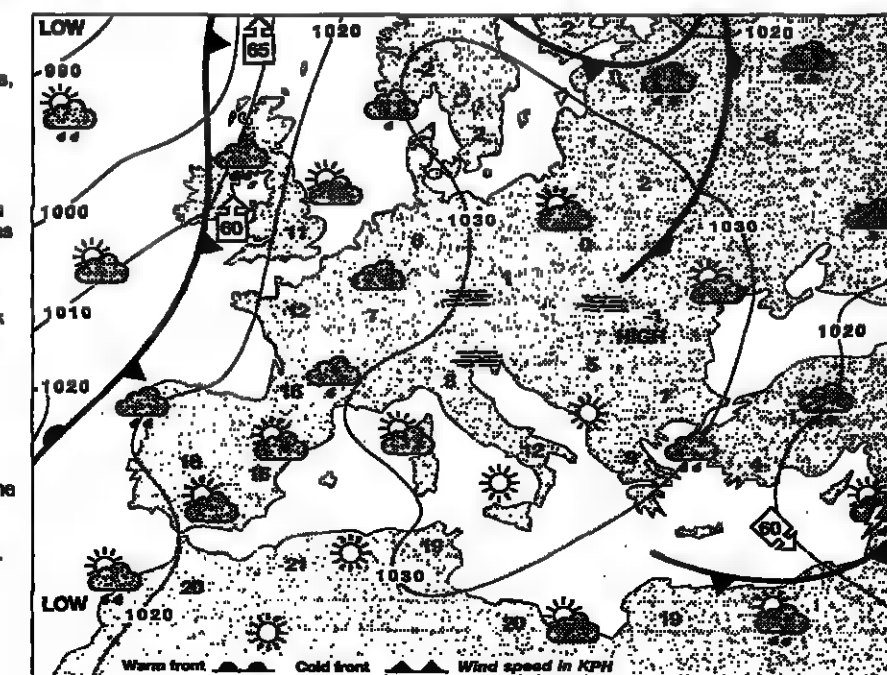
Europe today

The continent will have generally fair conditions, with light to moderate winds and plenty of sunshine. There will however be areas of persistent low cloud and fog, especially in the deeper valleys and lowlands.

England will have a mixture of sunshine, fog and low clouds as a frontal zone causes rain in Ireland and western Scotland. Wintry conditions will prevail over Russia and northern Scandinavia. Russia will have cloud with some snow. Cold air will also flow into Turkey and the eastern Mediterranean area. The Black Sea and the Mediterranean will have showers, sometimes with thunder, while on the higher ground in that region snow will fall. In a few places, a gale force north-easterly wind will blow.

Five-day forecast

Conditions in north-western Europe will become more unsettled with periods of showery rain and occasionally high winds. Afternoon temperatures will be above the seasonal norm. Conditions in the eastern Mediterranean will improve. After the weekend, it will become mainly dry with periods of sunshine. South-western Europe will have fair conditions with long sunny spells. Russia will remain wintry.



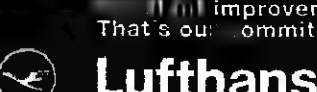
Waves front Cold front Wind speed in KPH

TODAY'S TEMPERATURES

Abu Dhabi	sun	31	Amman	sun	21
Algiers	sun	21	Bangkok	sun	33
Amsterdam	cloudy	9	Bombay	sun	32
Athens	sun	18	Brussels	hazy	7
Atlanta	sun	24	Chengdu	fog	3
Bahia	cloudy	11	Chongqing	fog	3
Bangkok	sun	33	Cairo	sun	13
Barcelona	sun	17	Cape Town	sun	19

29	Faro	sun	11	Madrid	sun
11	Frankfurt	sun	17	Moscow	sun
17	Glasgow	cloudy	10	Manila	sun
10	Hamburg	sun	13	Melbourne	sun
13	Helsinki	sun	4	Mexico City	sun
4	Hong Kong	sun	25	Miami	sun
25	Honolulu	sun	27	Montreal	sun
27	London	sun	10	Osaka	sun
10	Luxembourg	sun	10	Paris	sun
10	Lyons	sun	12	Perth	sun
12	Madrid	sun	13	Puerto Rico	sun
13	Manila	sun	27	Rangoon	sun
27	Mexico City	sun	27	Seoul	sun
27	Miami	sun	27	Singapore	sun
27	Montreal	sun	27	Sydney	sun
27	Osaka	sun	27	Taipei	sun
27	Paris	sun	27	Tokyo	sun
27	Perth	sun	27	Warsaw	sun
27	Puerto Rico	sun	27	Washington	sun
27	Rangoon	sun	27	Wellington	sun
27	Seoul	sun	27	Zurich	sun
27	Singapore	sun	27		

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Jobs: Preparing expatriate packages is challenging the expertise of human resource management

Overseas gravy train may be running out of steam

Expatriate employment deals — once one of the main ways for individual employees to get rich on their own account — appear to be undergoing something of an upheaval across Europe, according to the findings of some recent reports.

Renting out your house while you are away, living off expenses and paid schooling for the children have all been traditional ways of saving money when on expatriate assignments. But companies, increasingly aware of such costs and savings, are becoming more interested in taking them into account when preparing expatriate packages.

Prof Chris Brewster, professor of European Human Resource Management at Cranfield University School of Management, said: "People are realising that the whole deal is negotiable and that factors other than cost of living may be involved."

Expatriates, he said, tended to cost four times more than the outlay for local staff.

"These are the most expensive of employees but probably less time is

spent strategically thinking about their roles than on anyone else in the staffing system," he said.

An Ernst & Young report, drawn from a survey of some 427 multinational companies with operations across Europe, found many employers were cracking down on the packages they expanded their expatriate workforces.

A third of the employers they expected to be changing the basis for paying their salaries, mostly moving towards paying host country rates often lower than those at the home base. Almost half the employers expected more of their expatriate employees to accept local country contracts within the next three years.

Michael Kalitz, a partner at Ernst & Young specialising in expatriate services, said companies were placing "tremendous emphasis" on reducing the cost of traditional practice of retaining expats on home country packages will be a thing of the past as employers integrate expats into the local workforce.

About 60 per cent of the employ-

ers wanted policy changes on expatriate career development to address such issues as containment, careers, repatriation, moves within Europe and taxation. "Companies have to give more thought about what their individual expatriate employees are going to do when their assignment is over," said Kalitz.

Ernst & Young gave an insight into some of the other deals made available to expatriates. Of the companies offering a pre-assignment trip, 62 per cent included the partner and 21 per cent the whole family. Almost all the employers provided home leave visits, with 15 per cent of them offering more than one paid home visit per year.

Nearly six in 10 of the employers expected their expatriates to contribute to their housing costs abroad. However, more than three-quarters of employers said they did not adjust pay to reflect a lower cost of living in a host country. Most provided educational assistance.

The underlying message from the study is that companies are at last

waking up to the changing nature of expatriate employment and its strain on the corporate budget.

Managements working on overseas assignments are also beginning to display greater awareness of the need to balance the social demands of families, not least of the working wife. The costs of getting it wrong, both in potentially wrecked careers and to the company in moving people back, can be alarming.

A Europe-wide survey carried out for Mobile Europe by Employment Conditions Abroad, consultants on overseas assignment packages, found employers increasingly more willing to recognise the social concerns of employees sent abroad, such as care of elderly parents and children's schooling. Foreign postings were becoming shorter and employers more flexible in the way they put their packages together, it said.

Some 72 per cent of almost 200 who replied to the survey said they would now pay the cost of transferring non-married partners overseas, although no more than a quarter were yet willing to accept same-sex partners when staffing assignments.

Cranfield has found that many of the largest multinationals, including the oil companies, are trying to reduce their reliance on expatriate staff, recruiting more local expertise where they can. At the same time, more smaller companies are expanding overseas, adding perhaps one or two expatriate staff on staff.

The type of people taking expatriate assignments is changing too. Still predominantly male, they are tending to have better qualifications than previously, often possessing Master of Business Administration qualifications. Many also have wives pursuing careers, who do not why they should drop their own jobs to follow their husbands abroad.

Such developments are leading to far more businesslike discussions between managements and prospective expatriate staff. Bargaining is becoming more common and market forces can have a decisive influence in recruitment decisions. For example, bio-technology graduates are in short supply in the UK compared to those in Italy, so at least one UK-based company is taking

Italians for bio-technology posts. It can get them for less than it would need to pay UK candidates.

A need for better human resource management in the preparation of expatriate employees emerged in research carried out by Cranfield and the Centre for International Briefing at Farnham in Surrey. It discovered "a serious lack of knowledge about local business environments" among 205 large company senior managers moving overseas. About 70 per cent of them wanted more pre-departure training on local business law and practices. Most of those going outside western Europe and English-speaking countries were worried that they had received no host country language training.

While you have to wonder at the advisability of appointing anyone who thinks it is easy to ask a Moslem his Christian name — an admission of one of the respondents — can sympathise with the manager who arrived in Tokyo and found to his consternation that a crash course in Japanese prior to getting there was essential for such as shopping and travelling.

Managers were asking for "nuts and bolts" training covering law, dealing with business partners, local nationals and ordinary business etiquette. They stressed that preparation was equally or even more important for transfers to similar cultures, often because of differences in bureaucracies. The paperwork and permits demanded in the West were a common source of anguish.

A manager summarising a common lament in a part of the survey questionnaire left for general remarks, wrote: "One learned about arrival. If we had known about some of it before, we might not have come."

A summary of the Ernst & Young report is available free from the firm, phone 0171 600 4744, fax 0171 600 4747. The ECA research is available, price £100, from ECA, tel 0171 600 4744. Details of the briefing report can be obtained from the Centre for International Briefing, Farnham Castle, Farnham, Surrey GU9 0AG.

Richard Donkin

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Interested applicants should initially write to Sue Lintern at Michael Page City, Page House, 39-41 Abchurch Lane, London, EC4N 3DF for an information pack quoting reference 111676.

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Please write in strictest confidence to Patrick Morrissey or Nigel Haworth on Fax 071-236 2400 or by letter to: Sheffield-Haworth Limited, Prince Rupert House, 54 Queen Street, London EC4R 1AD.

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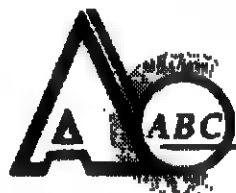
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As part of its future expansion plans focused towards servicing the treasury requirements of the Arab world from the London time-zone, the bank is now interviewing candidates for the following two positions:

SENIOR TREASURY SALES MANAGER

The successful candidate is likely to be currently employed in a similar function in a major financial institution. The person should have a minimum of five years treasury sales experience including a managerial role. The candidate should be well versed in all aspects of the foreign exchange, money and derivatives markets. Preference will be given to individuals who have previous working experience with Middle-Eastern institutional and corporate clients and to those who have Arabic language skills. However a great amount of importance will also be placed on an individual's demonstrated past ability to organise, develop and lead a small sales team to effectively integrate into the trading and other product areas of a global commercial bank.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE TRADER

The successful candidate will have gained a minimum of three years experience in trading the spot foreign exchange markets and probably within the environment of a smaller/medium size financial institution. The person should be a self starter and be able to demonstrate a solid and profitable trading track-record in a multi-currency environment combined with some exposure to the forward and currency options markets. The candidate is likely to be in the age range of 25-32 years of age.

The bank offers a competitive salary and attractive benefits package. Interested candidates should write enclosing a career resume to:

Andrew Poinon, DGM & Treasurer,
ABC International Bank Plc,
1-5, Moorgate, London. EC2R 6AB

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We are the London based independent power development subsidiary of a major UK engineering and power generation equipment organisation. Our expanding domestic and international project development programme has created career opportunities for experienced professionals in critical areas. If you are highly motivated, aggressive, with a proven record of success and the experience to meet the position qualifications, we would like to receive your C.V.

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We are seeking an individual to lead our international marketing development efforts. You will be the point person in identifying and evaluating emerging markets for independent power, in developing and implementing the programme for selected markets and in securing opportunities to develop independent power projects.

This position requires an experienced marketing or sales professional with international experience in independent power development, or in the supply of power generating systems, equipment, or construction services, who must be able to work independently or as part of a team. Solid technical and commercial skills with the ability to effectively negotiate complex agreements are essential.

PROJECT DEVELOPMENT MANAGERS

Individuals selected for these key positions will manage the development process from project inception through to financial closing, including negotiating project agreements, such as power purchase, fuel supply, EPC and O&M contracts, securing all regulatory, administrative and environmental approvals and working closely with the Project Finance group to structure and arrange the financing.

These positions require strong technical and commercial skills, with a credible track record in the independent power business and a demonstrated ability to lead a development team which achieves results in a professional manner.

TECHNICAL DIRECTOR

We are seeking an experienced manager with in-depth knowledge in the design, construction and operation of fossil fuelled generating systems, who is proficient in performing feasibility and techno-economic studies, has the ability to work closely with resident and third party engineers, has comprehensive technical knowledge of power generating systems and has strong commercial and leadership skills.

Your responsibility will be to provide overall technical guidance to the Project Development and Project Finance groups in every phase of the development process including the evaluation and selection of generating systems, optimizing cycles, preparing fuel specifications and the technical input to EPC and O&M enquiry packages. The Technical Director will also assist in the preparation of proposals, provide technical oversight during development, construction and project operation phases and will select and manage the efforts of outside consultant and engineering firms.

These positions require formal technical and/or financial education. Specialized related training will be a plus.

We are an Equal Opportunity Employer. We offer competitive base salaries, attractive incentive compensation potential based on group and individual performance and a range of fringe benefits.

Extensive international travel may be required.

Send your C.V. with a covering letter to: Box A5010, Financial Times,
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If there is any organisation to whom you do not wish your C.V. to be sent,
please make this clear on your application.

Career opportunities in....

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We continue to offer opportunities for experienced high calibre Fund Managers who offer above average performance in a variety of markets. We believe that further opportunities will arise in the coming months. Current assignments include:

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Emerging Markets	-	Asia, Africa, Middle	
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For any of these and other opportunities, please contact
Martin Symon at the address below

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Age 24-29

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This medium sized Fund Management and Insurance Management Company, established in Dublin's IFSC 5 years ago, are expanding their fund management team by the appointment of an Assistant Fund Manager.

The successful candidate is likely to be a graduate with a minimum of two years experience in institutional fund management active sales/trading in the European bond/currency markets.

Additional advantages would be either exposure to derivatives, IT implementation skills or a proficiency in German. The company will provide a competitive remuneration package, designed to attract high calibre individuals. Please send your CV by 7th December to:



Jim Kiwan
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- Act as a local advisor to the substantial international India fund managed by one of the JV partners, and support the marketing activities of the firm, both locally and internationally.

THE QUALIFICATIONS

- Experienced international fund manager, probably aged mid 30s, with a sound performance record with a major institution in the US, Europe or Asia. Exposure to the emerging Asian markets is preferable, particularly the Sub-Continent.
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QUALIFICATIONS

- Relevant experience of project corporate finance acquired in either the corporate sector, a professional firm or banking.
- Outstanding graduates with relevant professional qualification or MBA. International experience highly desirable.
- Excellent financial, analytical and numeracy skills. Ability to solve complex problems. Team player.

Please send full cv, stating salary, ref CN4731, to NBS, 10 Arthur Street, London EC4R 9AY

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Investment Analyst
Stores/Textiles

Kleinwort Benson Securities is a major UK securities house with highly regarded research which is distributed internationally to institutional clients. We are looking for an analyst to work with our Stores/Textiles team.

As a well qualified graduate, MBA or ACA you are likely to be aged around 25-30 with City experience. Thorough industry knowledge is essential. This role will have been gained within the industry, for example through strategic planning or business development, as an analyst, or through corporate advisory work. Strong analytical, written and communication skills are essential as is the desire to produce and market research which will become recognised.

If you are interested in this position please write to Carol Booth in Group Personnel at Kleinwort Benson Limited, 20 Fenchurch Street, London, EC3A 3DF.

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Candidates are likely to be graduates with a minimum of 5 years working experience of equity analysis gained within a financial asset management institution or investment house. An aptitude in people management and Membership of the IIMR are desirable.

This is an important appointment within a highly progressive group and carries a comprehensive remuneration package including performance related bonus.

Those interested should send their Curriculum Vitae (including current package details) to: A Fletcher, Managing Director, Fletcher Jones Ltd., 10 St James Street, Edinburgh EH2 3AT. Telephone: 031 226 1000. Fax: 031 226 1001.

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The company is a recently established securities house providing institutional investment banking products and services as well as specialist advice to clients seeking financing and asset management within Europe and the Emerging Markets.

As part of the core management team, the company wishes to recruit a Compliance Officer who will have functional responsibility for ensuring that all business practices and products comply with all relevant regulations. The successful candidate will also supply practical input and technical advice to the management concerning the Compliance implications relating to policy and strategy.

Candidates, probably graduates with a professional qualification, will have at least three years' experience in the management of a relevant Compliance function. An in-depth knowledge of all Compliance regulations and experience in dealing with the appropriate regulators is essential, as are excellent communications skills and a disciplined approach.

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Previous management experience within a Trust environment, and extensive knowledge of trust work, trust law and legacies is essential. Experience in accountancy would be advantageous.

Candidates require a confident and direct approach, well developed presentation and interpersonal skill and must be computer literate.

For further details please send a CV to: Linda Jordan FIPD, Trust Manager, by 12th December 1994.

Interviews will be held on 4th & 5th January 1995. Reply

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The bank's treasury is currently expanding its interest rate activities, and consequently seeks to appoint a Bond Trader with around three to five years' experience to develop business in the interest rate market. Graduate-calibre candidates must demonstrate the broad knowledge of other financial instruments that will enable them to introduce trading strategies.

The remuneration package will include all benefits associated with a prestigious institution. There are also prospects of further advancement.

To apply, please send your full CV (including present remuneration) to: System, House, Cloisters Business Centre, 8 Battersea Park, London SW8 5JL, quoting ref: 11603/FT on the envelope. Your application will be forwarded directly to our client for detailed consideration, unless marked "security check" and noting separately any companies to which it should not be sent.

MEDIA SYSTEM

TURKISH EQUITY ANALYST

Our client, a major European bank, seeks an Analyst to analyse the Turkish economy, stock market and companies and support its Primary Equity and Investment Banking Group in obtaining mandates in the Turkish public and private sectors.

The successful candidate will be educated to degree level in a relevant subject at a top university and will be perfectly bilingual in spoken and written Turkish and English. The candidate will have at least 3 years professional experience in Turkey including working within Turkish corporate financial and accounting regimes including hyper-inflation accounting. He/she will also be expert in the use of financial analysis, forecasting (including cash flow forecasting) and valuation skills to both UK and European standards. Experience in both a multinational and local environment would be a distinct advantage, as would fluency in another European language.

The candidate is expected to have the potential, over time, to develop a small team of support staff to assist with expanding business in this and possibly other emerging markets. Prior experience in man-management would therefore be preferable.

Please write, enclosing your curriculum vitae, quoting Reference TEA304, to Steve Garlick at GMBM, 27 Floral Street, London WC2E 9DP.

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The responsibilities of this demanding career role include:

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The successful candidate will have proven experience in dealing with Corporate Clients with a detailed understanding of the FX markets, FX products and factors influencing market movements. Please all the position calls for a high degree of energy to work in a pressurised environment, excellent interpersonal skills and the ability to drive and lead a team.

Interested applicants should contact Caroline Barker at Banking Personnel, 41-42 London Wall, London EC2M 5TB or telephone her on 071 258 5865.

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Applications are invited from candidates who have in-depth experience of selling to major institutional fund managers in the United Kingdom markets. The ability to work with highly research analysts is more important than any previous experience in the Spanish Markets. It is more important that candidates be capable of interpreting details research and be lucid in explaining the underlying investment criteria. Whilst some knowledge of Spanish would be helpful the prevailing language of investment at FG is English and all research is published in English. In any case the right candidate would almost certainly pick up the necessary linguistic skills in a very short time.

The appointment is based in Madrid though considerable travel to the United Kingdom is envisaged. A substantial package will be offered to the successful candidate. In the first instance apply in writing, with a copy of your CV to:

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Reporting to the Credit Manager your brief will include the evaluation and underwriting of credit proposals for the purchase of vehicles. Highly automated and working to deadlines, you must have a thoroughly balanced approach to lending and must be able to communicate your decisions clearly and objectively to Dealers.

Candidates should be educated to Degree level and hold a FMA Diploma or ACIB part I or II, and have relevant financial underwriting experience gained within a Bank or Finance House.

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Interested? Then apply in writing to Janina Pownall,
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BBC News & Current Affairs is seeking a bright, dynamic commercial manager with considerable experience in rights negotiation, editorial understanding and an innovative approach to multi-media development.

Leading a small team of business development managers, the postholder will work closely with BBC Worldwide - the commercial arm of the BBC - and the Rights Archive, to secure maximum exploitation of News & Current Affairs' programmes and products.

The postholder will have experience of drafting contracts and identifying primary and secondary rights; a deep knowledge of the broadcast news marketplace both here and abroad and a refined understanding of the potential for text and broadcast news services, using new technologies.

The position will be the focal point for all business ideas and projects within News & Current Affairs and the main point of contact for senior managers in BBC Worldwide. The jobholder will also undertake the market testing of programmes sales with external distributors and establish partnerships with appropriate external businesses.

He/she will be expected to lead the development and adaptation of a 10 year strategy; to develop a three year business plan and an annual budget with specific financial targets for News & Current Affairs' involvement in commercial markets.

Salary according to qualifications and experience. Based London.

For an application form send a postcard (quote ref. 17329/FT) to BBC Recruitment Services, PO Box 7000, London W12 7ZT. Tel: 081-749 7000 Minicom 081-752 5181 by December 7th.

Application forms to be returned by December 12th.

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Maria Gligi, Personnel Officer,
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If you doubt your long term career objectives will be met by your current employer, fax your CV or write in confidence including details of your current remuneration package to Peter Brooker, Associate Director.

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**Gordon Brown****Relationship Manager**

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One of the largest international banks, our client is looking for a Relationship Manager to maximise the growth and profitability of its Asia/Pacific securities custody services throughout the UK and Europe.

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ACCOUNTANCY

Clarke's 'lurker' worries insolvency experts

Jim Kelly reports on possible gaps in the chancellor's plan to keep threatened businesses afloat

Every budget contains what one partner at Big Six firm this week described as a "lurker": the seemingly dull detail that will actually change people's lives far more than the trumpeted measures to promote jobs or increase savings.

It is part of the definition of such an issue that it is not apparent, and it is probably too early to say what Mr Kenneth Clarke's contribution to the Budget is likely to be. However, for accountants, the Budget held two small seeds of change.

Heralding a new "rescue culture" in insolvency, the chancellor said: "During the recent recession, businesses, particularly small businesses, were too often being closed down by their creditors and jobs lost before rescue options had been properly explored."

Mr Clarke explained that to give "management more time to order their affairs", a 28-day moratorium would be introduced, binding on all parties, during which creditors could be evaluated and creditors possibly brought in as a last resort. The chancellor added: "We are consulting further on a mechanism to substitute equity for debt of firms in administration or receivership."

The details of the Inland Revenue also contained the news that "individuals will now be able to have a place after trading which is a place of refuge for the purpose of saving income or capital gains."

"These measures," said Mr Clarke, "will contribute further to the creation of a rescue culture, discouraging

wasteful liquidation of sound businesses."

The announcement prompted several partners with the big firms to remark that this was all well and good, if a bit late, considering the position of the economy relative to the recession which brought about the problem. Insolvency practitioners might also argue that sound businesses are not lost. The ownership might change through the insolvency process but that is a different thing.

It looks as though practitioners, and others, will have to wait some time for the vital detail missing in the chancellor's statement. The paper on insolvency reform will possibly be with us by Christmas.

Mr Colin Bird, senior corporate recovery partner at Price Waterhouse, says that the corporate affairs minister Jonathan Evans recently reported that, after lengthy consultation, there was a consensus in favour of the moratorium.

There was no consensus, however, on the position of the banks during such a moratorium. The control of assets during the moratorium period is crucial to the moratorium issue and no answer was provided by the chancellor. The British Bankers Association has already said it is unhappy with the moratorium and the possible curbs it would place on the power of banks to appoint receivers.

As Mr Bird, who is chairman of the technical committee of the Society of Practitioners in Insolvency, says: "You don't want to screw up the whole basis of lending by banks to small businesses in this country."

The issue of control during the moratorium is also central to concerns that such a measure might give unscrupulous directors the opportunity for fraud. Despite the chancellor's promise of "safeguards", the public interest will prove controversial. "This is a very draconian measure and safeguards are needed against possible abuse," says Mr Bird.

Other questions crowd in once the concept of a moratorium is accepted. Would a company's listing have to be suspended? "I can't imagine not," says Mr Bird, considering that the calling of a moratorium would have to represent the beginning of an insolvency period as creditors would not be paid during the 28 days.

The suggestion from the chancellor that equity could be substituted for debt during insolvency is, according to Mr Bird, "mind blowing". Although the government is still at an early stage, Mr Bird essentially envisages debt, other than mortgage debt, being wiped out and the equity being taken away from the shareholders and placed with the senior creditor.

All creditors would be offered an option, valid for three months. "This would ensure companies solvent," comments Mr Bird. The proposal depends on the creation of a securities market for the options and Mr Bird wonders if the proposals are workable despite being "interesting economics".

The second measure which surfaced in the Budget was self-assessment - the biggest reform to the personal tax system since the introduction of PAYE in 1967.

SA, as it is known, will be on stream by 1996-97. Around four million people, mostly the self-employed, company directors and partners and those with investments, currently use agents, such as accountants, to file tax returns to the Revenue. All these returns fall within the new system.

SA is a tax system based on figures provided by the taxpayer. The taxpayer, or their agent, is invited to carry out an assessment of their liability on the forms provided - but this element is not compulsory.

More fundamentally, the new system is based on current year assessment. The tax bill for any year relates to the income in that same year and the new system brings together all income, and capital gains, to be taxed at one time. The new system has a set of payment dates which are fixed.

Accountants concerned with which had been extensively trailed before the Budget. First, a strict regime of anti-avoidance measures was proposed to make sure profits and payments were not shifted around during the transition period in order to avoid liability.

According to Mr Philip David, at Ernst & Young, and a specialist on SA, these have been watered down in the proposed Finance Bill text.

The second issue was the requirements on employers to provide the information needed to file the SA return and penalties for failure to do so by set times. These were published with the Budget, after lengthy consultation, and are likely to disappoint some employers and accountants.

Mr Michael Kalix, employer services tax partner at Ernst & Young, said: "I am astonished that the Revenue can quote figures of 80 per cent support for the proposed extremely stringent penalty regime for 'accountants individuals and others'. I agreed with the 65 per cent of employers who thought these proposals were a bad idea."

Finally SA has one long-term repercussion planned to coincide with the development of the Electronic Lodgement Service (ELS). This will let accountants file the returns through a "gateway" to the Inland Revenue computerised system.

A pilot study is currently under way involving the Big Six. The problem is that the accountants want something from the project other than helping the Inland Revenue cut its costs. Mr John Whitting, who heads a special business forum looking at the project with the Revenue, and is a partner at Pricewaterhouse, says a shopping list of possible benefits have been given to the Revenue for consideration.

This list swings from the improbable - making agents fees tax deductible when ELS is being used - to the extremely modest: allowing Revenue information to flow back through the gateway to accountants. In the middle are suggestions such as reducing the technical requirements for SA filing.

Whitting says the Revenue of this list will be crucial to the benefits and their clients, can win from a system which may one day dominate the entire UK tax regime.

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Suitable candidates will be ambitious individuals in the age range 35-40 who are already operating at senior management level and have manufacturing experience, strong plc accounting skills and who currently have effectively with city businesses and manufacturers. You must also have experience of

acquisitions and of working within an environment with international interests, preferably including US operations.

Key attributes sought are the drive and commitment to the continuing success of the business, and a full working within a profit-motivated, tightly controlled and non-status conscious environment.

The salary will be supported by options, bonus, and appropriate relocation package.

Please outline your suitability for the appointment and send a curriculum vitae including current remuneration and quoting reference C4885 to Carle Andrews, Ernst & Young Corporate Resources, Rolls House, 100 Buildings, Fetter Lane, London EC4A 3NF.

ERNST & YOUNG

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READING AREA

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make a significant input into corporate and strategic development.

Probably a professionally qualified accountant and a graduate, you will have proven financial and administrative management skills, and be able to ensure tight financial control and systems development. The ability to make strategic, commercial and operational contributions as part of corporate management is essential. Experience in further or higher education as well as commerce and industry would be an advantage.

Please send a letter of application and full personal and career details, including current remuneration level and daytime telephone number, in confidence to David Owens, Coopers & Lybrand Executive Resourcing Limited, 43 Temple Row, Birmingham B2 5JT quoting reference D498 on both envelope and letter. If you require further information please telephone 021-200 4155 (24 hrs). The closing date for applications is 16 December 1994.

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Candidates should be fully qualified accountants with several years' experience within both chip and small/rapidly growing companies in the private sector. It is unlikely that you will be less than 35 years old, and you must be able to work with a young team within an informal environment.

To apply, please send a CV and covering letter to:
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You will be aged 28+, a highly computer literate qualified accountant who can demonstrate a successful track record to date. Additional qualities include a high degree of commercial acumen, enthusiasm and ambition coupled with the high energy levels dictated by the importance of this role. You must have a pro-active and innovative approach in order to make a significant contribution to the future success of the business. Ability to work in a highly pressurised environment and first class interpersonal skills are essential. Whilst previous retail experience is not a prerequisite it is preferable.

If you believe you have the qualities to accommodate this challenge please write with full career and salary details to:
Sara Baker,
Baker Associates,
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Please send full cv, stating salary, ref HN4738, to NBS, 54 Jerryn Street, London SW17 6LX



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SEARCH & SELECTION

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£ NEG + CAR

Our client is a leading commercial printing and publishing house, with a strong market presence in the Midlands, Home Counties and London areas.

The Group now wishes to appoint a Finance Director Designate to take day to day responsibility for Group Finance and Administration functions. Reporting to the Managing Director, the successful candidate will take control of the production and presentation of monthly management accounts and the development of appropriate systems to ensure timely production of all financial information. Experience of purchasing and costing systems will be an advantage, as will the ability to manage a small team of financial and administration staff.

You will be a qualified accountant, who is able to demonstrate a high level of initiative and self motivation, supported by sound commercial acumen.

In the first instance, please send your CV to Chris Denington or Sandra Aldridge at Grant Thornton, International House, 7 High Street, Ealing, London, W5 5DB. Alternatively call them on 0181 586 6000 quoting ref 1023.

PARTNERS IN ENTERPRISE

The U.K. member firm of Grant Thornton
Authorized by the Institute of Chartered Accountants in
England and Wales to carry on investment business.

APPOINTMENTS
WANTEDCHARTERED
ACCOUNTANT

Over 10 years
experience at FD and
Controller level.

Systems, year ends,
budgets, business
plans, taxation due
diligence, strategic
planning.

Just finished large
contract; seeks short
term contracts.

Tel: 0242 228890
Fax: 0242 228810

Ref: D Murray

An exciting career development opportunity...

Finance Director

Salary to £50,000 plus benefits

Oxon

We are a leading player involved in developing and marketing software productivity for pharmaceutical research. They now require a dynamic individual to lead their financial functions and assist in establishing new offices in Europe and the USA.

As a key member of the senior management team, the Finance Director will be involved in establishing, reviewing and implementing corporate strategic goals. Your prime objectives will be to provide effective financial controls and information, take a leading role in working with the financial community, and to ensure the company's financial health.

Qualified, graduate calibre, corporate professionals, ideally with experience within high tech industry and export markets. Experience of taking companies to a public listing would be advantageous. Energy, commitment, with clear thinking and good communication are essential for this outstanding and demanding opportunity.

If you are ready to take up this exciting challenge, please ring Nigel Wright on 01707 264311 or Fax: 01707 275402. Alternatively, send your CV, quoting ref. 1023 to Jayne McLaughlin, Senior Consultant, Scientific Appointments Ltd, Salisbury House, 15-17 The Broadway, Old Hatfield, Herts AL9 5HZ.

A Salisbury Consulting Group Company

ESCA
EXECUTIVE
SCIENTIFIC
APPOINTMENTSISO 9002
APPROVED



GAP is a US owned specialty retailer which operates stores selling casual and activewear for men, women and children under six brand names: Gap, GapKids, GapShoes, BabyGap, Banana Republic and Old Navy Clothing Company.

GAP label merchandise is the second largest selling clothing brand in the world. Its culture of quality, creativity and dynamism, extends beyond its brands to its people. In all aspects it continues to set standards that its competitors can only admire.

Established in the UK since 1987 it now has a network of over 50 stores and is embarking on extensive expansion throughout Europe.

As a result of this sustained and projected growth, opportunities have arisen for exceptional individuals to join a high profile finance team based in the European Headquarters in central London.



Michael Page Finance

Specialists in Financial Recruitment
London Bristol Windsor St Albans Leatherhead Birmingham
Nottingham Manchester Leeds Glasgow Edinburgh World-wide

UK Finance Manager

Reporting to the Group Finance Director, the UK Finance Manager will be responsible for the internal reporting for the UK operations. Key areas of responsibility will include:

- Monthly management accounts.
- Budgets and forecasts.
- UK Treasury accounting and cash management.
- Systems development.
- Working closely with UK operating departments to control costs.

The successful candidate will be a 'Big-6' ACA qualified accountant, with at least 2 years post qualification experience. Exposure to retail, although not essential will be a distinct advantage.

A proactive and creative style will determine the success of your application. The role offers the opportunity to join a world renowned organisation with ambitious plans for further growth. As an important member of the finance team, you will be expected to play a significant part in the on-going development of the business.

Interested candidates should write to Simon North at Michael Page Finance, Page House, 39-41 Parker Street, London WC2B 5LH. Telephone 071 831 2000.

Group Tax Manager

Reporting to the Group Finance Director, the Group Tax Manager will be responsible for the group's European Tax function. Key areas of responsibility will be:

- Compliance within the European Group.
- Development of the tax function.
- Assisting the parent company tax department in developing and implementing the group tax strategy.
- Customs compliance for European locations.
- Systems development.

The successful individual will be a 'Big-6' ACA with 2-3 years post gained either within the profession or in industry and with a knowledge of UK corporate tax. Experience of European tax is desirable though not essential.

This is a challenging position and would suit candidates that are confident self-starters with strong interpersonal skills and are able to demonstrate a proactive approach to their work. In return the successful candidate will be given the opportunity to develop strong commercial management and decision making skills in a fast track commercial environment.

Interested candidates should write to Donald McFarlane CA at Michael Page Finance, Page House, 39-41 Parker Street, London WC2B 5LH. Telephone 071 831 2000.



NEWCHURCH & COMPANY

Director of Finance and Information

London EC1

£40-50,000 + Car

Newchurch & Company is a firm of management consultants and financial advisers specialising in the field of social businesses, working with clients in the public and private sectors. It has established a market leading reputation for the highest quality work and is experiencing substantial further growth by the end of the decade.

Within a framework of continuous strategic development, a new Director of Finance and Information has been created to optimise financial and business management. Reporting to the Managing Director responsibilities will include the management and control of day-to-day financial operations, administration and information technology. A key aspect of the role will be to enhance existing financial systems in preparation for the increasingly demanding and sophisticated

information needs of a rapidly growing company. As a member of the management team the individual will be expected to make a significant contribution to the future profitable growth of the business.

Candidates, aged 30-45, will be graduate qualified chartered accountants who have gained senior level experience in a customer-led, computerised environment. Excellent presentation and interpersonal skills together with a flexible, hands-on, useful management style will be essential in this challenging role.

Applicants should forward a comprehensive CV, quoting ref 211450 to Mark Hurley ACMA, Executive Director, Michael Page Finance, Page House, 39-41 Parker Street, London WC2B 5LH.



Michael Page Finance

Specialists in Financial Recruitment
London Bristol Windsor St Albans Leatherhead Birmingham
Nottingham Manchester Leeds Glasgow Edinburgh World-wide

Financial Controller (No 1)

South Herts

c £35,000 + Car

Our client is an established engineering and scientific consultancy operating in the water industry. The organisation has a turnover of £8m and is part of a multinational utilities group with a turnover in excess of £16m. The company is committed to further growth in order to enhance its position and reputation within the industry.

To strengthen their financial and commercial expertise, the client is seeking to appoint an ambitious, qualified individual with strong commercial, communication and technical skills.

Reporting directly to the Managing Director this high profile role will fulfil the dual function of supporting the business with management information and controlling it from a finance perspective. Specific responsibilities will include:

- Management of the accounts and IT department.

- Business planning.
- Production of statutory and management reports.
- Development of MIS.

Aged 30-40, prospective candidates will be qualified accountants with a minimum of three years experience in industry or commerce. Of equal importance is the ability to drive through change in a challenging work environment and to become an integral part of the management team.

In return, the company offers a generous remuneration package and career progression in the UK or abroad.

For further information, please write enclosing a full curriculum vitae (including salary and day time number, discretion assured) quoting reference LN211634 to Gerard Moore ACMA at Cantorion House, 136-142 London Road, St Albans, Herts AL1 1SA.



Michael Page Finance

Specialists in Financial Recruitment
London Bristol Windsor St Albans Leatherhead Birmingham
Nottingham Manchester Leeds Glasgow Edinburgh World-wide

Hospitality and Leisure

Business Consultancy Opportunities

Our Hospitality and Leisure Group, part of our London Audit & Business Advisory Practice, is growing fast and its clients include many of the leading hotel groups. We are looking for multi-calibre professionals who will work on major projects in the UK and internationally.

The projects are typically multi-disciplinary involving operational consulting, financial analysis, financial and tax consulting. You will also work closely with teams in hospitality and leisure audits around the world in assessing operating performance and identifying opportunities for profit improvement.

Benefits are linked to performance, progression is rapid and salaries are of the highest salaries in the profession.

Interested applicants should contact Matthew Leatham at Michael Page Finance, Page House, 39-41 Parker Street, London WC2B 5LH, or telephone him on 071 831 2000.

ARTHUR ANDERSEN

ARTHUR ANDERSEN & CO. SC

MARKETS ACCOUNTANT

International Banking

London

c.£35,000 + benefits

A major European bank is strengthening its London office with the appointment of a qualified accountant to its central finance team.

Working closely with the Treasury and reporting to the Head of Accounting and Control, you will provide daily information on performance and detailed monthly management information for the UK operations. There will be a mix of non-routine work and the appointed will be responsible for ensuring accurate accounting and reporting treatment of all existing and new products in the UK.

Ideally you will have gained significant experience

within financial markets and now have the opportunity to develop your management skills motivating a department of nine people.

The successful candidate will receive a generous allowance, non-contributory pension scheme and mortgage subsidy. Future opportunities will not necessarily be limited to the London office nor to financial reporting.

Applicants with full CV, including salary history and daytime telephone number quoting reference 3071/FT, to John Sleigh FCCA, Phillips & Carpenter, 3 Bond Street, London W1X 3TB. Tel: 071 401 0156 (24 hours).

Phillips & Carpenter

Selection Consultants

FINANCE DIRECTOR/DEPUTY MANAGING DIRECTOR

MANAGEMENT BUY OUT - FOOD INDUSTRY

North West

c £45,000 package + Equity

Exceptional opportunity for a talented finance professional to join this highly innovative fast growing £6m v/o manufacturer. Working closely with the Managing Director the successful applicant will be expected to make a vital contribution to the future development of the business, in line with its ambitious three year plan.

THE ROLE

Lead a small finance team to ensure accurate, timely financial reporting. Provide broadly based financial, commercial and operational management support for the Managing Director. Optimise utilisation of working capital ensuring the company operates within banking covenants. Manage relationships with institutional investors and debt providers. Provide "hands on" "can do" leadership across all areas of the business.

THE QUALIFICATIONS

Qualified accountant, probably aged 30-40. Successful track record in financial management gained within a manufacturing environment. Proven expertise in implementation of fully integrated financial/manufacturing control systems. Demonstrable capability to make a broad based commercial contribution within a small company environment. Credibility and maturity to take overall responsibility in the absence of the Managing Director. Totally committed team player with "shirt sleeves" approach.

Interested applicants should send a full curriculum vitae, to be received no later than Friday 9th December, to Robinson Keane, Denzell House, Dunham Road, Bowdon, Cheshire WA14 4QE quoting Reference RK 1000. Telephone 0161 915 9105.

Robinson Keane

SEARCH & SELECTION

FINANCIAL DIRECTOR

Function: You will be part of the new direction committee of Structural Europe. You will manage a small team of accounting, system management and internal audit people. You will be responsible for the financials, cost accounting, and internal audits. You will act as overall in-charge and first-line advisor to your colleagues on all finance-related matters. You will control the company budgets and will interpret operating results as they affect the financial aspects of the company and make specific recommendations which will result in cost savings and profit improvement. You will have responsibilities for all legal affairs and the information system.

Profile: Our future manager has an academic degree or alike. He has min. 5 years experience in financial management in a multinational production or distribution unit. Intelligence, pragmatism, vision, leadership and good communication skills are essential. He speaks English and French fluently and has knowledge of German and Dutch. He is familiar with computer (Unix).

Our offer: To play a leading role in the new direction committee of a fast growing international company with a lot of challenges, a competitive salary with extra-legal advantages, a company car, a modern environment and a young dynamic team... a winning team.

Interested? Then send your curriculum vitae to the address below. Your application will be treated with courtesy and discretion. Structural Europe, Toekomstlaan 30, B-2200 Herentals, Belgium, att. Luc Vansant, Personnel Officer (tel. 010.32/14/22.20.64).

MARKS & SPENCER

CENTRAL LONDON

COMPUTER AUDITOR

£COMPETITIVE + BENEFITS

Marks & Spencer PLC is a highly profitable business committed to top quality, outstanding value products and first-rate services with an annual turnover now in excess of £6 billion. The Computer Audit department is a high calibre, commercially focused team of motivated individuals committed to providing the highest level of assurance and advice to all parts of the business. The team is constantly developing both its range of expertise and its international capability.

Group internal audit is recognised as an entry point into Marks & Spencer where individuals can obtain the business experience necessary to progress into a line position within 2 to 3 years dependent upon individual development and achievement. There now exists an excellent opportunity for an individual to provide enhanced expertise and contribute to the growth of the team's operations.

The Position:

Reporting to the Computer Audit Manager as one of a team of seven.

Main responsibilities will include:

- maintain the level of technical expertise necessary to perform all stages of an audit to professional and Internal Audit standards;
- liaise with the IT group to establish future operating plans;
- risk, rank and assess all new business developments for the audit planning process;
- assist with the implementation of the departmental strategy of audit integration.

Qualifications:

The ideal candidate will have:

- a recognised accounting qualification;
- at least 2 years' extensive experience in a computer audit within a large organisation;

- an aptitude for technical auditing;
- experience of an IBM environment;
- thorough understanding of UNIX distributed platforms;
- good experience of auditing networks, particularly Novell Network.

This is a superb opportunity for an individual who can demonstrate excellent interpersonal skills, be a strong team player with leadership qualities and possess the ability to work across disciplines. Experience in retail or financial services would be preferable, but not essential, as are foreign language skills.

Interested applicants should forward a full CV to Samantha Laurie at Robert Walters Associates, 25 Bedford Street, London, WC2E 9RP. Tel: 0171 379 3333. Fax: 0171 915 8714. Marks & Spencer is an equal opportunities employer.

ROBERT WALTERS ASSOCIATES

Recently Qualified ACA

Investment Management Compliance

This is an opportunity to join the London-based compliance team of an international investment management company with an outstanding record of growth and fund performance. Reporting to the compliance officer, the person appointed will assist in the maintenance and development of the compliance function for the company's UK operations. Principal tasks will include compliance monitoring, the provision of advice to investment managers, dealers, special work.

The company is keen to recruit a recently qualified accountant who is interested in developing a career in the regulatory administrative of the securities industry. Previous experience of investment management is not essential as a thorough induction training will be arranged but experience gained in the financial services department of a City accounting firm is a plus. A team-minded approach and well-developed communication skills are important requirements.

If you would like to be considered for this position which offers an attractive compensation package, please write in confidence to:

IMR Recruitment Consultants, No.1 Northumberland Avenue, Trafalgar Square, London WC2N 5BW. (tel: 071 872 5447).

INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT RESOURCES

EXECUTIVE CONNECTIONS



INTERMEDIATE CAPITAL GROUP PLC

INVESTMENT EXECUTIVE

Intermediate Capital Group PLC is the leading provider of mezzanine finance in Europe. Since its establishment in 1989 ICG has invested over £275m in 48 companies throughout the UK and continental Europe. In June 1994 ICG was successfully floated on The London Stock Exchange.

Focusing on unquoted companies, ICG provides finance for MBOs and MBIs, development and expansion capital and acquisition finance. ICG's continuing success and its plans for the future necessitate recruitment of another manager. Your responsibilities will include researching and evaluating investment opportunities, structuring deals, completing transactions and monitoring the performance of investments. You will also be expected to market effectively to financial institutions and potential investee companies.

ICG wish to recruit an ambitious and confident individual with a strong academic record. Aged between 26 to 35 years, you are likely to be from one of the following backgrounds: a development capital institution, an international firm of accountants, a merchant bank corporate finance department, a bank acquisition finance department or a management consultancy.

Career prospects are excellent, with progress to the most senior levels expected. Remuneration will be highly attractive and commensurate with your skills and experience.

If you wish to apply please send your CV to our advising consultant Richard Williams at Executive Connections, 43 Eagle Street, London WC1R 4AP or telephone him on 071 242 8103.

personally recommended

FINANCE DIRECTOR

London NW1

£60K + options

New Media Productions Ltd, established in 1983, is an internationally-acclaimed multi-media design and production company, backed by institutional investors. The growth potential of this market is exceptional. The Board now wishes to appoint a Finance Director to administer the company and to prepare it for flotation, releasing the Managing Director to concentrate on business development.

We seek a commercially-orientated accountant with a wide-ranging business background and international horizons and, ideally, experience of both small companies and flotations. He or she will be a team player, able to contribute to both administration and strategic direction. Non-smoker. Age indicator 40-45, but this is very flexible.

Salary negotiable around £60K. Share options available with prospects of wealth creation. Relocation anticipated.

Please write, with appropriate details and salary history, to the company's recruitment consultant David Mackintosh, Mackintosh Enterprises, 7 Dover Park, Windsor, Berks SL4 4BQ quoting Ref DM/151.

Senior Manager - Corporate Reporting

HOME COUNTIES

£45,000 + CAR + BENEFITS

This rapidly expanding company has just floated on the US stock market and is seeking a London listing next year. It operates in a dynamic, growing industry and the Group is now set to appoint an exceptional individual into a very senior position at the UK Headquarters.

The manager will be responsible for all external reporting to the SEC and LSE as well as reporting Group consolidated results to the main Board. There will be significant interface with the Group's Chairman and the job holder will be involved in the management of a small, highly focused team of qualified accountants.

The ideal applicant will have experience of both SEC and LSE reporting requirements. Candidates must be assertive,

diplomatic and have strong management skills with an ability to manage change in a fast moving environment. Excellent report writing skills and a commitment to meeting tight deadlines are pre-requisite. The successful candidate will be a graduate qualified chartered accountant in their late 30s or early 40s, who can demonstrate exceptional achievements to date.

This is an outstanding opportunity to contribute to the success of a dynamic, expanding company and career prospects are excellent.

Interested applicants should write to Jo McEachran, at the address below, with full CV and details of remuneration.

Alfred Peachell Limited, Recruitment Consultants, 125 High Holborn, London WC1V 6QA. Tel: 071 404 3155. Fax: 071 404 0140.

FINANCIAL SERVICES REGULATION

Enforcement Accountant

City

IMRO - Investment Management Regulatory Organisation Limited - sets, enforces and monitors standards of investor protection for a diverse membership, including fund managers, unit trust managers, pension fund managers, venture capital companies, banks and trustee companies.

The Enforcement Department is primarily engaged in undertaking intensive investigations, identifying significant investor risk and preparing disciplinary cases. It now wishes to add a further accountant to one of its teams.

The successful candidate will be involved in planning and conducting investigations; instructing, where necessary, external professionals; liaising with other regulators; and writing clear and informative reports. This is a demanding role, providing wide exposure to the investment management industry and the opportunity to be at the forefront of investor protection.

We are looking for a graduate qualified accountant, with preferably around two years' post-qualification experience and an in-depth knowledge of the financial services industry. Investigative experience gained beyond normal audit is essential, as is the ability to be a good team player.

Salary will be related to relevant experience and qualifications. Benefits include a non-contributory pension and medical insurance. The post provides excellent opportunities for further progression.

Write (under confidential cover) with curriculum vitae, stating how you meet the requirements of the position, indicating current salary and quoting reference number ENF94/11 to Clare Woodcock, Personnel Officer, IMRO, Broadwalk House, 1 Appold Street, London EC2A 2AA.

IMRO

PERSONAL ASSISTANT TO FINANCE DIRECTOR

London

£30-35,000 + car

A household name with brand-leading food products worldwide, our client has an exceptional record of growth through innovation and new product development, increasing market share in a highly competitive environment. With an exceptionally well-established marketing base, the group is pursuing further expansion through a programme of strategic acquisitions. The Finance Director, at the heart of the acquisitive process, seeks a highly motivated young accountant to become involved in all aspects of his work.

An unusually varied and high-profile role, the Assistant will work alongside the Finance Director in identifying target companies and joint venture opportunities, carrying out pre- and post-acquisition reviews and taking an active part in deals and transactions. Also focusing on critical aspects of the company's performance - both opportunities and problem areas - the position also offers exposure to change management arising from the integration of recent acquisitions or the introduction of new technology and business processes. Working with quality action teams, the role will offer involvement in providing creative solutions to a range of financial and operational problems.

Reporting to the FD and main Board Directors in the UK and the US parent company, confidence, well-developed presentation skills and excellent interpersonal ability are vital attributes. The successful candidate is likely to be a newly or recently-qualified ACA, probably aged 25-28, with first time passes gained in a Big 6 practice. Applications from outstanding CIMA-qualified accountants are also welcomed. Evidence of special projects work will be an advantage and an excellent academic and career record are essential.

The level and variety of exposure offered by this position provides the opportunity to move on to other business areas or to a senior finance role within the group after 18-24 months.

For more information call 071-329 4649 or during evenings or weekends 081-467 1408 or alternatively send or fax your CV quoting ref 087.



SEARCH & SELECTION

OLD BAILEY HOUSE, 7 OLD BAILEY, LONDON EC4M 7NB TELEPHONE: 071-329 4649 FAX: 071-329 4677

FINANCE DIRECTOR

East Kilbride

Attractive Package

Memex is a pioneer in the development of real time applications for integrated information management technology. With the backing of investment from its parent, MR-Data Management Group plc, Memex is now preparing for a period of explosive growth. To help manage this growth, the company needs a Finance Director to join the senior management team and ensure that the company achieves its ambitious business objectives.

Reporting to the Chief Executive and as a key member of the Executive Committee, the Finance Director will participate actively in the strategic planning of the company and will assume full responsibility for the finance, support and administrative functions. As well as the provision of timely financial information, this will include ensuring that systems and resources are adequate to meet the changing nature of the business.

Candidates for this position will be qualified accountants with several years of experience as a finance director in a fast moving, high tech environment. Experience in helping manage significant change within such a climate would be an added bonus. The stature and commercial acumen to contribute to the development of the company at the most senior level are essential, together with a hands on approach and superior interpersonal and presentation skills.

The remuneration package is generous and not only the nature of this position, but also a commitment to find the very best person for the job.

Memex

A member of MR-Data Group plc



Please reply quoting Reference No. 3432, to Peter Sivilor, Touche Ross Executive Selection, Friary Court, 65 Crutched Friars, London EC3N 2NP, enclosing a comprehensive CV.



MANAGEMENT CONSULTANTS

APPOINTMENTS WANTED

Business Consultant, MBA

10 years experience in Accountancy/Financial Analysis. European & E/Europe experience. Systems/PC literate. Seeking FICED position in company start-up or small growing company (TTO £5m). Willing to relocate. Please Write Box A2194, Financial Times, One Southwark Bridge, London SE1 9HL.

Financial Controller

West Midlands

salary c. £50,000 + benefits

Our client is a UK manufacturing and projects company with a number of operating divisions supplying products and systems to the energy sector. Sales are around £100m and the Company itself is part of a major multinational with businesses worldwide.

A Financial Controller is now required to head a central financial function reporting direct to the Managing Director. You will be responsible for consolidating, interpreting and reporting the results of the divisions; streamlining the reporting and control systems across the Company using IT; improving effectiveness and efficiency and looking for profit opportunities. You will concentrate on the analysis and interpretation of business results, supporting and advising the Managing Director.

You will be a qualified accountant aged 35-45, with good interpersonal and communication skills. You will have previous hands-on experience of a tough project contracting and manufacturing business. You will have an assertive management style, strong leadership, commercial acumen and a proactive approach, working with the divisions to improve performance.

Please apply in confidence, giving details of your career and current earnings, quoting reference 0274 to AAD Executive Selection, 7 Curzon Street, London W1Y 7FL.

AAD

The Executive Selection Division of Odgers and Co. Ltd.

Accountancy Personnel

Financial Controller

Central Region

£30,000 + Car

This extremely fast-moving service based organisation is currently expanding at a phenomenal rate, achieving success within a highly competitive and ever-changing market-place. This has created an exciting and challenging environment for dynamic and ambitious individuals.

As Financial Controller, you will report to the Commercial Director with dotted line responsibility to the Group Finance Director. Primary responsibility will be the effective management of all aspects of financial reporting, within strict working deadlines, raising non-finance professionals and the ongoing development of systems and procedures.

The successful candidate will undoubtedly be of the highest calibre and be able to demonstrate a track record of achievement in their role to date. Commitment to the company cannot be underestimated, but this is an opportunity to join a progressive and dynamic organisation at a critical stage of its development.

It is envisaged that this role will be the starting point of a successful and long term career within the organisation.



All interested candidates should forward their CVs to Allen O'Neill, Business Manager, Accountancy Personnel, 14 Temple Street, Birmingham B2 5BG. Tel: 021 643 6201. Fax: 021 643 6235.

FINANCIAL DIRECTOR

for Calderdale College Further Education Corporation

West Yorkshire

c. £40K plus benefits

My client is a dynamic organisation in the business of developing people. With a turnover of £12 million and ambitious plans for growth, they are currently undergoing metamorphic change within the public sector and seek to appoint a talented, commercially minded professional to fill the key role.

Reporting to the Chief Executive and working as part of the senior management team, your brief will be to develop and implement a commercially minded financial strategy which will facilitate a major agenda of change, exploiting wide ranging opportunities both in the UK and overseas.

A graduate calibre, qualified Accountant, you will thrive in a challenging and demanding environment. An effective team builder and leader, you will combine excellent communication and influencing skills with your ability to quickly establish your personal credibility with those around you.

In return you will receive an attractive salary and benefits package together with excellent opportunities for personal career development. Excellent conditions will be offered where appropriate.

To apply, please write a full CV stating current salary and quoting Ref 2198EC, to Andrew Harris, Executive Recruitment Director, Grant Thornton Management Consultants, St John's Centre, Albion Street, Leeds LS2 8LA.

Grant Thornton

MANAGEMENT CONSULTANTS

The U.K. member firm of Grant Thornton International.

Finance Manager

Somerset to £32,000 + benefits

Our client is a successful, £60m turnover, mutually owned veterinary business. Recent restructuring, coupled with a corporate drive towards increased efficiency, has created a need for an experienced accountant to undertake the role of Finance Manager.

Reporting directly to the Chief Executive and liaising extensively with the Board and other senior staff, the successful candidate will provide a comprehensive management service to the organisation, encompassing both financial and administrative duties.

The role will encompass responsibility for all financial and management accounting procedures, including treasury management coupled with the development of timely and relevant information for use by senior management and the provision of sound financial advice to the Board.

Excellent communication skills will be required in order to effectively liaise with external, professional advisers and non-financial management. The successful candidate will be a qualified accountant with experience gained in a fast moving, high volume, business environment. Sound man-management skills should be combined with strong, interpersonal skills.

Interested candidates should send a current CV, together with remuneration details to Mavis Pugh or Karen Paige, KPMG Selection & Search, Richmond Park House, 15 Richmond Road, Clifton, Bristol BS8 3BG. Tel: (0272) 344444.

KPMG

 Selection & Search

Finance Director

Industrial Products

West London

c. £50,000

Our client is the £250 million turnover subsidiary of a major European Group. They are world leaders in many of the specialist technical products, and components which they manufacture and distribute. The promotion of the subsidiary to Group headquarters.

Reporting to the Managing Director, the Finance Director will be responsible for financial planning, budgeting and reporting to both local and Group levels, IT, and house services. Planned organisational changes and the growth of the Company will lead to a major expansion of the role.

The successful candidate must be a fully qualified graduate accountant, ideally with experience of manufacturing industry. Probably aged in their mid 30's, they will already be able to demonstrate a progressive and successful career which has taken them into senior positions in a sophisticated multinational organisation and management.

This is a rare opportunity for an outstanding, ambitious financial executive to join a world-class Group and to prove him, or herself, as Finance Director of one of their most important subsidiaries.

Remuneration will include a salary of £50,000, car and other major Group benefits including relocation expenses if appropriate.

Please apply in complete confidence, with a full CV, including latest salary details, to The Managing Partner, David Thompson Associates, Beacon Rise, Ebbw Vale, South Wales, NP23 6SL.

DAVID THOMPSON ASSOCIATES

SPECIALISTS IN EXECUTIVE RECRUITMENT

European Controller

Southern Home Counties

c.£40,000 + Car + Benefits

This profitable £90M turnover division of a household name business services PLC holds a leading position in the European and UK freight transport markets. The Group operates in two other business service sectors, the three divisions together forming a highly successful, publicly-quoted company with market capitalisation of £150m.

The division has expanded rapidly and very profitably into Europe both by acquisition and organic growth. The business now seeks a European Controller to oversee the various, recently acquired businesses on the continent.

Reporting to the Finance Director, you will provide an effective interface between divisional management and European operating companies. You will take full responsibility for the development

of management reporting, including the identification of key performance indicators and analysis of market trends. You will need to develop a good understanding of the road transport and logistics sector in order to influence future decision-making.

The individual we are seeking, probably aged 30-35, must have substantial post qualification management accounting experience gained within a UK corporate environment. The ability to converse in

German or Dutch would be advantageous during overseas travel, but an excellent aptitude for learning languages would prove sufficient. The ability to communicate effectively with senior management will be essential.

The Group offers excellent career development and a benefits package commensurate with the level of appointment in a major PLC.

For a detailed and confidential discussion telephone Nick Brown ACA on 0171 336 7711. (Evenings/weekends 0181 445 5919). Alternatively, please send your CV to him at: GMS, Goodman Masson Shaw, 2 Bath Street, London EC4V 9DX. Or fax it on 0171 336 7712.

GMS

GOODMAN MASSON SHAW
Financial Search and Selection

Company Stock Events & Capital Issues

A HIGHLY INFLUENTIAL ROLE

Sheffield

Salary Package Negotiable

Abbey National plc operations in early 1994 from purpose-built Headquarters on the

Initially set up to manage the service to Abbey National's 2.5 million shareholders, it operates in a modern, open plan environment with excellent communications and plenty of room for growth.

It is within this exciting business, that we now require a professional with wide experience and a thorough knowledge of Share Registration, particularly in the area of stock events and capital issues to assist the team in the next phase of development. This includes enhancing the system to provide a commercial service to major companies throughout the UK.

You will provide guidance and support to the development team, particularly on operational planning and procedures, review design documentation and be responsible for ensuring that the design agreed, meets the future business requirements.

To ensure the smooth running of the operation, you will also participate in the design of test material and programmes, the writing of detailed operational procedures and provide support to the staff. Additionally, the role will involve assisting in preparing business proposals.



Promoting Success Through Equality

With at least 5 years experience in a financial environment, you will be able to demonstrate a broad range of business experience, including knowledge of registration procedures, company flotations and events gained at a senior level. Having worked successfully as part of a project team you will be able to demonstrate excellent communication and leadership skills. The ability to design and document effective operational systems is of paramount importance.

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Friday December 2 1994

Hanson ready for purchase after rise

EXHIBIT, Page 20

Trevor Wheatley of UK electronic drives maker Control Techniques accepted £204m US takeover. Page 22

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LONDON (pounds)		Ample Group	
Spot	100	178	25
1971	98 + 10	180	15
1972	96 + 10	182	12
1973	94 + 25	175	6
1974	92 + 15	173	9
1975	90 + 10	170	14
1976	88 + 6	167	21
1977	86 + 8	164	12
1978	84 + 7	160 1/2	10 1/2
1979	82 + 7	155	18
1980	80 + 10	150	20

1990

1. The first step is to identify the problem. In this case, the problem is that the company is not meeting its sales targets.

INTERNATIONAL COMPANIES AND FINANCE

ABB takes stake in Chinese power equipment maker

By Louise Lucas
in Hong Kong

Asa Boveri Boveri (ABB), the Swiss power group, has taken a 4.5 per cent stake in Harbin Power Equipment Company, a former China state-owned enterprise which is in the process of listing in Hong Kong.

ABB is buying 4.5 million shares at HK\$1.25 each, for a total of HK\$5.625m. The pricing is based on a price/earnings multiple of 12.15 times 1995 earnings, according to S.C. Warburg Securities (Hong Kong), lead manager of the offering.

In total, Harbin is raising HK\$1.24bn by selling off 40 per cent of its enlarged capital. Of the 400m shares issued, 400m shares are being placed privately and the remainder will be sold to the public in Hong Kong.

Although a relative latecomer to the China market, ABB has been aggressively pursuing its mainland expansion plans in the past two years and is shifting its regional headquarters to Beijing from Hong Kong.

The Chinese government's reluctance to see a pillar industry like power fall into the hands of foreign companies has made it tougher for such companies to build China operations than, for example, their consumer goods counterparts.

Harbin Power Equipment, the largest manufacturer of power generating sets in China, is expected to receive a relatively warm reception when trading starts on December 15.

Compared with the recently listed Dongfang Electrical, which also makes generators, Harbin is a premium on both technology and production. It is also cheaper, with Dongfang trading on a p/e of 14 times.

However, Harbin is not a poor performer. Its power sector remains relatively stable, with the level of return to shareholders being able to achieve.

Rembrandt Group, the conglomerate controlled by South Africa's Rupert family, has reported a fall in net income to R508m (US\$34m) for the six months to September, down from R581m a year ago.

The main reason for the drop was an extraordinary item of R114.2m, which represents the group's share of the write-down by mining house Gold Fields in its troubled platinum subsidiary, Northern Platinum.

Its figures were also hurt by the decision not to equity account its share in the unbundled components of the Genor group, Engen, Melbak and Sappl, and its share of losses due to the start-up costs of cellular phone network Vod-

acom. However, Rembrandt's income rose to R548m from R533m, while tax paid dropped to R13m from R14m.

In spite of this, operating income rose to R548m from R533m, while tax paid dropped to R13m from R14m.

Turnover, comprising sales, fees, rental and interest income, rose to R2.45bn from R2.23bn and an interim dividend of 19.5 cents, up from 17.04 cents, was declared.

The company gave no breakdown of performance by units, but analysts estimate that the contribution of tobacco, where the group has 60 per cent of the local market, may have been hit by higher input

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Montedison's rehabilitation moves a step further

Last month, Mr Stefano Meloni, a senior executive at Montedison, told Les Echos, the French business newspaper, that the Italian industrial company and its parent, Ferruzzi Finanziaria (Ferfin), were destined to rejoin the Milan stock exchange's small band of blue-chip stocks.

Only a year earlier, the Ferruzzi-Montedison group came within four and a half hours of a very different fate: bankruptcy filing, followed by ignominious break-up and sale.

The team brought in last June by Ferruzzi-Montedison talked little, outside shareholder meetings, about how this recovery was being achieved. When they do talk, it is in clipped understatement. In last year's annual report for Ferfin, Mr Guido

Repetto, now chairman of both companies, described 1993 simply as "a year full of events".

Given the group's recent history, such discretion is understandable. In the late 1980s, under the flamboyant chairmanship of Mr Raul Gardini, the committed suicide last year while under investigation for corruption, the group

was in television, newspaper, yacht builders, property and art, and was often in the headlines.

This extravagance, coupled with corruption, alleged mismanagement, helped bring Ferfin and Montedison to their knees. By the end of June 1993, the two companies were labouring under a burden of debt which topped

130,000bn (\$18bn). They have survived the last year due mainly to the willingness of most of the group's bank creditors to reschedule debt, cancel 1993 interest income and underwrite "rescue" rights issues, converting debt into equity.

By June of this year, net debt at Ferruzzi-Montedison had fallen to just over L15,000bn, following the capital-raising and a continuing asset sales, which have contributed more than L2,300bn towards a target of L7,000bn for disposal.

That Ferruzzi-Montedison was saved does not seem so surprising now. It was, after all, the second largest listed industrial group in the country, and the political implications of bankruptcy would have been enormous.

It was not clear until the last moment, however, whether the Milan merchant bank advising Ferruzzi-Montedison, could cajole enough creditor banks to sign up to the programme.

Although the debt restructuring has been the focus of attention, staff at the group's legal Milan headquarters (for sale, like many of the company's property assets), know Ferruzzi-Montedison must now

The Italian group is focusing on implementing the industrial part of its rescue plan, writes Andrew Hill

consolidate its position. That means implementing the ambitious industrial part of the rescue plan contained in the four slim green paperbacks - the road-map to the group's future.

This is the main task of Mr Rossi, a company law expert and former head of Consob, the Italian stock exchange watchdog, and Mr Enrico Bondi, former managing director of Gilardini, a Fiat unit, who joined the group as managing director at the same time.

The industrial part of the plan is founded on three main pillars within Montedison - the agro-industrial side, represented by Eridania Bagnoli-Say, the quoted French subsidiary, chemicals (Montecatini) and energy (Edison). The plan also envisages Ferfin retaining its 30 per cent stake in Fondiaria, one of Italy's leading insurers, even if market speculation suggests a sale is possible.

More than 61 per cent of the L5,900bn of investment envisaged over the four years of the plan will be spent on developing capacity, 29 per cent on renewing plant and most of the rest on environmental improvements. As the biggest contributor to turnover, the agro-industrial side will

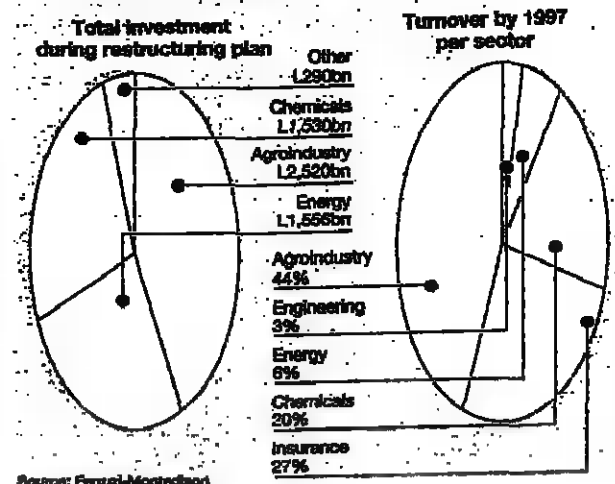
provide a further morale boost to the company, and rid Montedison of more debt.

By 1997, the group also hopes to double turnover at Edison, Italy's biggest private electricity producer, and benefit from the privatisation of the state company, Enel, which will have to sell off parts of its production capacity in the next three to four years.

If enough progress is made, the group is also likely to see further expansion, by acquisition, and growth in new geographic markets, such as China.

Analysts admit they are impressed by the new team's work, although they believe some of the group's investments - particularly on Edison's development - could be

Ferruzzi-Montedison restructuring 1993-97



Source: Ferruzzi-Montedison.

the stable basis on which to expand the energy and chemicals arms of the business. Defence against cyclical recession is one reason why the group says it has stuck together as an unfashionable multinational conglomerate, rather than splitting into three or four smaller, more vulnerable units.

In certain areas, the group may even be doing better than the plan's forecasts. For example, a surge in the price of polypropylene - a key product in which Montedison is the world

leader - helped the chemicals division. Regulatory approval of Montell, the polypropylene joint venture with Royal Dutch/Shell, will provide a further morale boost

to the company, and rid Montedison of more debt.

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Analysts admit they are impressed by the new team's work, although they believe some of the group's investments - particularly on Edison's development - could be

over-ambitious. However, Ferfin and Montedison are showing the benefits of the work put in by Mr Rossi, Mr Bondi and other new managers. Both companies returned to pre-tax profit in the first half of this year.

The apparent success of the programme is raising questions about the future structure of the whole group. Investors have begun to wonder whether the Ferfin holding company might merge with Montedison once the main outstanding asset sales have been achieved.

Ferfin's rights issues at the beginning of the year were almost entirely underwritten by creditor banks, which have seen the price tumble from around L1,900 to about L1,300 now.

Apart from Serafino Ferruzzi, the troubled Ferruzzi family holding company, the top five shareholders in Ferfin are Italian banks.

Montedison's share register, by contrast, includes a spread of investment funds which subscribed to the rights issue. Over the same period, Montedison shares have risen from about L960 to more than L1,160.

Ferfin's Montedison may already answer with one voice, and share the same chairman and managing director, but in the last month they have formally denied rumours of an imminent merger. It is not the companies' patience explain, in the plan.

Asian companies plan telephone network

Four south-east Asian companies signed a memorandum of understanding to develop a telephone network in the East Asian Growth Area (EAGA), according to Philippine Long Distance Telephone's vice-president, Mr Ramon Obias, senior reports from Manila. The EAGA joins parts of the Philippines, Malaysia, Indonesia and Brunei.

The memorandum involves the PLDT, Jabatan Telekom Brunei, Indosat of Indonesia, and Telekom Malaysia. The proposed common facility will cover the entire Mindanao area in the Philippines, Brunei's Negara province, North Sulawesi, East and West Kalimantan in Indonesia and Labuan, Sabah and Sarawak in Malaysia.

The network will allow direct telephone traffic between these areas without calls having to pass through their separate international gateways.

Philippine Long Distance Telephone said it had completed a public offering, at \$60 a share, of \$12.5m worth of global depositary shares representing 4.25m shares of convertible preferred stock.

Pohang Iron and Steel Co (Posco), South Korea's largest steelmaker, plans to list on the London and Hong Kong stock exchanges in 1995, following this year's listing on the New York Stock Exchange, says Our Financial Staff. Posco's listing in New York was the first by a South Korean company.

A company spokesman said Posco's crude steel production was expected to rise to 22.68m tonnes next year from 22.07m this year.

It expects net profit to rise 13 per cent to Won332.5bn (\$418.2m) in calendar 1994 from Won294.6bn, and sales to rise to Won7,310bn from Won 6,920bn this year. The spokesman said: "Our plan for 1995 calls for a net profit of Won3,400bn on sales of Won7,350bn."

The company plans to spend about Won3,000bn next year, almost double this year's amount, to expand and expand production facilities.

In October, Korea Electric Power became the country's second company to list on the New York Stock Exchange, raising about \$300m in a global equity offering of 14.8m American depositary shares.

Posco to seek London and Hong Kong listings

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Indonesian engineering group to go public

By Maruella Saragosa
in Jakarta

Bukaka Teknik Utama, an Indonesian engineering company, is to sell 40m shares at Rp8,500 each in an initial public offering (IPO) this month. Bukaka said half the capital raised would finance expansion and the rest to repay debts.

To date, 80 per cent of the company's products and services, which include power transmission towers, passenger boarding bridges for airports and coal-handling systems, are sold to Indonesian public sector.

This year the company's net profit was Rp15.4bn.

In 1992 Bukaka exported its first major boarding bridge and since then it has sold bridges to airports in Japan, Thailand and Singapore.

Mr Sadel Muhammad, president and chief executive officer, said that Bukaka would continue to target Asia-Pacific economies and step up exports of oil and gas equipment, transmission systems and bulk-handling systems.

Bukaka's net profit last year was Rp8.1bn (\$4.2m) on sales of Rp151bn.

This year the company's net profit was Rp15.4bn.

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Petróleo Brasileiro S.A. - Petrobrás and Yacimientos Petrolíferos Fiscales Bolivianos - YPFB hereby intend to call for an international invitation to Pipeline Construction Companies, Materials and Equipment Suppliers to express interest in the following scope of work:

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- supply of API 5L X 65 and X 70 externally and/or internally coated linepipes;

The documents related to the Expression of Interest (E.O.I.), will be available from November 28th, 1994 at the following addresses:

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Phone: (55 21) 566 3735
Telefax: (55 21) 566 5723 / 566 5431
and / or
- Yacimientos Petrolíferos Fiscales Bolivianos - YPFB
Proyecto Gasoduto Al Brasil
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Santa Cruz de la Sierra - Bolivia
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The above will not confer upon Petrobrás, YPFB or interested companies any rights or obligations.

STATE PROPERTY AGENCY

TENDER INVITATION

The State Property Agency (SPA) is an open, one-round tender for the sale of the state-owned shares of Balaton Füzért Kereskedelmi Részvénytársaság (Balaton Füzért Trade Pte.) (H-7400 Kaposvár, Füredi u. 1.)

Balaton Füzért Kereskedelmi Részvénytársaság is a public limited company, its shares are listed on the Budapest Stock Exchange. Its main profiles are wholesale and retail trade of foodstuffs, household chemical goods and basic groceries. Balaton Füzért has modern warehouse in two county seats, in Kaposvár and Zalaegerszeg and several discount and cash and carry stores and supermarkets.

The registered capital of the plc. is HUF 1,330,000,000, that is one billion three hundred and thirty million Hungarian forints, 54.68 percent of which is in state ownership.

The SPA's primary aim is to find a strategic investor, skilled in trade, who, by capital increase and by the purchase of a block of the state owned shares will acquire at least 51 percent of the firm's shares. The capital increase can only be submitted and approved by the shareholders' meeting following the announcement of the result of the tender.

Each bidder will have to submit two bids:

- one for the capital increase (to the extent indicated by the investor) and for the purchase of a share package from the SPA in a way that the shares acquired altogether amount to an ownership ratio of 51 percent for the investor.
- and another for the purchase of 51 percent of the present share capital (HUF 678,300,000)

The Tenderer prefers to offer the share capital increase as oppose to purchasing the shares.

The price expected by the SPA is 115 percent of the nominal value of the shares (bids quoting lower price, however, are not void). The minimum extent of the capital increase is HUF 200,000,000 and can only be performed in cash. In the bid the subscription rate of shares issued in the course of the capital increase should correspond to the buying rate of shares bought from the SPA.

80 percent of the bid price must be paid in cash, 10 percent in compensation coupons. Foreign investors must pay the total purchase price in foreign currency.

Bidders must deposit HUF 30,000,000 retention money. A certificate of deposit of the retention money should be attached to the bid.

We hereby announce that the shares of Balaton Füzért were admitted to the Budapest Stock Exchange in May 1994. The present ownership structure of Balaton Füzért is as follows:

SPA	54.68 percent
Municipalities	13.51 percent
Employees	17.83 percent
Institutional and private investors	13.98 percent

For further information please contact:

Attila Tóth, deputy director (in Hungarian)
telephone: (36-1)-267-0054
Michael Stanton, advisor (in English)
telephone: (36-1)-267-0084
Gregory Martin, advisor (in English)
telephone: (36-1)-269-8600

Bids should be submitted to the given address in a sealed, unmarked envelope, in three copies, in Hungarian. Foreign investors may submit their offers also in English or German, but the Hungarian copy will rule.

"Pályázat Balaton Füzért" must be written on the envelope.

The tender documents containing the detailed conditions of participation and the introduction of the firm are available at the Customer Service of the State Property Agency. The price of the tender documents is HUF 30,000 + VAT.

Deadline for submitting bids:

March 1, 1995,
between 10.00 and 12.00 a.m.

Place to submit bids:

Állami Vagyongényökség (SPA)
Room 804
H-1133, Budapest
Pozsonyi út 56.

HUNGARY: PRIVATISATION GOES ON

INTERNATIONAL CAPITAL MARKETS

Short-dated sector sees further offerings

By Graham Bowley

Continued strong demand for short-dated paper prompted further offerings in the three- to five-year area yesterday.

Bayerische Landesbank and Bayerische Vereinsbank Overseas Finance launched three- and four-year offerings respectively in the US dollar sector.

INTERNATIONAL BONDS

The Australian dollar sector saw two deals in three- and five-year maturities.

This continues a trend of recent weeks, during which there has been a flood of short-dated issues as borrowers have moved to exploit a surge in demand from European retail investors.

Activity has been at its most intense in the dollar sector, with investors - most notably Swiss - attracted by yields of

around 7.8 per cent, which compare favourably with 10-year yields of around 7.9 per cent.

"With US inflation at 2.6 per cent, this implies a very attractive real yield of more than 5 per cent," said one dealer.

"There is very little incentive for investors to go further along the yield curve and demand is high," he added.

However, "the supply at the short end has now started to get to the point where it is overwhelming demand," another dealer warned.

Bayerische Landesbank's \$200m offering, priced to yield 15 basis points over US Treasuries, was prompted by the success of its \$300m issue of three-year bonds launched last week, book-runner Lehman Brothers said.

Yesterday's offering drew similar demand from European retail investors and investors in Asia, it added.

Bayerische Vereinsbank's \$200m offering, similarly priced

NEW INTERNATIONAL BOND ISSUES

Borrower	Amount	Coupon	Price	Maturity	Yield	Spread	Book runner
BORROWER							
US DOLLARS							
Bayerische Vereinsbank Overseas Finance	200	6.50	98.88R	Dec.1998	0.225R	+157 (94-97)	Swiss Bank Corp.
Bayerische Landesbank	200	7.75	98.88R	Dec.1997	0.1875R		Lehman Brothers Int.
YEN							
Korea Development Bank	100m	4.20	99.89		0.40		Nomura International
STERLING							
Prospect 1st			99.88R	Dec.2000	0.20R		US
D-MARKS							
Swiss Bank Corp., Jersey Branch		7.00	99.88R	Jan.2000	0.25R	+10 (74-98)	Swiss Bank Corp. PFI
AUSTRALIAN DOLLARS							
Commonwealth Bank of Australia	125	10.50	101.41	Jan.2000	2.00		Hombrook Bank
New South Wales Treasury Corp.	100	4.00R	97.25R	Dec.1997	1.30R		Nomura International

First terms and non-callable unless noted. The yield spread over relevant government bond at launch is supplied by the lead manager. A: Unrated. B: Rating not given. C: Rating not given. D: Rating not given. E: Rating not given. F: Rating not given. G: Rating not given. H: Rating not given. I: Rating not given. J: Rating not given. K: Rating not given. L: Rating not given. M: Rating not given. N: Rating not given. O: Rating not given. P: Rating not given. Q: Rating not given. R: Rating not given. S: Rating not given. T: Rating not given. U: Rating not given. V: Rating not given. W: Rating not given. X: Rating not given. Y: Rating not given. Z: Rating not given.

at 15 basis points over US Treasuries, will be taken up by Swiss retail investors over the coming days, in spite of difficult market conditions yesterday, said lead manager SBC.

In the Australian dollar sector, Commonwealth Bank Overseas Finance launched a \$125m issue of five-year bonds, offering a coupon of 10.5 per cent,

which met demand from Swiss, German and Benelux retail investors, lead manager Hambrook said.

Caja de Madrid, Spain's second largest savings bank, is to make its debut in the eurobond market next week with a \$200m offering of three-year floating-rate notes, according to J.P. Morgan.

Investment grade rating restored to India

By Richard Lapper

India has regained an investment grade rating on bonds it sells to international investors, which could widen the pool of potential buyers and help cut borrowing costs.

Moody's Investors Service, the US rating agency, yesterday raised the debt rating of India's foreign currency debt to Baa3, the lowest investment grade, from Ba2.

India's bond ratings were downgraded in 1991 as a result of financial difficulties.

Standard & Poor's, another leading US credit rating agency, continues to rate the country's long-term debt at BB+, just below investment grade status.

Announcing the increase, Moody's said the move was justified by the success of the government's structural adjustment programme.

"Basically, the reform process has been developing steadily for some time," explained Mr David Lavery, managing director of sovereign risk at Moody's.

"We are seeing significant benefits for economic growth and efficiency."

"Reserves have increased and there has been substantial inflows of equity and direct investment," he added. "There has been a turning point in the psychology of the country."

The increased rating directly affects eurobonds issued by the Oil and Natural Gas Corporation, which are fully guaranteed by the republic. In addition it could indirectly help local companies raise capital on the international debt markets and could increase the number of institutional investors prepared to buy Indian company shares.

Russian bank files for ADR issue

By Richard Lapper

AvtoVAZbank, a regional Russian bank owned by AvtoVAZ, the country's biggest motor company, has filed an application to issue American depositary receipts.

The company is the first from Russia to make such an application, although two bigger companies - Lukoil, the oil company, and United Energy Systems of Russia, an electric power company - are expected to follow suit in the next few months. Other Russian companies, including Gazprom, the big gas company, are also planning issues.

AvtoVAZbank is filing to issue so-called "level one" depositary receipts, which means it has to meet less stringent disclosure standards than those typically associated with formal US stock listings. In

addition, it need not file accounts according to standard US principles.

The paper does not allow it to raise new capital in the US but the ADRs, backed by existing shares, can be traded there.

New capital could be raised either through a full listing of shares or through a private placement of ADRs under the Securities and Exchange Commission's rule 144a.

"This is very much a first step," says Mr Christopher Kearns of the Bank of New York, which will issue the ADRs and hold the Russian stock in its name.

He expects both Lukoil and UES to have ADRs in place in the first quarter of 1995.

"Many companies have ambitious long-term goals. Many have large capital needs which they see will only be satisfied outside of Russia," he added.

Loan for Sweden more than 60% oversubscribed

By Martin Brice

Underwriting for the tightly-priced \$5bn syndicated loan for Sweden has been oversubscribed by more than 60 per cent.

The Swedish government asked J.P. Morgan, the investment bank, to arrange a syndicate of banks to underwrite a total of \$5bn. Pricing on the loan was set at 8 basis points over the London interbank offered rate (Libor).

The 27 banks in the syndicate offered to underwrite a total of \$6.1bn, J.P. Morgan announced yesterday.

The lead underwriters are ABN AMRO, Bank of Tokyo, Paribas, Barclays, Bayerische, BNL, BNP, Citibank, Commerzbank, Credit Suisse, Dai-ichi

Kangyo, Dresdner, Fuji, IBJ, Midland, Mitsubishi, Morgan Guaranty, Nordbanken, Sakura, Sankei, Société Générale, Sumitomo, Svenska, Swedbank, SBC and WestLB.

A \$1.75bn syndicated loan for Ceres, which is part of the De Benedetti empire, has been launched into general syndication. Arrangements for the revolving credit, priced at 50 basis points over Libor, are BNP, Citibank and UBS. The loan has a commitment fee of 25 basis points and is secured on shares in Valeo, the automotive component group.

A \$1.5bn loan arranged by Chemical Bank for Vaisala, the Finnish pulp and paper group, has been increased to \$1.8bn after being oversubscribed.

News of lower prices limits fall in US Treasuries

By Lisa Bransford in New York and Martin Brice in London

Continued expansion pushed US Treasury prices lower yesterday morning, but a broad sell-off was held back by a modest decline in prices paid by US manufacturers.

By midday the benchmark 30-year government bond was down 3/8 to 94, yielding 8.026 per cent and the two-year note was down 1/8 to 98 1/2, yielding 7.421 per cent.

The market held relatively steady until the mid-morning release of the National Association of Purchasing Managers index, which rose to 61.2 per cent in October from 59.7 per cent in September. Although November's figure was the highest in more than 10 years,

it was not strikingly out of line with economists' expectations. Better news for the bond market was that an NAPM sub-index of prices paid for manufacturing materials fell slightly in November.

The decrease bolstered the dollar, which had risen against both the yen and the D-Mark by midday. A stronger dollar helps bonds by encouraging foreign investors to maintain their holdings.

Mr Ralph Kautman, chairman of NAPM, attributed the fall in prices to seasonal factors, however, not to economic slowdown, and said he anticipated continued expansion.

The market paid little attention to economic data released earlier showing a larger than expected increase in personal income and a moderate rise in construction expenditure.

UK gilts drifted slightly lower as investors searched in vain for a strong lead from the US. Analysts said the market was waiting for the US non-farm payroll figure today.

The long gilt future moved down 1/8 to trade around 104 1/2. The yield spread over bonds was around 130.

Mr Nigel Richardson at Yarnsight said gilts were positioned to rise. He said the issue of tax stock by the Bank of England on Monday had been interpreted as a signal that the Budget would be good for gilts.

In the event, the Budget had been interpreted cynically by the market and investors were worried about future tax cuts, uncertain growth forecasts and that the Labour party would be in power during the period covered by current forecasts of government spending.

However, Mr Richardson thought that even if taxes were cut next year, that would be unlikely to upset gilts too much. Even if it were incorrect, the public sector borrowing requirement was likely to remain below 3 per cent of GDP and a Labour government would be unlikely to take spending above that level.

Bundesbank council member, said the bank remained concerned at the rise in producer prices. Ms Jane Berryman at Technical Data said: "Evidence continues to mount that German authorities have little if no scope to loosen monetary policy any further."

The Italian market outperformed others yesterday as investors took cheer from agreement on pensions reform. The December bond futures contract on Liffe ended at 101.97, up 0.27. But Mr Pio de Gregorio at NatWest said: "The watering down of the (pensions) reform... increases the likelihood that the government will have to resort to a supplementary package sometime next year if the deficit target is to be met."

German bunds drifted in slow trading. The December bund futures contract on Liffe ended at 91.33, up 0.01. Mr Reimut Jochimsen, a

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WORLD BOND PRICES

BENCHMARK GOVERNMENT BONDS

Coupon	Rate	Days	High	Low	Set. vol.	Open Int.
Australia	8.000	09/04	91.8800	-0.0800	10.37	10.38
Belgium	7.750	10/01	98.5500	-0.1100	8.57	8.58
Canada	6.500	09/04	95.5000	-0.1000	9.10	9.09
Denmark	7.000	12/04	98.4500	-0.0800	8.51	8.52
France	6.000	09/09	98.1200	-0.0700	9.27	9.28
Germany	7.500	10/01	98.1000	-0.0800	7.25	7.26
Italy	8.000	09/04	91.8800	-0.0800	11.70	11.71
Japan	4.000	12/03	98.4900	-0.1200	4.58	4.59
Netherlands	7.250	10/04	98.0500	-0.0700	7.48	7.49
Spain	6.000	09/04	98.0500	-0.0800	9.10	9.11
UK Gilt	6.750	10/01	98.1000	-0.0800	8.57	8.58
US Treasury	8.000	10/01	98.1000	-0.0800	8.57	8.58
ECU (French Govt)	6.000	04/04	98.2000	-0.0800	8.57	8.58

London clearing, New York last day. 1. One excluding interest at 10.25 per cent payable by instalment. 2. Source: APMT International. 3. Source: APMT International. 4. Source: APMT International. 5. Source: APMT International. 6. Source: APMT International. 7. Source: APMT International. 8. Source: APMT International. 9. Source: APMT International. 10. Source: APMT International. 11. Source: APMT International. 12. Source: APMT International. 13. Source: APMT International. 14. Source: APMT International. 15. Source: APMT International. 16. Source: APMT International. 17. Source: APMT International. 18. Source: APMT International. 19. Source: APMT International. 20. Source: APMT International. 21. Source: APMT International. 22. Source: APMT International. 23. Source: APMT International. 24. Source: APMT International. 25. Source: APMT International. 26. Source: APMT International. 27. Source: APMT International. 28. Source: APMT International. 29. Source: APMT International. 30. 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COMPANY NEWS: UK

Offer of 525p a share values electronic drives group at £204m

Emerson agrees bid for Control

By Paul Taylor

Emerson Electric of the US yesterday made a recommended cash offer of 525p a share for Control Techniques, valuing the electronic drives group at £204m.

The shares, which jumped sharply last month after the Powsy-based group announced that it was in takeover talks with Emerson, closed 7p up at 521p.

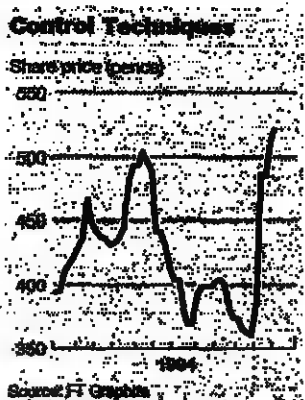
Following the bid announcement Emerson, which already held 11.4m shares in Control Techniques, equivalent to a 29.4 per cent stake, snapped up a further 3.07m shares at 525p in the market. Directors and their families have agreed to sell their 15.2 per cent holding. As a result the US group now holds, has agreed to pur-

chase or has received irrevocable acceptances covering a total of 20.4m shares, representing 52.5 per cent of the target's equity. Analysts viewed the deal as "cut and dried".

Emerson, advised by Goldman Sachs, said its offer represented a premium of 36.4 per cent over the middle market closing price of 385p on November 4, immediately before the announcement of the takeover discussions.

Control Techniques also announced results yesterday for the year to September 30. Based on its earnings per share of 19.7p (15.3p), the offer represents a historic multiple of 26.6. There is a full loan note alternative to the cash offer.

Despite a weak first half, Control pushed up annual pre-tax profits by 36 per cent to



£12.4m (£9.1m). Sales rose 10 per cent to £16m (£10.6m). A second interim dividend of 7p a share, makes a total of 9.5p (7.5p).

Mr Trevor Wheatley, chair-

man, said the outlook had changed dramatically in the space of one year. "We are witnessing significant increases in activity levels as a result of greatly increased orders from all around the world."

Control Techniques was set up as a specialised manufacturer of drives or controllers for electric motors in 1973 and has become one of the top three in Europe in its market niche, competing with companies such as Asea Brown Boveri, Toshiba and Mitsubishi.

The relationship between the two companies dates back to 1981 when Control acquired 80 per cent of ICD Drives, a New York subsidiary of Emerson, in exchange for 7.6m Control shares. ICD Drives was later renamed CT Drives.

BFI set for victory in Attwoods bid battle

By Peggy Hollinger

The battle for Attwoods was all but over last night with hostile predator Browning-Ferris Industries of the US believed to have acceptances for substantially more than 55 per cent of the UK company.

The £291m cash bid needed acceptances of just 50.1 per cent to go unconditional. Earlier this week, BFI revealed it had won almost 48 per cent.

BFI refused to comment, but did say it was "very confident of success". However, it is believed that Attwoods' two largest shareholders, Fidelity and Templeton Investments, had either accepted by last night or were in the process of doing so.

Fidelity holds 11 per cent of Attwoods and Templeton about 13 per cent. This would give BFI 54 per cent, after allowing for the 23.8 per cent stake held by Laidlaw of Canada. Laidlaw agreed to sell its shares to BFI under the original lower offer of 108p per ordinary and 85p per preference share.

Last month, BFI raised the bid to 116.75p per ordinary and 85p per preference share, and promised to pay the proposed 3.25p final dividend.

Attwoods' shares closed steady yesterday at 117p. The Attwoods camp was last night reluctant to concede defeat before today's deadline. Nevertheless, it appears that shareholders have rejected the waste company's promise to return greater value through a break-up plan, in spite of interest from both Waste Management Inc. and national and Cleanaway in the UK businesses.

Analysts in London said the break-up had offered "too little, too late" to tempt shareholders away from BFI's cash offer.

Meanwhile, BFI announced it had won government approval for the takeover of Attwoods' businesses, which include substantial operations in Florida and the mid-Atlantic states. But it will have to sell a number of routes in four states.

BPB shrugs off price war reports with 73% jump

By Andrew Taylor, Construction Correspondent

BPB Industries, Europe's biggest plasterboard manufacturer, yesterday shrugged off reports that a price war had restarted in Germany by announcing a 73 per cent rise in pre-tax profits from £44m to £76.1m in the six months to September 30.

Mr Jean-Pierre Cuny, chief executive, said that prices on average had fallen by 9 per cent in Germany during the previous 12 months.

Knauf, the largest German producer, however, had just announced rises of between 10 and 15 per cent in Germany and 6.5 per cent in the UK to take effect early next year. There was every indication that these price rises would stick, said Mr Cuny.

He expected prices to rise by about 4 per cent in France. Group profits in the first half, in the absence of further price recovery, had grown strongly on the back of record

plasterboard sales construction markets, particularly for housing, had begun to pick up in many European countries.

Group turnover had risen by 9 per cent to £253m (£237.3m). Earnings per share rose from 6p to 10.4p with an increased interim dividend of 3.1p (2.6p).

Operating profits rose by 49 per cent to £76.1m (£51.3m), while a much reduced interest bill of £5.3m (£11.8m) further enhanced the pre-tax rise.

Mr Cuny said operating profits were significantly higher in the UK and France, while Germany had also risen sharply, particularly in eastern Germany, underpinned by high demand for housing.

Mr Cuny said plasterboard profits in Canada and South Africa had also risen sharply. The two regions regions account for about 18 per cent of BPB sales.

Elsewhere paper and packaging improved from a £9.3m loss to £5.8m profits due to sharply reduced restructuring costs,

which offset a 49 per cent average rise in paper prices. Operating profits would have fallen by 4 per cent if reorganisation costs were excluded.

A strong cash position meant that group net borrowings fell to £116m (£141.2m at March 31), reducing gearing from 29.6 per cent to 15.5 per cent since September 1993.

COMMENT

A 2p rise in BPB's share price to 255p on a day when the market fell sharply reflects well on the group. The economic tide is now moving in its favour in most of the markets promising further sales increases. BPB, provided the price skirmish in Germany is ended and does not spill over into other markets, should enjoy further increases in plasterboard operating margins already approaching 18 per cent. Pre-tax profits of £16m puts the group on a prospective PE of 13.1 this year reducing to 11 the following year on profits of £20m; still good value.

Leeds' staff told of merger impact

By Alison Smith

Substantial closures in the branch network of the Leeds Permanent Building Society are unlikely for a year at least, despite the plans to merge with Halifax Building Society, Leeds' staff representatives have been told by the society's management.

The national council of the Leeds' staff association met yesterday for the first time

since the proposed merger between two of the UK's largest societies was announced.

Members approved 11 general principles to be followed in discussions with Leeds' managers, including full disclosure of information about the merger, a commitment to no redundancies and the introduction of a voluntary early retirement plan.

In March the 10m members who own the two societies will

have the chance to vote on the merger plans. Their consent is needed for the move to go ahead.

There is considerable overlap in the 1,100 branches operated by the two societies, so some branches are likely to close and some jobs to be lost. Staff representatives are emphasising that where branches do close, most employees should be able to transfer to other offices locally. Going through

the full consultation procedures before branch closures would take about a year.

Mr Jon Foulds, Halifax chairman, said last week that where branches were too close together, the idea of using some of them as financial services advice centres would be carefully examined.

Though neither society has ruled out compulsory redundancies, it is clear they would prefer jobs to go voluntarily.

DIVIDENDS ANNOUNCED

Company	Current payment	Date of payment	Current payment	Date of payment	Total for year	Total last year
A&A	1.1	Jan 22	1.1	Jan 22	1.1	1.1
Alfa	1.1	Jan 22	1.1	Jan 22	1.1	1.1
Anglian	1.1	Jan 22	1.1	Jan 22	1.1	1.1
Anglian Op	1.1	Jan 22	1.1	Jan 22	1.1	1.1
Asda Group	1.1	Jan 22	1.1	Jan 22	1.1	1.1
B&S	0.44	Jan 18	0.44	Jan 18	0.44	0.44
B&S	3.1	Jan 27	2.5	Jan 27	2.5	2.5
Cashgate	1	Jan 14	0.775	Jan 14	0.775	0.775
Cater Allen	9	Jan 10	8	Jan 10	8	8
Control Techs	7	Jan 11	5.15	Jan 11	5.15	5.15
Crobbes	5	Jan 11	5	Jan 11	5	5
Gibson	2.2	Jan 16	2.2	Jan 16	2.2	2.2
GrandMet	8.5	Jan 10	8.15	Jan 10	8.15	8.15
GPT Bus	1.4	Jan 11	1.4	Jan 11	1.4	1.4
Henson	3	Jan 11	2.85	Jan 11	2.85	2.85
Leeds Group	4.2	Jan 11	3.25	Jan 11	3.25	3.25
MSP	14.75	Jan 11	14.75	Jan 11	14.75	14.75
Mercury Bus Pk	0.5	Jan 18	0.5	Jan 18	0.5	0.5
Metro Radio	5.15	Jan 11	4	Jan 11	4	4
Orbit	0.125	Jan 11	0.125	Jan 11	0.125	0.125
Howlson Secs	0.31	Jan 20	0.24	Jan 20	0.24	0.24
Royal Bank	9.75	Jan 11	9	Jan 11	9	9
Seaboard	4	Jan 31	3.3	Jan 31	3.3	3.3
SI Group	2.5	Jan 11	1.22	Jan 11	1.22	1.22

Dividends shown pence per share net except where otherwise stated. *On increased capital. *US\$100 stock. *Alpha currency. *Adjusted for prior issues.

Brothers triumph at Barr

The rebel shareholders at Barr & Wallace Arnold Trust yesterday claimed a costly victory in the family feud over the motor and leisure group, writes Richard Wolfe.

The rebels, led by brothers Nicholas and Robert Barr, succeeded in their attempts to join the board in place of both the chief executive and finance director.

The Barr brothers now share the boardroom with their uncle, Mr Malcolm Barr, whom they had earlier asked to stand down as chairman.

At an extraordinary general meeting held in Leeds yesterday, the brothers voted to unseat Mr John Parker, chief executive, and Mr Brian Small,

the finance director.

However, the board said the rebels' campaign had cost the company about £1m in severance payments and extraordinary meetings - equivalent to more than 30 per cent of pre-tax profits last year.

The Barr brothers, who speak for about 30 per cent of ordinary voting shares, reaffirmed their intention to demote the two divisions, and enfranchise the non-voting A shares.

They also appointed their leisure industry adviser, Mr Edmund Schweimler, to the board.

The boardroom coup follows the collapse of a compromise deal between the board and the rebels last weekend.

Siebe paying £22.7m for two lossmakers

By Peggy Hollinger

The international group, yesterday unveiled its acquisition in as many as 10 countries, with an announcement of plans to make appliances controls

Siebe is buying Appliances Controls Technology, with operations in the UK and US, for £13m and 75 per cent of Elwell of Italy for £9.7m. Last month it paid \$90m for Triconex of the US, which makes shutdown systems for the oil and gas industries.

Mr Allen Yurko, Siebe's chief executive, said the purchases would strengthen the group's product range. "They particularly expand our presence in the laundry, dishwasher and refrigeration segments of the market."

Both companies bring some debt, although Siebe would not specify the level. ACT incurred a loss last year of \$700,000 on

sales of £33.1m. Elwell's losses in the last 12 months were £500,000 on sales of £17.1m.

Siebe said the losses were largely due to heavy spending by both companies on research and development.

The UK company also has the option to purchase the outstanding 25 per cent of Elwell within three years.

Leeds Group makes 5% improvement

Despite a "fragile" UK market, Leeds Group, the textile dye and printer, reported a 5 per cent increase in pre-tax profits from £7.23m to £7.63m for the year to September 30.

The group also said it was close to selling its 23.1 per cent stake in the West Yorkshire Insurance Company.

Turnover was up 12 per cent to £23.2m (£20.7m). Earnings per share edged up to 19.2p (18p). The final dividend is 4.2p making a total of 6.3p (5.7p).

All-round growth for Alba

By Geoff Dyer

Alba, the consumer electronics group, reported a 25 per cent increase in pre-tax profits from £1.63m to £2.03m for the six months to September 30 on turnover up 27 per cent to £63.5m, against £50.1m.

Goodmans, the consumer electronics group acquired in May for £3.6m, contributed £3.74m in sales but returned a loss of £23,000. Mr Daniel Harris, chief executive, said that Goodmans, which had been expected to break even, would be profitable by the year end.

Mr Harris said that all divisions had raised profits. The Hinarl domestic appliances division increased sales by 25 per cent. Sales at both the UK brown goods companies, Alba Radio and Bosh Radio, were also up.

Earnings per share increased 32 per cent to 3.6p (2.6p) and the interim dividend is 1.1p (1p).

Flotation of 3i Group plc



investors in industry

£711 million
Placing and Public Offer

Baring Brothers & Co., Limited
acted as sponsor and
financial adviser to 3i
and co-ordinator of the offer



"Meningitis,
Pneumonia, Gangrene
and Syphilis?
All on the way out
because of some piece
of mould?
You don't need
finance Dr. Fleming,
you need help."

Having the capital to back a big idea is only half the secret.
Having the vision to spot one is the other half.

CINVen
Anti-Sceptics

CINVen Ltd is a member of IMRO

Royal Bank at £532m and staff get £25m

By John Sapper,
Banking Editor

Staff of Royal Bank of Scotland are to receive an average of £1,400 from a profit-sharing scheme after the bank yesterday disclosed more than doubled pre-tax profits of £532m in the year to September 30.

The bank's shares closed 20p down at 400p on concern at growth in expenses in the UK bank because of investment in technology. There were also continuing worries about slower growth at Direct Line, its insurance arm.

The bank is to distribute £25m, or 8.2 per cent of basic salaries, among 28,000 eligible staff. Lord Younger, chairman, said it was "a demonstration of gratitude to staff for a very positive year of hard work."

The proposed final dividend of 9.75p per share, a 25 per cent rise in the total for the year from 11p to 13.75p. Earnings per share rose from 15.8p to 41.4p, and pre-tax return on equity rose from 17.3 per cent to 36.5 per cent.

Acquisitions by US subsidiary Citizens helped to lower the overall ratio of capital to risk-weighted assets from 12.3 per cent to 10.6 per cent, while the core tier 1 capital ratio fell from 6.9 per cent to 6.4 per cent.

Mr George Mathewson, chief executive, said capital ratios could be lower because improved risk management had made its loan portfolio less volatile, and it had diversified income. There was adequate capital for ongoing businesses.

But Mr Mathewson indicated that the bank might raise capital from shareholders if it wanted to grow by acquisition, reiterating that the bank was interested in buying a UK building society if it was "the right society at the right price."

He said it would make a counter-bid for the Leeds Permanent Building Society to disrupt its proposed merger with Halifax, but there were few incentives for managers of other profitable societies to seek acquisition by a bank.

Profits included an exceptional item of £22m profit on the sale of a holding in the venture capital group 3i, and £21m paid to Mr Peter Wood, chief executive of Direct Line.

Non-interest income grew by 27 per cent from £677m to £862m because of higher tariffs on current accounts, commitment and facility fees and insurance.

But treasury income fell because of difficulty in volatile markets.

UK profit growth of 14 per cent slightly outpaced US growth of 12 per cent, which was a 12 per cent improvement excluding Quantum.

Underlying profits increase gathers pace to 19% in second half

Hanson shows accelerating growth

By David Wighton

Hanson saw an accelerating improvement in operating profits in the year to September 30, with an underlying increase of 8 per cent in the first half, rising to 19 per cent in the second.

UK profit growth of 14 per cent slightly outpaced US growth of 12 per cent, which was a 12 per cent improvement excluding Quantum.

Profits at the Peabody coal business in the US more than doubled to £142m (£70m) following the settlement of its costly strike, which cost £78m (£126m).

Last month, Peabody paid Exxon £230m for two low-sulphur coal mines in Wyoming, which will help boost production by 50 per cent this year.

Three-quarters of its production is now low-sulphur coal, where prices are expected to firm over the next few years. Because of new clean air legislation Hanson expects the price of high-sulphur coal to decline gently, falling by between \$1 and \$2 a tonne this year.

There was strong growth with the Reaser US aggregates business, where profits jumped 89 per cent to £48m, and a third record year at Cavenham forest products, with profits up 9 per cent to £116m. However, average timber prices tumbled off in the second half, partly due to slower housing starts, and Cavenham is expecting slightly lower profits this year.

The main downturn in the world's largest producer of titanium dioxide pigment. Although sales were up 5 per cent to £615m, profits fell 18 per cent to £71m as prices slid 2 per cent.

This reflects new capacity at Du Pont and SCM itself, together with the lingering effect of recession. But prices appear to have bottomed with Du Pont, the market leader, posting an increase from January.

With the industry still operating at under 90 per cent capacity, a sharp recovery is not expected, but SCM is predicting steady improvement for the rest of the 1990s.

Most of the smaller US businesses performed well. Ertl, the toy maker whose planned flotation has been shelved, increased its contribution by 30 per cent to £20m, but profits

Main contributors to operating profits

	93-94	92-93
	£m	£m
Coal Mining	144	70
Chemicals	220	115
Tobacco products	328	307
Aggregates	117	73
Forest products	116	106
Group total	1,232	976

at Grove Crane nearly halved to £12m.

In the UK, profits growth was driven largely by ARC aggregates, which was up by nearly two-thirds to £89m thanks to a sharp increase in margins, and Hanson Brick where profits rose more than 40 per cent to £23.5m.

With shortages appearing in certain areas, the company is taking some brick kilns out of mothballs.

After a flat first half, Imperial Tobacco turned in profits up 7 per cent to £228m despite an estimated 11 per cent decline in the market.

Imperial increased its market share by 1.3 points to 36.8 per cent and pushed through a price increase in April. It believes that price and duty rises are now having less impact on volumes because the market has "hit the hard core smokers".

Hanson raised more than £945m from disposals in the year helping to reduce debt from £3.4m to £2.3m.

Gearing was cut from 86 per cent to 51 per cent, but has since risen to 58 per cent following the purchase of the US mines and Scholes in the UK.

Conglomerate's \$3.2bn gamble pays off

David Wighton on how the Quantum deal has proved to be a smart Hanson move

When Hanson acquired Quantum Chemical in a \$3.2bn (£1.95bn) agreed deal last year, the Atlantic gave it a cautious welcome.

Some described it as a risky \$3.2bn punt on the chemicals cycle, which only underlined the challenge Hanson faced in finding good acquisitions.

A year later, even those who dismissed it as a punt now admit it has paid off handsomely. Supporters point to it as evidence that Hanson can still strike deals big and cheap enough to make a real difference.

Quantum is the biggest US deal Hanson has done, including the \$3.5bn of debt which came with the company.

While returns are unlikely to match those generated by SCM, the chemicals group bought by Hanson in 1985 and subsequently broken up, Quantum is already paying off. Some analysts say it could rank as one of Hanson's most successful.

had completed a heavy investment programme and was well positioned to rationalise. More important, it pointed just as the price cycle for Quantum's products had bottomed. "It was miraculous,"

Quantum is the biggest US deal Hanson has done. It is already paying off. Some analysts say it could rank as one of the company's most successful

says Mr David Clarke, chief executive of the US arm, Hanson Industries. "Almost on the day we completed prices of Quantum's products began picking up."

Five price rises later Quantum is making good money out of polyethylene, the plastic

used in a wide range of packaging. Operating profits in the chemicals division have risen 100 per cent since 1988.

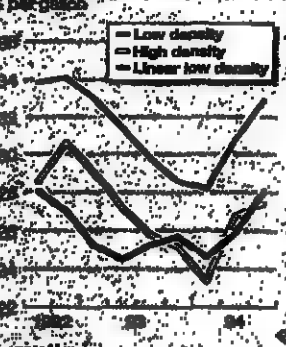
By refinancing Quantum's expensive junk debt Hanson almost halved its interest bill, leaving a \$100m contribution to pre-tax profits. After allowing for the shares issued in exchange for Quantum's equity, the deal enhanced Hanson's earnings per share by 3 per cent, more than expected at the time of the deal.

Apart from the price recovery and debt refinancing Quantum appears to have responded to a process of "Hansonisation". It has strengthened its management while retaining most of the principal executives, advanced the rationalisation programme already in train, and identified new cost savings.

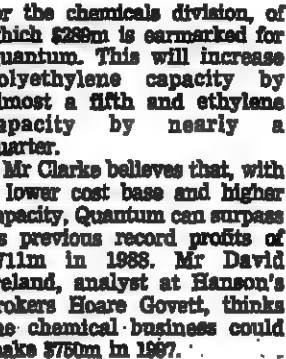
In line with the new emphasis on internally generated growth, Hanson has turned on the capital spending tap. Mr Clarke last month announced a \$450m investment programme

Quantum Chemicals

Average polyethylene prices, \$ per tonne



Operating profit, total \$195.5m, against a loss of \$9.5m in 1988



for the chemicals division, of which \$250m is earmarked for Quantum. This will increase polyethylene capacity by almost a fifth and ethylene capacity by nearly a quarter.

Mr Clarke believes that, with a lower cost base and higher capacity, Quantum can surpass its previous record profits of \$711m in 1988. Mr David Ireland, analyst at Hanson's brokers Hoare Govett, thinks the chemical business could make \$750m in 1997.

All-round growth for Alba

By Geoff Dyer

Alba, the consumer electronics group, reported a 23 per cent increase in pre-tax profit from £1.43m to £1.63m in the six months to September 30, a turnover up 27 per cent to £89.5m, against £50.1m.

Goodmans, the consumer electronics group acquired May for £3.6m, contributed £2.1m to sales but returned loss of £33,000. Mr David H. H. chief executive, said it was expected to break even by the end of the year.

Mr Harris said that Alba had reduced profits. Smart domestic appliances increased sales by 20 per cent. Sales at both home goods companies, Alba and U. Radio, a site up.

Earnings per share increased 22 per cent to 24.5p and the interim dividend to 1.1p (1p).

Castings advances to £3.1m

Castings, the maker of iron and precision castings, said demand had remained high in the six months to September 30 and sales rose 30 per cent from £18.3m to £23.1m.

This worked through into pre-tax profits of £3.1m, up 55 per cent from £1.97m.

The interim dividend has been raised to 1p (0.77p) restated, on earnings per share of 4.51p (£1.13p).

Murray Johnstone

Murray Johnstone has raised £54.3m with the launch of its Murray Emerging Economies Investment Trust, of which 70 per cent came from institutions, and the remainder from independent financial advisers and individual investors.

Cater Allen edges up to £10.1m at midway

Pre-tax profits at Cater Allen Holdings, the discount house and banking group, edged ahead from £9.88m to £10.1m in the six months to October 31, partly because money market banking did not match the "exceptionally high profit of the same period of 1993."

Profits from the group declined to £2.98m (£5.27m), while stock lending activities grew to £5.88m (£3.70m). Off-shore trust and banking business made £1.62m (£1.62m) and losses from Lloyd's agencies were £1.12m (£1.12m).

In June the group launched a £32.3m rights issue and approved the development of an open gilt repo market after June 1995 to increase liquidity, efficiency and broaden investor participation in the gilt-edged market.

Earnings per share declined to 24p (23p) and the interim dividend is held at 8p.

business, which is part of its private banking business in the island. Sheppard Money brokers also received some of the rights money.

Cater said the investment of the rights proceeds had earned a return of 15 per cent a year before tax.

Profits at Cater Allen Ltd, the money market bank and discount house, were satisfactory, the group said, at a time when interest rates generally rose.

Cater said that, as an operator at the centre of the money market, Cater Allen Ltd approved of the development of an open gilt repo market after June 1995 to increase liquidity, efficiency and broaden investor participation in the gilt-edged market.

Earnings per share declined to 24p (23p) and the interim dividend is held at 8p.

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Swissca Securities Limited is the International Securities company of the Kantonalbanks representing the Group in the international capital markets and giving access to UK and European equity dealing through its membership of the London Stock Exchange.

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FINANCIAL TIMES

MEPC

STRATEGIC AND FINANCIAL PROGRESS IN 1994

- Profit before tax up 37% to £111m
- EPS increased from 15.5p to 20.1p
- NAV per share rose 14% to 473p
- Total dividend maintained at 20p
- UK, Australian and USA portfolios expanded
- Increased retail investment

MEPC plc, 12 St. James's Square, London SW1Y 4LB
Tel: 0171 911 5300

Extracts of Preliminary Results for the year ended 30 September 1994.

Copies of the Report and Financial Statements will be posted in shareholders on 13 December 1994 and made available to the public at the company's registered office, as above, from that date.

DOI: 10.1002/for

Europe bids farewell to beef 'mountains'

Aggravate (8)
Appeal to the umpire with
some hesitation (8)
Solution 2,625

CONSTANTINOPLE
R A P H U O J
AILY PORTRAITS
O S L E S N E
DISSEM WHEATERS
I A F T M A
T A B E I L
RESIDENT DROPS
E U P V
OLOGICAL LITRELY
E C I A O N
AMPION FIVE

MARKET REPORT

Interest rate worries trigger heavy selling

By Steve Thompson

The spectre of higher interest rates on both sides of the Atlantic returned to haunt the UK equity market, almost wiping out the hard won gains in London that followed the Budget.

Dealers, shocked at the level of selling pressure affecting the market yesterday, said they expected further weakness if Wall Street showed any more signs of distress.

Some feared another fall below 3,000 on the FT-SE 100, although strategists said such a decline would meet strong resistance, pointing out that recent moves below 3,000 had prompted exceptionally heavy support around 2,980.

The FT-SE 100 retreated 41.8 or 1.3 per cent to 3,096.8. Selling spilled over into the second liners, depress-

ing the FT-SE Mid 250 Index by 20.2 to 3,477.1.

Much of yesterday's business was linked to another flurry of heavy programme trades, which tended to exaggerate price changes in many areas. Dealers also pointed to big shifts as fund managers realigned their sector portfolios in the wake of the Budget.

Rates may soon increase to choke off inflationary pressures prompted by excessive economic growth caused the early damage in London, and these worries were gradually heightened as the session wore on with the latest economic news from the US. The UK Chancellor is to hold his regular monthly meeting with the Governor of the Bank of England next Wednesday.

In the US, the National Associa-

tion of Purchasing Management survey came in at 61.3 per cent, compared to most forecasts which were below 60 per cent. US personal incomes also increased sharply.

These figures, following the higher than expected upward revision of US gross domestic product for the third quarter and a higher than expected Chicago Purchasing Management Index, saw Wall Street lose more than 15 points shortly after it opened. The US market then rallied to 7 down before falling away again and posting a 25-point loss two hours after London closed.

All eyes will be sharply focused today on the US employment report. If the non-farm payroll in the US increases by much more than an expected figure of around 200,000, dealers fear Wall Street could take another dive. The next meeting of

the Federal Reserve's Open Market Committee takes place on December 30, and more evidence of strong growth in the US economy is thought likely to push the Fed into another rise in rates.

The Footsie opened around two points easier but quickly fell away in the wake of sustained pressure from the derivatives markets. When a series of programme trades, some on the sell side and some evenly balanced, hit the market prices tumbled as marketmakers took evasive action. The biggest of at least three programmes was said to have been operated by Smith New Court.

There was no let-up in the selling and shares fell to their lowest levels in mid-afternoon before stabilising in the last hour.

Turnover reached 721.2m shares, the highest for almost two weeks,

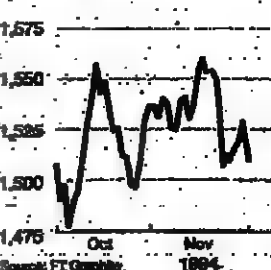
with non-Footsie stocks accounting for 54 per cent of the total. Customer business on the FT-SE 100 was worth £1.96bn.

Only nine of the FT-SE 100 constituents escaped the market sell-off. Hanson placed the market with excellent preliminary figures, as did EPS with interim well above expectations.

Regional electricity stocks outpaced other utilities after Seaboard fulfilled the market's best expectations in announcing a 21 per cent increase in the interim dividend.

On the downside, Royal Bank of Scotland came out with sparkling numbers, including a 25 per cent increase in the dividend, but the shares succumbed to profit-taking. MEPC disappointed with a rise of only 13 per cent in its net asset value.

FT-SE-A All-Share Index



Equity Shares Traded

Turnover by volume (million), including intra-market business and overseas turnover

Month	Volume	Value
Oct	721.2	£1.96bn
Nov	721.2	£1.96bn
Dec	721.2	£1.96bn

Key Indicators

Indices and ratios

Index	Value	% Chg
FT-SE 100	3096.8	-1.3
FT-SE Mid 250	3477.1	-20.2
FT-SE-A All-Share	1511.21	-16.91
FT-SE-A All-Share yield		4.18

Best performing sectors

Sector	% Chg
1. Electricity	+0.1
2. Water	+0.1
3. Other Services & Bns	+0.1
4. FT-SE SmallCap ex IT	+0.1
5. Merchant Banks	+0.2

Worst performing sectors

Sector	% Chg
1. Insurance	-2.3
2. Tobacco	-2.5
3. Banks	-2.0
4. Property	-2.1
5. Health Care	-1.8

Buyers move on Hanson

International conglomerate Hanson was one of the few stocks in the Footsie to hold its head above the waves as optimism over top of the range figures overcame the pessimism over cyclical stocks. The two-way war in the stock market that it finished the day only 1% better at 337p, masking unusually heavy turnover of 20m shares.

Profits of just above 21bn were boosted by benefits from Quantum, the chemical arm, which had a record year. And Goldstone said the surge in polyethylene prices would continue to lift earnings. "Polyethylene has risen from 23 to 37 cents a pound this year. Every cent adds \$55m to profits and we expect prices to hit the mid-40s next year," commented the house specialist.

The cyclical nature of Hanson's business has been the main drag on the share price since long term doubts about its earnings have been multiplying. But analysts were up on 30.

Both the dividend of 12.7p and the profits of \$528m were at the top of the range of analysts' estimates. Nevertheless, the feeling that earnings from RBO's insurance arm Direct Line were about to peak saw the shares fall 20 to 400p.

Lyonnais Laing, the leading supporter of the stock, maintained its comparatively high \$655m profits forecast for the current year and said "long term buying from the quality funds" had been offset by short term trading. It added that, as the stock was the most volatile in the sector, it was likely to be the most affected by broad market moves.

Investment said the 13.7p premium rating could only be maintained if Direct Line continued to grow. Mr Rod Barrett of Goldman, who held his current forecast at \$558m, said: "Underlying growth over there is not happening." Some added that operating profits were disappointing and a large property revaluation had not been addressed.

The market was disappointed with the net asset value from property group MEPC, which reported full-year profits in line with expectations. The shares retreated 15 to 385p as analysts downgraded new figures for the current year. James Capel cut its new forecast by 40p to 500p, citing the lack of significant rental growth and continued high interest rates. However, the broker maintained its recommendation to a hold from a sell.

Sentiment in MEPC spread to Hammerson and the shares fell 12 to 314p. And British Land gave up 5 to 37p. Lawrie Securities tumbled 15 to 57p.

Plumbing specialist Rana was the day's most active stock with 2m shares - 11 per cent of the equity - traded. The heavy volume reflected the speculation that the former chairman Mr Bill Rooney had disposed of part of his 13.5 per cent stake in the company. The shares were unchanged at 44p.

An upbeat interim statement boosted plaster board specialist EPS Industries by 2 to 29p and led to a modest amount of profits upgrading by analysts. UBS edged ahead by 25m to

NEW HIGHS AND LOWS FOR 1994

NEW HIGHS (1) British Petroleum (BP) 474.5p (2) British Airways (BA) 314.5p (3) British Telecom (BT) 314.5p (4) British Airways (BA) 314.5p (5) British Airways (BA) 314.5p

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EQUITY FUTURES AND OPTIONS TRADING

Stock index futures came down with a bump, unwinding much of the recent rally in another session of relatively thin volume, writes Jeffrey

Index	Open	High	Low	Close	Settle	Vol
FT-SE 100 INDEX FUTURES (LFFE) £10 per full index point	3096.8	3104.0	3084.0	3096.8	3096.8	46491
FT-SE 100 INDEX FUTURES (LFFE) £10 per full index point	3096.8	3104.0	3084.0	3096.8	3096.8	1016
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FT-SE 100 INDEX FUTURES (LFFE) £10 per full index point	3096.8	3104.0	3084.0	3096.8	3096.8	46491
FT-SE 100 INDEX FUTURES (LFFE) £10 per full index point	3096.8	3104.0	3084.0	3096.8	3096.8	1016

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TRADING VOLUME

Both the dividend of 12.7p and the profits of \$528m were at the top of the range of analysts' estimates. Nevertheless, the feeling that earnings from RBO's insurance arm Direct Line were about to peak saw the shares fall 20 to 400p.

Index	Open	High	Low	Close	Settle	Vol
FT-SE 100 INDEX FUTURES (LFFE) £10 per full index point	3096.8	3104.0	3084.0	3096.8	3096.8	46491
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FT-SE 100 INDEX FUTURES (LFFE) £10 per full index point	3096.8	3104.0	3084.0	3096.8	3096.8	1016

Index	Open	High	Low	Close	Settle	Vol
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CHEMICALS

[illegible]**ELECTRONIC & ELECTRICAL EQPT - Cont.**

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EXTRACTIVE INDUSTRIES - Cont.[illegible]**HEALTH CARE - Cont.**[illegible]**INVESTMENT TRUSTS - Cont.**[illegible]

BREWERIES

ABB Labs	RM
Abacus	RM
Adams & Harvey	2-1N
African Lakes	N
Airbears	N
Appl. Res.	2-1N
Asst. of Eng.	RM
BSS	2-1N
Beading Power	RM
Blechny	2-1N
Bogard A.	N
Boisner	2-1N
Borg	2-1N
Br. Farms	2-1N
Brown & Toms	2-1N
Burnduck	2-1N
Caffery	2-1N
Canal	N
Coverdale	N
Control Motor	2-1N
Crook's Railway	2-1N
Crook (DC)	N
Cuba	2-1N
Culver	1N
Dagbenham	2-1N
Devenams	2-1N
Diplomat	N
Union Motors	2-1N
Electronics	2-1N

TUS Cite: 4-41

	Model	Price
ATI	\$25	7
ATI	\$25	23
Thermo (FW)	11	33
Toshiba Y	11	44
Toshiba	11	44
Verbatim	\$40	10
Videologic	11	10
Video	\$111	36
Video	11	3
Wakebourne	11	3

ENGINEERING

	Model	Price
ATI	\$25	7
ATI	\$25	23
Thermo (FW)	11	33
Toshiba Y	11	44
Toshiba	11	44
Verbatim	\$40	10
Videologic	11	10
Video	\$111	36
Video	11	3
Wakebourne	11	3

FB Comm B.....	308	125	741
Falcon Inv.....	308	413	300
Game State Day B.....	70	82	27

[illegible]

Victoria Carpet 10
Vynant 10

[illegible]

BUILDING & CONSTRUCTION

	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034	2035	2036	2037	2038	2039	2040	2041	2042	2043	2044	2045	2046	2047	2048	2049	2050	2051	2052	2053	2054	2055	2056	2057	2058	2059	2060	2061	2062	2063	2064	2065	2066	2067	2068	2069	2070	2071	2072	2073	2074	2075	2076	2077	2078	2079	2080	2081	2082	2083	2084	2085	2086	2087	2088	2089	2090	2091	2092	2093	2094	2095	2096	2097	2098	2099	2100	2101	2102	2103	2104	2105	2106	2107	2108	2109	2110	2111	2112	2113	2114	2115	2116	2117	2118	2119	2120	2121	2122	2123	2124	2125	2126	2127	2128	2129	2130	2131	2132	2133	2134	2135	2136	2137	2138	2139	2140	2141	2142	2143	2144	2145	2146	2147	2148	2149	2150	2151	2152	2153	2154	2155	2156	2157	2158	2159	2160	2161	2162	2163	2164	2165	2166	2167	2168	2169	2170	2171	2172	2173	2174	2175	2176	2177	2178	2179	2180	2181	2182	2183	2184	2185	2186	2187	2188	2189	2190	2191	2192	2193	2194	2195	2196	2197	2198	2199	2200	2201	2202	2203	2204	2205	2206	2207	2208	2209	2210	2211	2212	2213	2214	2215	2216	2217	2218	2219	2220	2221	2222	2223	2224	2225	2226	2227	2228	2229	2230	2231	2232	2233	2234	2235	2236	2237	2238	2239	2240	2241	2242	2243	2244	2245	2246	2247	2248	2249	2250	2251	2252	2253	2254	2255	2256	2257	2258	2259	2260	2261	2262	2263	2264	2265	2266	2267	2268	2269	2270	2271	2272	2273	2274	2275	2276	2277	2278	2279	2280	2281	2282	2283	2284	2285	2286	2287	2288	2289	2290	2291	2292	2293	2294	2295	2296	2297	2298	2299	2300	2301	2302	2303	2304	2305	2306	2307	2308	2309	2310	2311	2312	2313	2314	2315	2316	2317	2318	2319	2320	2321	2322	2323	2324	2325	2326	2327	2328	2329	2330	2331	2332	2333	2334	2335	2336	2337	2338	2339	2340	2341	2342	2343	2344	2345	2346	2347	2348	2349	2350	2351	2352	2353	2354	2355	2356	2357	2358	2359	2360	2361	2362	2363	2364	2365	2366	2367	2368	2369	2370	2371	2372	2373	2374	2375	2376	2377	2378	2379	2380	2381	2382	2383	2384	2385	2386	2387	2388	2389	2390	2391	2392	2393	2394	2395	2396	2397	2398	2399	2400																																																																																																																																																																														
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Entertainment Comp. ☐ ☐

1	Worship Center	100
2	Worship Center	100
3	Worship Center	100
4	Worship Center	100
5	Worship Center	100
6	Worship Center	100
7	Worship Center	100
8	Worship Center	100
9	Worship Center	100
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Bobcock, Bill	_____	28
Barry Weber	_____	130
Brown, G.	_____	9

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Milwaukee AS	24	17
Milwaukee WI	100	142

[illegible]

1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034	2035	2036	2037	2038	2039	2040	2041	2042	2043	2044	2045	2046	2047	2048	2049	2050	2051	2052	2053	2054	2055	2056	2057	2058	2059	2060	2061	2062	2063	2064	2065	2066	2067	2068	2069	2070	2071	2072	2073	2074	2075	2076	2077	2078	2079	2080	2081	2082	2083	2084	2085	2086	2087	2088	2089	2090	2091	2092	2093	2094	2095	2096	2097	2098	2099	2100	2101	2102	2103	2104	2105	2106	2107	2108	2109	2110	2111	2112	2113	2114	2115	2116	2117	2118	2119	2120	2121	2122	2123	2124	2125	2126	2127	2128	2129	2130	2131	2132	2133	2134	2135	2136	2137	2138	2139	2140	2141	2142	2143	2144	2145	2146	2147	2148	2149	2150	2151	2152	2153	2154	2155	2156	2157	2158	2159	2160	2161	2162	2163	2164	2165	2166	2167	2168	2169	2170	2171	2172	2173	2174	2175	2176	2177	2178	2179	2180	2181	2182	2183	2184	2185	2186	2187	2188	2189	2190	2191	2192	2193	2194	2195	2196	2197	2198	2199	2200	2201	2202	2203	2204	2205	2206	2207	2208	2209	2210	2211	2212	2213	2214	2215	2216	2217	2218	2219	2220	2221	2222	2223	2224	2225	2226	2227	2228	2229	2230	2231	2232	2233	2234	2235	2236	2237	2238	2239	2240	2241	2242	2243	2244	2245	2246	2247	2248	2249	2250	2251	2252	2253	2254	2255	2256	2257	2258	2259	2260	2261	2262	2263	2264	2265	2266	2267	2268	2269	2270	2271	2272	2273	2274	2275	2276	2277	2278	2279	2280	2281	2282	2283	2284	2285	2286	2287	2288	2289	2290	2291	2292	2293	2294	2295	2296	2297	2298	2299	2300	2301	2302	2303	2304	2305	2306	2307	2308	2309	2310	2311	2312	2313	2314	2315	2316	2317	2318	2319	2320	2321	2322	2323	2324	2325	2326	2327	2328	2329	2330	2331	2332	2333	2334	2335	2336	2337	2338	2339	2340	2341	2342	2343	2344	2345	2346	2347	2348	2349	2350	2351	2352	2353	2354	2355	2356	2357	2358	2359	2360	2361	2362	2363	2364	2365	2366	2367	2368	2369	2370	2371	2372	2373	2374	2375	2376	2377	2378	2379	2380	2381	2382	2383	2384	2385	2386	2387	2388	2389	2390	2391	2392	2393	2394	2395	2396	2397	2398	2399	2400	2401	2402	2403</
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Company	Price	Change	Volume	High	Low	Open	Close	Net	YTD	52-Week	Dividend	Yield	P/E	EPS	Market	Cap
Alcoa	105 1/4	+	100	105 1/4	104 3/4	105 1/4	105 1/4	0	105 1/4	105 1/4	0.00	0.00	10	1.00	105 1/4	105 1/4
Allegiant	46 1/4	+	100	46 1/4	46 1/4	46 1/4	46 1/4	0	46 1/4	46 1/4	0.00	0.00	10	1.00	46 1/4	46 1/4
Alkermes	100 1/4	+	100	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	0	100 1/4	100 1/4	0.00	0.00	10	1.00	100 1/4	100 1/4
Alkermes	100 1/4	+	100	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	0	100 1/4	100 1/4	0.00	0.00	10	1.00	100 1/4	100 1/4
Alkermes	100 1/4	+	100	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	0	100 1/4	100 1/4	0.00	0.00	10	1.00	100 1/4	100 1/4
Alkermes	100 1/4	+	100	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	0	100 1/4	100 1/4	0.00	0.00	10	1.00	100 1/4	100 1/4
Alkermes	100 1/4	+	100	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	0	100 1/4	100 1/4	0.00	0.00	10	1.00	100 1/4	100 1/4
Alkermes	100 1/4	+	100	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	0	100 1/4	100 1/4	0.00	0.00	10	1.00	100 1/4	100 1/4
Alkermes	100 1/4	+	100	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	0	100 1/4	100 1/4	0.00	0.00	10	1.00	100 1/4	100 1/4
Alkermes	100 1/4	+	100	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	0	100 1/4	100 1/4	0.00	0.00	10	1.00	100 1/4	100 1/4
Alkermes	100 1/4	+	100	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	0	100 1/4	100 1/4	0.00	0.00	10	1.00	100 1/4	100 1/4
Alkermes	100 1/4	+	100	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	0	100 1/4	100 1/4	0.00	0.00	10	1.00	100 1/4	100 1/4
Alkermes	100 1/4	+	100	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	0	100 1/4	100 1/4	0.00	0.00	10	1.00	100 1/4	100 1/4
Alkermes	100 1/4	+	100	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	0	100 1/4	100 1/4	0.00	0.00	10	1.00	100 1/4	100 1/4
Alkermes	100 1/4	+	100	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	0	100 1/4	100 1/4	0.00	0.00	10	1.00	100 1/4	100 1/4
Alkermes	100 1/4	+	100	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	0	100 1/4	100 1/4	0.00	0.00	10	1.00	100 1/4	100 1/4
Alkermes	100 1/4	+	100	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	0	100 1/4	100 1/4	0.00	0.00	10	1.00	100 1/4	100 1/4
Alkermes	100 1/4	+	100	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	0	100 1/4	100 1/4	0.00	0.00	10	1.00	100 1/4	100 1/4
Alkermes	100 1/4	+	100	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	0	100 1/4	100 1/4	0.00	0.00	10	1.00	100 1/4	100 1/4
Alkermes	100 1/4	+	100	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	0	100 1/4	100 1/4	0.00	0.00	10	1.00	100 1/4	100 1/4
Alkermes	100 1/4	+	100	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	0	100 1/4	100 1/4	0.00	0.00	10	1.00	100 1/4	100 1/4
Alkermes	100 1/4	+	100	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	0	100 1/4	100 1/4	0.00	0.00	10	1.00	100 1/4	100 1/4
Alkermes	100 1/4	+	100	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	0	100 1/4	100 1/4	0.00	0.00	10	1.00	100 1/4	100 1/4
Alkermes	100 1/4	+	100	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	0	100 1/4	100 1/4	0.00	0.00	10	1.00	100 1/4	100 1/4
Alkermes	100 1/4	+	100	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	0	100 1/4	100 1/4	0.00	0.00	10	1.00	100 1/4	100 1/4
Alkermes	100 1/4	+	100	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	0	100 1/4	100 1/4	0.00	0.00	10	1.00	100 1/4	100 1/4
Alkermes	100 1/4	+	100	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	0	100 1/4	100 1/4	0.00	0.00	10	1.00	100 1/4	100 1/4
Alkermes	100 1/4	+	100	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	0	100 1/4	100 1/4	0.00	0.00	10	1.00	100 1/4	100 1/4
Alkermes	100 1/4	+	100	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	0	100 1/4	100 1/4	0.00	0.00	10	1.00	100 1/4	100 1/4
Alkermes	100 1/4	+	100	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	0	100 1/4	100 1/4	0.00	0.00	10	1.00	100 1/4	100 1/4
Alkermes	100 1/4	+	100	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	0	100 1/4	100 1/4	0.00	0.00	10	1.00	100 1/4	100 1/4
Alkermes	100 1/4	+	100	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	0	100 1/4	100 1/4	0.00	0.00	10	1.00	100 1/4	100 1/4
Alkermes	100 1/4	+	100	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	0	100 1/4	100 1/4	0.00	0.00	10	1.00	100 1/4	100 1/4
Alkermes	100 1/4	+	100	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	0	100 1/4	100 1/4	0.00	0.00	10	1.00	100 1/4	100 1/4
Alkermes	100 1/4	+	100	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	0	100 1/4	100 1/4	0.00	0.00	10	1.00	100 1/4	100 1/4
Alkermes	100 1/4	+	100	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	0	100 1/4	100 1/4	0.00	0.00	10	1.00	100 1/4	100 1/4
Alkermes	100 1/4	+	100	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	0	100 1/4	100 1/4	0.00	0.00	10	1.00	100 1/4	100 1/4
Alkermes	100 1/4	+	100	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	0	100 1/4	100 1/4	0.00	0.00	10	1.00	100 1/4	100 1/4
Alkermes	100 1/4	+	100	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	0	100 1/4	100 1/4	0.00	0.00	10	1.00	100 1/4	100 1/4
Alkermes	100 1/4	+	100	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	0	100 1/4	100 1/4	0.00	0.00	10	1.00	100 1/4	100 1/4
Alkermes	100 1/4	+	100	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	0	100 1/4	100 1/4	0.00	0.00	10	1.00	100 1/4	100 1/4
Alkermes	100 1/4	+	100	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	0	100 1/4	100 1/4	0.00	0.00	10	1.00	100 1/4	100 1/4
Alkermes	100 1/4	+	100	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	0	100 1/4	100 1/4	0.00	0.00	10	1.00	100 1/4	100 1/4
Alkermes	100 1/4	+	100	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	0	100 1/4	100 1/4	0.00	0.00	10	1.00	100 1/4	100 1/4
Alkermes	100 1/4	+	100	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	0	100 1/4	100 1/4	0.00	0.00	10	1.00	100 1/4	100 1/4
Alkermes	100 1/4	+	100	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	0	100 1/4	100 1/4	0.00	0.00	10	1.00	100 1/4	100 1/4
Alkermes	100 1/4	+	100	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	0	100 1/4	100 1/4	0.00	0.00	10	1.00	100 1/4	100 1/4
Alkermes	100 1/4	+	100	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	0	100 1/4	100 1/4	0.00	0.00	10	1.00	100 1/4	100 1/4
Alkermes	100 1/4	+	100	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	0	100 1/4	100 1/4	0.00	0.00	10	1.00	100 1/4	100 1/4
Alkermes	100 1/4	+	100	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	0	100 1/4	100 1/4	0.00	0.00	10	1.00	100 1/4	100 1/4
Alkermes	100 1/4	+	100	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	0	100 1/4	100 1/4	0.00	0.00	10	1.00	100 1/4	100 1/4
Alkermes	100 1/4	+	100	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	0	100 1/4	100 1/4	0.00	0.00	10	1.00	100 1/4	100 1/4
Alkermes	100 1/4	+	100	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	0	100 1/4	100 1/4	0.00	0.00	10	1.00	100 1/4	100 1/4
Alkermes	100 1/4	+	100	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	0	100 1/4	100 1/4	0.00	0.00	10	1.00	100 1/4	100 1/4
Alkermes	100 1/4	+	100	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	0	100 1/4	100 1/4	0.00	0.00	10	1.00	100 1/4	100 1/4
Alkermes	100 1/4	+	100	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	0	100 1/4	100 1/4	0.00	0.00	10	1.00	100 1/4	100 1/4
Alkermes	100 1/4	+	100	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	0	100 1/4	100 1/4	0.00	0.00	10	1.00	100 1/4	100 1/4
Alkermes	100 1/4	+	100	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	0	100 1/4	100 1/4	0.00	0.00	10	1.00	100 1/4	100 1/4
Alkermes	100 1/4	+	100	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	0	100 1/4	100 1/4	0.00	0.00	10	1.00	100 1/4	100 1/4
Alkermes	100 1/4	+	100	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	0	100 1/4	100 1/4	0.00	0.00	10	1.00	100 1/4	100 1/4
Alkermes	100 1/4	+	100	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	0	100 1/4	100 1/4	0.00	0.00	10	1.00	100 1/4	100 1/4
Alkermes	100 1/4	+	100	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	0	100 1/4	100 1/4	0.00	0.00	10	1.00	100 1/4	100 1/4
Alkermes	100 1/4	+	100	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	0	100 1/4	100 1/4	0.00	0.00	10	1.00	100 1/4	100 1/4
Alkermes	100 1/4	+	100	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	0	100 1/4	100 1/4	0.00	0.00	10	1.00	100 1/4	100 1/4
Alkermes	100 1/4	+	100	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	0	100 1/4	100 1/4	0.00	0.00	10	1.00	100 1/4	100 1/4
Alkermes	100 1/4	+	100	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	0	100 1/4	100 1/4	0.00	0.00	10	1.00	100 1/4	100 1/4
Alkermes	100 1/4	+	100	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	0	100 1/4	100 1/4	0.00	0.00	10	1.00	100 1/4	100 1/4
Alkermes	100 1/4	+	100	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	0	100 1/4	100 1/4	0.00	0.00	10	1.00	100 1/4	100 1/4
Alkermes	100 1/4	+	100	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	0	100 1/4	100 1/4	0.00	0.00	10	1.00	100 1/4	100 1/4
Alkermes	100 1/4	+	100	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	0	100 1/4	100 1/4	0.00	0.00	10	1.00	100 1/4	100 1/4
Alkermes	100 1/4	+	100	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	0	100 1/4							

BUILDING MATS. & MERCHANTS

Barrett	W	20	6-0	175	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034	2035	2036	2037	2038	2039	2040	2041	2042	2043	2044	2045	2046	2047	2048	2049	2050	2051	2052	2053	2054	2055	2056	2057	2058	2059	2060	2061	2062	2063	2064	2065	2066	2067	2068	2069	2070	2071	2072	2073	2074	2075	2076	2077	2078	2079	2080	2081	2082	2083	2084	2085	2086	2087	2088	2089	2090	2091	2092	2093	2094	2095	2096	2097	2098	2099	2100	2101	2102	2103	2104	2105	2106	2107	2108	2109	2110	2111	2112	2113	2114	2115	2116	2117	2118	2119	2120	2121	2122	2123	2124	2125	2126	2127	2128	2129	2130	2131	2132	2133	2134	2135	2136	2137	2138	2139	2140	2141	2142	2143	2144	2145	2146	2147	2148	2149	2150	2151	2152	2153	2154	2155	2156	2157	2158	2159	2160	2161	2162	2163	2164	2165	2166	2167	2168	2169	2170	2171	2172	2173	2174	2175	2176	2177	2178	2179	2180	2181	2182	2183	2184	2185	2186	2187	2188	2189	2190	2191	2192	2193	2194	2195	2196	2197	2198	2199	2200	2201	2202	2203	2204	2205	2206	2207	2208	2209	2210	2211	2212	2213	2214	2215	2216	2217	2218	2219	2220	2221	2222	2223	2224	2225	2226	2227	2228	2229	2230	2231	2232	2233	2234	2235	2236	2237	2238	2239	2240	2241	2242	2243	2244	2245	2246	2247	2248	2249	2250	2251	2252	2253	2254	2255	2256	2257	2258	2259	2260	2261	2262	2263	2264	2265	2266	2267	2268	2269	2270	2271	2272	2273	2274	2275	2276	2277	2278	2279	2280	2281	2282	2283	2284	2285	2286	2287	2288	2289	2290	2291	2292	2293	2294	2295	2296	2297	2298	2299	2300	2301	2302	2303	2304	2305	2306	2307	2308	2309	2310	2311	2312	2313	2314	2315	2316	2317	2318	2319	2320	2321	2322	2323	2324	2325	2326	2327	2328	2329	2330	2331	2332	2333	2334	2335	2336	2337	2338	2339	2340	2341	2342	2343	2344	2345	2346	2347	2348	2349	2350	2351	2352	2353	2354	2355	2356	2357	2358	2359	2360	2361	2362	2363	2364	2365	2366	2367	2368	2369	2370	2371	2372	2373	2374	2375	2376	2377	2378	2379	2380	2381	2382	2383	2384	2385	2386	2387	2388	2389	2390	2391	2392	2393	2394	2395	2396	2397	2398	2399	2400	2401	2402	2403	2404	2405	2406	2407	2408	2409	2410	2411	2412	2413	2414	2415	2416	2417	2418	2419	2420	2421	2422	2423	2424	2425	2426	2427	2428	2429	2430	2431	2432	2433	2434	2435	2436	2437	2438	2439	2440	2441	2442	2443	2444	2445	2446	2447	2448	2449	2450	2451	2452	2453	2454	2455	2456	2457	2458	2459	2460	2461	2462	2463	2464	2465	2466	2467	2468	2469	2470	2471	2472	2473	2474	2475	2476	2477	2478	2479	2480	2481	2482	2483	2484	2485	2486	2487	2488	2489	2490	2491	2492	2493	2494	2495	2496	2497	2498	2499	2500	2501	2502	2503	2504	2505	2506	2507	2508	2509	2510	2511	2512	2513	2514	2515	2516	2517	2518	2519	2520	2521	2522	2523	2524	2525	2526	2527	2528	2529	2530	2531	2532	2533	2534	2535	2536	2537	2538	2539	2540	2541	2542	2543	2544	2545	2546	2547	2548	2549	2550	2551	2552	2553	2554	2555	2556	2557	2558	2559	2560	2561	2562	2563	2564	2565	2566	2567	2568	2569	2570	2571	2572	2573	2574	2575	2576	2577	2578	2579	2580	2581	2582	2583	2584	2585	2586	2587	2588	2589	2590	2591	2592	2593	2594	2595	2596	2597	2598	2599	2600	2601	2602	2603	2604	2605	2606	2607	2608	2609	2610	2611	2612	2613	2614	2615	2616	2617	2618	2619	2620	2621	2622	2623	2624	2625	2626	2627	2628	2629	2630	2631	2632	2633	2634	2635	2636	2637	2638	2639	2640	2641	2642	2643	2644	2645	2646	2647	2648	2649	2650	2651	2652	2653	2654	2655	2656	2657	2658	2659	2660	2661	2662	2663	2664	2665	2666	2667	2668	2669	2670	2671	2672	2673	2674	2675	2676	2677	2678	2679	2680	2681	2682	2683	2684	2685	2686	2687	2688	2689	2690	2691	2692	2693	2694	2695	2696	2697	2698	2699	2700	2701	2702	2703	2704	2705	2706	2707	2708	2709	2710	2711	2712	2713	2714	2715	2716	2717	2718	2719	2720	2721	2722	2723	2724	2725	2726	2727	2728	2729	2730	2731	2732	2733	2734	2735	2736	2737	2738	2739	2740	2741	2742	2743	2744	2745	2746	2747	2748	2749	2750	2751	2752	2753	2754	2755	2756	2757	2758	2759	2760	2761	2762	2763	2764	2765	2766	2767	2768	2769	2770	2771	2772	2773	2774	2775	2776	2777	2778	2779	2780	2781	2782	2783	2784	2785	2786	2787	2788	2789	2790	2791	2792	2793	2794	2795	2796	2797	2798	2799	2800	2801	2802	2803	2804	2805	2806	2807	2808	2809	2810	2811	2812	2813	2814	2815	2816	2817	2818	2819	2820	2821	2822	2823	2824	2825	2826	2827	2828	2829	2830	2831	2832	2833	2834	2835	2836	2837	2838	2839	2840	2841	2842	2843	2844	2845	2846	2847	2848	2849	2850	2851	2852	2853	2854	2855	2856	2857	2858	2859	2860	2861	2862	2863	2864	2865	2866	2867	2868	2869	2870	2871	2872	2873	2874	2875	2876	2877	2878	2879	2880	2881	2882	2883	2884	2885	2886	2887	2888	2889	2890	2891	2892	2893	2894	2895	2896	2897	2898	2899	2900	2901	2902	2903	2904	2905	2906	2907	2908	2909	2910	2911	2912	2913	2914	2915	2916	2917	2918	2919	2920	2921	2922	2923	2924	2925	2926	2927	2928	2929	2930	2931	2932	2933	2934	2935	2936	2937	2938	2939	2940	2941	2942	2943	2944	2945	2946	2947	2948	2949	2950	2951	2952	2953	2954	2955	2956	2957	2958	2959	2960	2961	2962	2963	2964	2965	2966	2967	2968	2969	2970	2971	2972	2973	2974	2975	2976	2977	2978	2979	2980	2981	2982	2983	2984	2985	2986	2987	2988	2989	2990	2991	2992	2993	2994	2995	2996	2997	2998	2999	3000	3001	3002	3003	3004	3005	3006	3007	3008	3009	3010	3011	3012	3013	3014	3015	3016	3017	3018	3019	3020	3021	3022	3023	3024	3025	3026	3027	3028	3029	3030	3031	3032	3033	3034	3035	3036	3037	3038	3039	3040	3041	3042	3043	3044	3045	3046	3047	3048	3049	3050	3051	3052	3053	3054	3055	3056	3057	3058	3059	3060	3061	3062	3063	3064	3065	3066	3067	3068	3069	3070	3071	3072	3073	3074	3075	3076	3077	3078	3079	3080	3081	3082	3083	3084	3085	3086	3087	3088	3089	3090	3091	3092	3093	3094	3095	3096	3097	3098	3099	3100	3101	3102	3103	3104	3105	3106	3107	3108	3109	3110	3111	3112	3113	3114	3115	3116	3117	3118	3119	3120	3121	3122	3123	3124	3125	3126	3127	3128	3129	3130	3131	3132	3133	3134	3135	3136	3137	3138	3139	3140	3141	3142	3143	3144	3145	3146	3147	3148	3149	3150	3151	3152	3153	3154	3155	3156	3157	3158	3159	3160	3161	3162	3163	3164	3165	3166	3167	3168	3169	3170	3171	3172	3173	3174	3175	3176	3177	3178	3179	3180	3181	3182	3183	3184	3185	3186	3187	3188	3189	3190	3191	3192	3193	3194	3195	3196	3197	3198	3199	3200	3201	3202	3203	3204	3205	3206	3207	3208	3209	3210	3211	3212	3213	3214	3215	3216	3217	3218	3219	3220	3221	3222	3223	3224	3225	3226	3227	3228	3229	3230	3231	3232	3233	3234	3235	3236	3237	3238	3239	3240	3241	3242	3243	3244	3245	3246	3247	3248	3249	3250	3251	3252	3253	3254	3255	3256	3257	3258	3259	3260	3261	3262	3263	3264	3265	3266	3267	3268	3269	3270	3271	3272	3273	3274	3275	3276	3277	3278	3279	3280	3281	3282	3283	3284	3285	3286	3287	3288	3289	3290	3291	3292	3293	3294	3295	3296	3297	3298	3299	3300	3301	3302	3303	3304	3305	3306	3307	3308	3309	3310	3311	3312	3313	3314	3315	3316	3317	3318	3319	3320	3321	3322	3323	3324	3325	3326	3327	3328	3329	3330	3331	3332	3333	3334	3335	3336	3337	3338	3339	3340	3341	3342	3343	3344	3345	3346	3347	3348	3349	3350	3351	3352	3353	3354	3355	3356	3357	3358	3359	3360	336
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Source (1) _____
 Observer B not _____
 Location _____

[illegible]

Radiant Metal	73	7	100
Reserve	74	7	71

Aluminum Co. of America	1000 Pennsylvania Ave. N.W.	202-638-2000	202-638-2000	202-638-2000	www.alcoa.com
Aluminum Industry Association	1000 Pennsylvania Ave. N.W.	202-638-2000	202-638-2000	202-638-2000	www.aluminum.org
Aluminum Institute of Japan	1-1-1, Higashi-Shinjyuku	03-3356-1111	03-3356-1111	03-3356-1111	www.aluminum.or.jp
Aluminum Institute of Korea	1-1-1, Yongsong	02-2600-1111	02-2600-1111	02-2600-1111	www.aluminum.or.kr
Aluminum Institute of Russia	1-1-1, Moscow	095-2600-1111	095-2600-1111	095-2600-1111	www.aluminum.or.ru
Aluminum Institute of South Africa	1-1-1, Johannesburg	011-2600-1111	011-2600-1111	011-2600-1111	www.aluminum.or.za
Aluminum Institute of Sweden	1-1-1, Stockholm	08-2600-1111	08-2600-1111	08-2600-1111	www.aluminum.or.se
Aluminum Institute of Switzerland	1-1-1, Zurich	043-2600-1111	043-2600-1111	043-2600-1111	www.aluminum.or.ch
Aluminum Institute of Taiwan	1-1-1, Taipei	02-2600-1111	02-2600-1111	02-2600-1111	www.aluminum.or.tw
Aluminum Institute of Thailand	1-1-1, Bangkok	02-2600-1111	02-2600-1111	02-2600-1111	www.aluminum.or.th
Aluminum Institute of United Kingdom	1-1-1, London	020-2600-1111	020-2600-1111	020-2600-1111	www.aluminum.or.uk
Aluminum Institute of United States	1-1-1, Washington D.C.	202-2600-1111	202-2600-1111	202-2600-1111	www.aluminum.or.us
Aluminum Institute of West Germany	1-1-1, Frankfurt	069-2600-1111	069-2600-1111	069-2600-1111	www.aluminum.or.de
Aluminum Institute of Yugoslavia	1-1-1, Belgrade	011-2600-1111	011-2600-1111	011-2600-1111	www.aluminum.or.yu
Aluminum Institute of Zaire	1-1-1, Kinshasa	011-2600-1111	011-2600-1111	011-2600-1111	www.aluminum.or.cd
Aluminum Institute of Zimbabwe	1-1-1, Harare	06-2600-1111	06-2600-1111	06-2600-1111	www.aluminum.or.zw
Aluminum Institute of Australia	1-1-1, Sydney	02-2600-1111	02-2600-1111	02-2600-1111	www.aluminum.or.au
Aluminum Institute of Canada	1-1-1, Toronto	0416-2600-1111	0416-2600-1111	0416-2600-1111	www.aluminum.or.ca
Aluminum Institute of India	1-1-1, New Delhi	011-2600-1111	011-2600-1111	011-2600-1111	www.aluminum.or.in
Aluminum Institute of China	1-1-1, Beijing	010-2600-1111	010-2600-1111	010-2600-1111	www.aluminum.or.cn
Aluminum Institute of Brazil	1-1-1, Rio de Janeiro	021-2600-1111	021-2600-1111	021-2600-1111	www.aluminum.or.br
Aluminum Institute of Mexico	1-1-1, Mexico City	055-2600-1111	055-2600-1111	055-2600-1111	www.aluminum.or.mx
Aluminum Institute of Argentina	1-1-1, Buenos Aires	011-2600-1111	011-2600-1111	011-2600-1111	www.aluminum.or.ar
Aluminum Institute of Chile	1-1-1, Santiago	02-2600-1111	02-2600-1111	02-2600-1111	www.aluminum.or.cl
Aluminum Institute of Peru	1-1-1, Lima	01-2600-1111	01-2600-1111	01-2600-1111	www.aluminum.or.pe
Aluminum Institute of Colombia	1-1-1, Bogota	01-2600-1111	01-2600-1111	01-2600-1111	www.aluminum.or.co
Aluminum Institute of Venezuela	1-1-1, Caracas	02-2600-1111	02-2600-1111	02-2600-1111	www.aluminum.or.ve
Aluminum Institute of Ecuador	1-1-1, Quito	02-2600-1111	02-2600-1111	02-2600-1111	www.aluminum.or.ec
Aluminum Institute of Guatemala	1-1-1, Guatemala City	09-2600-1111	09-2600-1111	09-2600-1111	www.aluminum.or.gt
Aluminum Institute of Honduras	1-1-1, Tegucigalpa	022-2600-1111	022-2600-1111	022-2600-1111	www.aluminum.or.hn
Aluminum Institute of Nicaragua	1-1-1, Managua	02-2600-1111	02-2600-1111	02-2600-1111	www.aluminum.or.ni
Aluminum Institute of Costa Rica	1-1-1, San Jose	02-2600-1111	02-2600-1111	02-2600-1111	www.aluminum.or.cr
Aluminum Institute of Panama	1-1-1, Panama City	01-2600-1111	01-2600-1111	01-2600-1111	www.aluminum.or.pa
Aluminum Institute of Cuba	1-1-1, Havana	05-2600-1111	05-2600-1111	05-2600-1111	www.aluminum.or.cu
Aluminum Institute of Dominican Republic	1-1-1, Santo Domingo	01-2600-1111	01-2600-1111	01-2600-1111	www.aluminum.or.do
Aluminum Institute of Haiti	1-1-1, Port-au-Prince	01-2600-1111	01-2600-1111	01-2600-1111	www.aluminum.or.ht
Aluminum Institute of Dominican Republic	1-1-1, Santo Domingo	01-2600-1111	01-2600-1111	01-2600-1111	www.aluminum.or.do
Aluminum Institute of Puerto Rico	1-1-1, San Juan	098-2600-1111	098-2600-1111	098-2600-1111	www.aluminum.or.pr
Aluminum Institute of Uruguay	1-1-1, Montevideo	02-2600-1111	02-2600-1111	02-2600-1111	www.aluminum.or.uy
Aluminum Institute of Paraguay	1-1-1, Asuncion	021-2600-1111	021-2600-1111	021-2600-1111	www.aluminum.or.py
Aluminum Institute of Bolivia	1-1-1, La Paz	02-2600-1111	02-2600-1111	02-2600-1111	www.aluminum.or.bo

ENGINEERING, VEHICLES					
Company	Address	Phone	Telex	Fax	Website
Aluminum Co. of America	1000 Pennsylvania Ave. N.W.	202-638-2000	202-638-2000	202-638-2000	www.alcoa.com
Aluminum Industry Association	1000 Pennsylvania Ave. N.W.	202-638-2000	202-638-2000	202-638-2000	www.aluminum.org
Aluminum Institute of Japan	1-1-1, Higashi-Shinjyuku	03-3356-1111	03-3356-1111	03-3356-1111	www.aluminum.or.jp
Aluminum Institute of Korea	1-1-1, Yongsong	02-2600-1111	02-2600-1111	02-2600-1111	www.aluminum.or.kr
Aluminum Institute of Russia	1-1-1, Moscow	095-2600-1111	095-2600-1111	095-2600-1111	www.aluminum.or.ru
Aluminum Institute of South Africa	1-1-1, Johannesburg	011-2600-1111	011-2600-1111	011-2600-1111	www.aluminum.or.za
Aluminum Institute of Sweden	1-1-1, Stockholm	08-2600-1111	08-2600-1111	08-2600-1111	www.aluminum.or.se
Aluminum Institute of Switzerland	1-1-1, Zurich	043-2600-1111	043-2600-1111	043-2600-1111	www.aluminum.or.ch
Aluminum Institute of Taiwan	1-1-1, Taipei	02-2600-1111	02-2600-1111	02-2600-1111	www.aluminum.or.tw
Aluminum Institute of Thailand	1-1-1, Bangkok	02-2600-1111	02-2600-1111	02-2600-1111	www.aluminum.or.th
Aluminum Institute of United Kingdom	1-1-1, London	020-2600-1111	020-2600-1111	020-2600-1111	www.aluminum.or.uk
Aluminum Institute of United States	1-1-1, Washington D.C.	202-2600-1111	202-2600-1111	202-2600-1111	www.aluminum.or.us
Aluminum Institute of West Germany	1-1-1, Frankfurt	069-2600-1111	069-2600-1111	069-2600-1111	www.aluminum.or.de
Aluminum Institute of Yugoslavia	1-1-1, Belgrade	011-2600-1111	011-2600-1111	011-2600-1111	www.aluminum.or.yu
Aluminum Institute of Zaire	1-1-1, Kinshasa	011-2600-1111	011-2600-1111	011-2600-1111	www.aluminum.or.cd
Aluminum Institute of Zimbabwe	1-1-1, Harare	06-2600-1111	06-2600-1111	06-2600-1111	www.aluminum.or.zw
Aluminum Institute of Australia	1-1-1, Sydney	02-2600-1111	02-2600-1111	02-2600-1111	www.aluminum.or.au
Aluminum Institute of Canada	1-1-1, Toronto	0416-2600-1111	0416-2600-1111	0416-2600-1111	www.aluminum.or.ca
Aluminum Institute of India	1-1-1, New Delhi	011-2600-1111	011-2600-1111	011-2600-1111	www.aluminum.or.in
Aluminum Institute of China	1-1-1, Beijing	010-2600-1111	010-2600-1111	010-2600-1111	www.aluminum.or.cn
Aluminum Institute of Brazil	1-1-1, Rio de Janeiro	021-2600-1111	021-2600-1111	021-2600-1111	www.aluminum.or.br
Aluminum Institute of Mexico	1-1-1, Mexico City	055-2600-1111	055-2600-1111	055-2600-1111	www.aluminum.or.mx
Aluminum Institute of Argentina	1-1-1, Buenos Aires	011-2600-1111	011-2600-1111	011-2600-1111	www.aluminum.or.ar
Aluminum Institute of Chile	1-1-1, Santiago	02-2600-1111	02-2600-1111	02-2600-1111	www.aluminum.or.cl
Aluminum Institute of Peru	1-1-1, Lima	01-2600-1111	01-2600-1111	01-2600-1111	www.aluminum.or.pe
Aluminum Institute of Colombia	1-1-1, Bogota	01-2600-1111	01-2600-1111	01-2600-1111	www.aluminum.or.co
Aluminum Institute of Venezuela	1-1-1, Caracas	02-2600-1111	02-2600-1111	02-2600-1111	www.aluminum.or.ve
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Aluminum Institute of Guatemala	1-1-1, Guatemala City	09-2600-1111	09-2600-1111	09-2600-1111	www.aluminum.or.gt
Aluminum Institute of Honduras	1-1-1, Tegucigalpa	022-2600-1111	022-2600-1111	022-2600-1111	www.aluminum.or.hn
Aluminum Institute of Nicaragua	1-1-1, Managua	02-2600-1111	02-2600-1111	02-2600-1111	www.aluminum.or.ni
Aluminum Institute of Costa Rica	1-1-1, San Jose	02-2600-1111	02-2600-1111	02-2600-1111	www.aluminum.or.cr
Aluminum Institute of Panama	1-1-1, Panama City	01-2600-1111	01-2600-1111	01-2600-1111	www.aluminum.or.pa
Aluminum Institute of Cuba	1-1-1, Havana	05-2600-1111	05-2600-1111	05-2600-1111	www.aluminum.or.cu
Aluminum Institute of Dominican Republic	1-1-1, Santo Domingo	01-2600-1111	01-2600-1111	01-2600-1111	www.aluminum.or.do
Aluminum Institute of Haiti	1-1-1, Port-au-Prince	01-2600-1111	01-2600-1111	01-2600-1111	www.aluminum.or.ht
Aluminum Institute of Dominican Republic	1-1-1, Santo Domingo	01-2600-1111	01-2600-1111	01-2600-1111	www.aluminum.or.do
Aluminum Institute of Puerto Rico	1-1-1, San Juan	098-2600-1111	098-2600-1111	098-2600-1111	www.aluminum.or.pr
Aluminum Institute of Uruguay	1-1-1, Montevideo	02-2600-1111	02-2600-1111	02-2600-1111	www.aluminum.or.uy
Aluminum Institute of Paraguay	1-1-1, Asuncion	021-2600-1111	021-2600-1111	021-2600-1111	www.aluminum.or.py
Aluminum Institute of Bolivia	1-1-1, La Paz	02-2600-1111	02-2600-1111	02-2600-1111	www.aluminum.or.bo

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2010-2011 **Yearbook** _____
 Volume _____
 Number _____

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Let After Growth	41	100
Warrants	10	22
Long Stock Cdn	100	100

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TRANSPORT - Cont[illegible][illegible]

SOUTH AFRICAN		
	Notes	Price
Anglo Am Ind.		254
Anglo Am Corp.		185 1/2
Gold Fields Prop R		770 1/2
NEP Prop.		69
SASOL		697
SA Brews	↑	515 1/2
Tiger Oils		728
Tungsten-Rain	↑	728

GUIDE TO LONDON

Prices for the London Share Times register of the Financial Times

Company classifications are on Share Indices.

Closing bid-ask prices are shown in lower or inside prices on intra-day mid.

Where stocks are denominated in pence, the return is indicated after the ratio.

Symbols referring to dividend are shown in pence and P/E ratio, D. on Price.

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OFFSHORE AND OVERSEAS

ask	bids	offer	+ or -
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GUERNSEY (AIR RECOGNITION)

[illegible]

Int'l Change	Volatility	Selling Price	Buying Price	+/-
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[illegible]

Royal Bk of Canada O/S Fed Mgrs Ltd
PO Box 248, St Peter Port, Guernsey GY1 1 7

[illegible]

	Selling Price	Buying Price	+ or -
100 shares of ABC stock @ \$100 per share	\$10,000	\$9,800	\$200
Commission		(100)	
Total	\$10,000	\$9,700	\$300

[illegible]

Global High Yield	5.38%	10-28
Global High Yield Act	5.43%	10-28
Latin American	5.51%	10-28

[illegible]

Estimate	Estimate Change	Bidding Price	Buying Price
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[illegible]

111

[illegible]

DATE	TIME	STATION	TYPE
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[illegible][illegible][illegible]

Yield G/g	Selling Price	Buying Price	ϕ %
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[illegible]

2104	Longworld Financial Services Limited	\$10.76
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Item	Unit	Price	Price
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[illegible]

January _____
 February _____
 March _____
 April _____
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 June _____
 July _____
 August _____
 September _____
 October _____
 November _____
 December _____

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Section - Eastern District Federal P

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[The page contains several tables of numbers, some of which are partially obscured by a large vertical smudge or tear running down the center. The tables appear to be organized into columns and rows, possibly representing financial data or statistical information.]

10-10-68

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Pink & Read

From history to humour and poetry to politics, our critics choose the best books of the year in the FT Christmas Books guide on Saturday December 3

The guide also carries reviews of children's books, biographies, business books, film and art books plus a report on the fastest growing sector of contemporary British

FT Christmas ■ooks
A must read about must reads

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Company Name		Share Price	% Change	Volume	High	Low	Open	Close	Dividend Yield (%)	P/E Ratio	Beta	Market Cap (£m)
A												
B												
C												
D												
E												
F												
G												
H												
I												
J												
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M												
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U												
V												
W												
X												
Y												
Z												

FT INANC
Brussels resumes steel plan as aid for Italy is agreed

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CURRENCIES AND MONEY

MARKETS REPORT

Dollar rises on evidence of strong economic data

The dollar continued its good showing on the foreign exchanges yesterday, buoyed by the expectation of further interest rate rises, writes Philip Gosselin.

A raft of strong economic data on income, spending and interest rates fuelled the dollar's rise to a new high against the pound.

The dollar rose to DML1.6770 in European trading, before falling back to close in London at DML1.6703, up from DML1.6703 on Wednesday. Against the yen it finished at Y99.34, up from Y98.95.

Sterling also had a good day, with the trade weighted index finishing at 80.4, from 80.2. The pound was little changed against the dollar, at DML1.6703, but closed higher at DML1.6703, from DML1.6703, against the D-Mark.

Both US and UK interest rate futures have lost ground steadily this week, discounting ever higher interest rates.

Elsewhere the D-Mark remained fairly weak, with the prospect of a further cut in interest rates still not ruled out. Mr Helmut Schiebler, a Bundesbank director, said on Wednesday that it was harder to foresee a situation where German rates could rise than one where they could fall.

The lira firmed to L1.028 against the D-Mark from L1.031 after a pensions deal between the government and unions saw a planned general strike called off.

The Australian and New Zealand dollars both continued their recent strength against the US dollar. The Aussie finished at 80.3 US cents, after breaking above 77 cents for the first time since March 1992 in Asian trading. The Kiwi

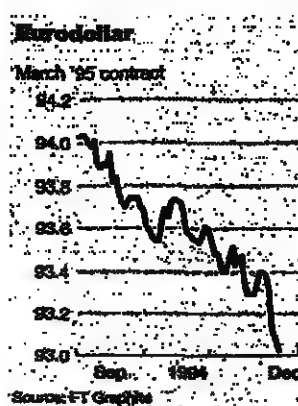
closed at 63 US cents, a level not seen in five years.

The behaviour of eurodollar contracts in recent days and weeks tells the story of what markets are expecting for US interest rates. The futures curve is now discounting three month rates of 7 per cent in March, 40 basis points higher than the position at the beginning of the week.

While the prospect of higher interest rates is hitting the bond market, it appears to be supporting the dollar. For most of the year, the two markets traded in tandem.

Mr Ian Gunner, international economist at Chase Manhattan, commented: "Now that the interest rate environment is more credible, the dollar is looking forward to rate hikes."

Today the focus will be on November jobs data. A higher than expected outcome could prompt renewed speculation that the Fed might again decide to raise rates after its



Source: FT Graphics

bank traders. Pointing out that the dollar had risen from DML1.5077 at the end of October, to DML1.6703 now, he said: "The market is coming to terms with the fact that the Fed is prepared to act if the economy is growing at an unsustainable rate."

Further evidence of Fed concern about the pace of growth came from Mr Cathy Niskanen, president of the Boston Fed, who said that a tight economy could prompt price pressures. She added that the economy was "humming along", showing "very strong growth".

Sterling is also riding higher on the expectation of growth. The interest rates, buoyed to by the UK's sound economic fundamentals, underlined this week in the budget. It has also been helped by the possibility of German rates falling.

The March sterling contract settled ten basis points lower at 92.83. Analysts

said the market remained very nervous about the prospect of higher interest rates, with speculation that if rates did not rise by 50 basis points next month, a 75 point hike might be required early in the new year.

Although Mr John Gorman, government spokesman, said that the government was not ruling out the possibility of a rate rise, he said that the government was not ruling out the possibility of a rate rise.

The Bank of England provided UK money markets with £125m of late assistance, and £125m at established rates, after forecasting a daily short-term LIBOR was unchanged at 6 1/2 per cent.

WORLD INTEREST RATES

MONEY RATES

December 1	Over night	One month	Three months	Six months	One year	Two years	Three years	Four years	Five years
Belgium	4 1/2	5 1/2	5 1/2	5 1/2	6 1/2	7 1/2	8 1/2	9 1/2	10 1/2
France	4 1/2	5 1/2	5 1/2	5 1/2	6 1/2	7 1/2	8 1/2	9 1/2	10 1/2
Germany	4 1/2	5 1/2	5 1/2	5 1/2	6 1/2	7 1/2	8 1/2	9 1/2	10 1/2
Italy	4 1/2	5 1/2	5 1/2	5 1/2	6 1/2	7 1/2	8 1/2	9 1/2	10 1/2
Netherlands	4 1/2	5 1/2	5 1/2	5 1/2	6 1/2	7 1/2	8 1/2	9 1/2	10 1/2
Sweden	4 1/2	5 1/2	5 1/2	5 1/2	6 1/2	7 1/2	8 1/2	9 1/2	10 1/2
Switzerland	4 1/2	5 1/2	5 1/2	5 1/2	6 1/2	7 1/2	8 1/2	9 1/2	10 1/2
US	4 1/2	5 1/2	5 1/2	5 1/2	6 1/2	7 1/2	8 1/2	9 1/2	10 1/2
Japan	4 1/2	5 1/2	5 1/2	5 1/2	6 1/2	7 1/2	8 1/2	9 1/2	10 1/2
UK	4 1/2	5 1/2	5 1/2	5 1/2	6 1/2	7 1/2	8 1/2	9 1/2	10 1/2

LIBOR FT London
Interbank Placing
week ago
US 100m CDs
week ago
300m US Govt
week ago
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POUND SPOT FORWARD AGAINST THE POUND

Dec 1	Closing mid-point	Change on day	Settle/offer spread	Day's High	Day's Mid Low	One month %PA	Three months %PA	One year %PA	Bank of England %PA
Europe	80.4	+0.0000	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4
Australia	80.4	+0.0000	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4
Canada	80.4	+0.0000	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4
France	80.4	+0.0000	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4
Germany	80.4	+0.0000	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4
Italy	80.4	+0.0000	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4
Netherlands	80.4	+0.0000	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4
Sweden	80.4	+0.0000	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4
Switzerland	80.4	+0.0000	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4
UK	80.4	+0.0000	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4
US	80.4	+0.0000	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4
Japan	80.4	+0.0000	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4
South Korea	80.4	+0.0000	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4
Taiwan	80.4	+0.0000	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4
Thailand	80.4	+0.0000	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4
Philippines	80.4	+0.0000	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4
Malaysia	80.4	+0.0000	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4
Singapore	80.4	+0.0000	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4
Indonesia	80.4	+0.0000	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4
Brunei	80.4	+0.0000	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4
Maldives	80.4	+0.0000	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4
Mauritius	80.4	+0.0000	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4
Reunion	80.4	+0.0000	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4
Madagascar	80.4	+0.0000	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4
Comoros	80.4	+0.0000	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4
Mayotte	80.4	+0.0000	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4
Antarctica	80.4	+0.0000	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4
South Georgia	80.4	+0.0000	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4
Falkland Islands	80.4	+0.0000	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4
Christmas Island	80.4	+0.0000	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4
Norfolk Island	80.4	+0.0000	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.4

Dec 1 rates for US, Settle/offer spread in the Pound bank rates above are the last three decimal places. Forward rates are not closely quoted to the nearest but are implied by current forward rates. Forward rates concerned by the Bank of England. Bank rates are averages 100% in 100000, offer and mid-rates in 100000.

Call 0800 28 28 26 Ext. 134 today.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE COMPOSITE PRICES

174	175	176	177	178	179	180	181	182	183	184	185	186	187	188	189	190	191	192	193	194	195	196	197	198	199	200	201	202	203	204	205	206	207	208	209	210	211	212	213	214	215	216	217	218	219	220	221	222	223	224	225	226	227	228	229	230	231	232	233	234	235	236	237	238	239	240	241	242	243	244	245	246	247	248	249	250	251	252	253	254	255	256	257	258	259	260	261	262	263	264	265	266	267	268	269	270	271	272	273	274	275	276	277	278	279	280	281	282	283	284	285	286	287	288	289	290	291	292	293	294	295	296	297	298	299	300	301	302	303	304	305	306	307	308	309	310	311	312	313	314	315	316	317	318	319	320	321	322	323	324	325	326	327	328	329	330	331	332	333	334	335	336	337	338	339	340	341	342	343	344	345	346	347	348	349	350	351	352	353	354	355	356	357	358	359	360	361	362	363	364	365	366	367	368	369	370	371	372	373	374	375	376	377	378	379	380	381	382	383	384	385	386	387	388	389	390	391	392	393	394	395	396	397	398	399	400	401	402	403	404	405	406	407	408	409	410	411	412	413	414	415	416	417	418	419	420	421	422	423	424	425	426	427	428	429	430	431	432	433	434	435	436	437	438	439	440	441	442	443	444	445	446	447	448	449	450	451	452	453	454	455	456	457	458	459	460	461	462	463	464	465	466	467	468	469	470	471	472	473	474	475	476	477	478	479	480	481	482	483	484	485	486	487	488	489	490	491	492	493	494	495	496	497	498	499	500	501	502	503	504	505	506	507	508	509	510	511	512	513	514	515	516	517	518	519	520	521	522	523	524	525	526	527	528	529	530	531	532	533	534	535	536	537	538	539	540	541	542	543	544	545	546	547	548	549	550	551	552	553	554	555	556	557	558	559	560	561	562	563	564	565	566	567	568	569	570	571	572	573	574	575	576	577	578	579	580	581	582	583	584	585	586	587	588	589	590	591	592	593	594	595	596	597	598	599	600	601	602	603	604	605	606	607	608	609	610	611	612	613	614	615	616	617	618	619	620	621	622	623	624	625	626	627	628	629	630	631	632	633	634	635	636	637	638	639	640	641	642	643	644	645	646	647	648	649	650	651	652	653	654	655	656	657	658	659	660	661	662	663	664	665	666	667	668	669	670	671	672	673	674	675	676	677	678	679	680	681	682	683	684	685	686	687	688	689	690	691	692	693	694	695	696	697	698	699	700	701	702	703	704	705	706	707	708	709	710	711	712	713	714	715	716	717	718	719	720	721	722	723	724	725	726	727	728	729	730	731	732	733	734	735	736	737	738	739	740	741	742	743	744	745	746	747	748	749	750	751	752	753	754	755	756	757	758	759	760	761	762	763	764	765	766	767	768	769	770	771	772	773	774	775	776	777	778	779	780	781	782	783	784	785	786	787	788	789	790	791	792	793	794	795	796	797	798	799	800	801	802	803	804	805	806	807	808	809	810	811	812	813	814	815	816	817	818	819	820	821	822	823	824	825	826	827	828	829	830	831	832	833	834	835	836	837	838	839	840	841	842	843	844	845	846	847	848	849	850	851	852	853	854	855	856	857	858	859	860	861	862	863	864	865	866	867	868	869	870	871	872	873	874	875	876	877	878	879	880	881	882	883	884	885	886	887	888	889	890	891	892	893	894	895	896	897	898	899	900	901	902	903	904	905	906	907	908	909	910	911	912	913	914	915	916	917	918	919	920	921	922	923	924	925	926	927	928	929	930	931	932	933	934	935	936	937	938	939	940	941	942	943	944	945	946	947	948	949	950	951	952	953	954	955	956	957	958	959	960	961	962	963	964	965	966	967	968	969	970	971	972	973	974	975	976	977	978	979	980	981	982	983	984	985	986	987	988	989	990	991	992	993	994	995	996	997	998	999	1000
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NASDAQ NATIONAL MARKET

1 pm class December

[illegible]

4 pm close December 1

[illegible]

Financial Times. Europe's Business Newspaper.

Financial Times. Europe's Business Newspaper.

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PostNet	41	191	52	52	198		
PostNet	0.70	1570	175	175	175	175	+ ₂
PostNet	7	986	176	176	176	176	+ ₂
PostNet	0.22	133	365	203	19	19	-1
PostNet	0.15	514	24	24	24	24	+ ₂
PostNet	2.40	25	9	42	4	42	+ ₂
PostNet	3	318	3	3	3	3	+ ₂
PostNet	0.00	28	28	28	28	28	+ ₂
PostNet	0.68	10	30	30	30	30	+ ₂
PostNet	9	230	11	10	10	10	+ ₂
PostNet	2	338	14	14	14	14	+ ₂
PostNet	0.00	18	262	5	4	4	+ ₂
PostNet	0.00	17	4198	43	43	43	+ ₂
PostNet	0.00	1578	204	204	204	204	+ ₂
PostNet	1.00	12	574	15	15	15	+ ₂
PostNet	0.40	3	767	20	19	19	+ ₂
PostNet	0.03	2	523	3	3	3	+ ₂
PostNet	0.00	1	215	5	5	5	+ ₂

X - Y - Z -							
PostNet	30	2088	64	57	57	57	+ ₂
PostNet	2	726	4	3	3	3	+ ₂
PostNet	0.8478	1104	154	154	154	154	+ ₂
PostNet	12	179	4	4	4	4	+ ₂

Product	1.20	8	77	35	34%	35	4%
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AMERICA

Further signs of growth depress Dow

Wall Street

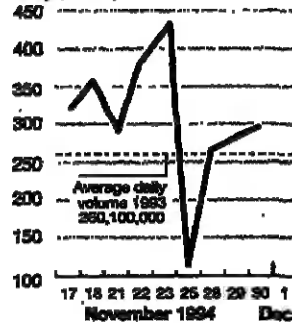
US share prices followed a declining bond market after economic data gave further indications of continued economic growth, writes Lisa Branstetter in New York.

By 1 pm the Dow Jones Industrial Average was down 23.89 at 3,715.34. The Standard & Poor's 500 fell 2.96 at 450.73, while the American Stock Exchange composite dropped 1.54 at 433.22. The Nasdaq composite fell 6.04 at 744.28. Trading volume on the NYSE was 149m shares.

The National Association of Purchasing Managers reported its index of economic activity for November at 61.2 per cent, the highest level for more than

NYSE volume

Daily (million)



10 years. Any reading higher than 50 per cent generally implies an expanding manufacturing sector.

Mr Ralph Kaufman, the NAPM's chairman, attributed the first decrease in the price index to seasonal factors. In general, he saw continued economic expansion.

While not considered as important as the NAPM figures, several other pieces of economic data released yesterday added to worries about advancing inflation. Personal income in October jumped to 1.4 per cent from 0.6 per cent in September. That was the largest increase in income since February. Construction spending also rose beyond economists' expectations, growing 0.9 per cent in October.

Such signs of inflationary pressures have worried the market because they add to fears that the Federal Reserve would tighten monetary policy again.

The Nasdaq, where high technology issues make up approximately 10 per cent of the market capitalisation, was pulled down further than the other indices by continued market worries about a possible flaw in the Pentium computer chip designed by Intel. The Nasdaq composite fell 0.5 per cent, compared with a 0.5 per cent decrease in the Dow. Dell Computer fell \$2.17 at

Bullion pressures golds

Gold bullion's late decline past \$380 an ounce sparked further losses for related Johannesburg shares, and only financial stocks managed to post significant gains after good results recently and steady prospects for the sector.

The overall index finished 10.9 lower at 5,745.4. Industrials were 8.5 better at 6,997.2 and golds fell 45.6 or 2.3 per cent to 1,928.5.

Some traders said golds were oversold after recent

heavy losses, but needed a spark in the bullion price to bounce from current levels.

A slight easing in the financial rand late in the day offered some support, with diamond leader De Beers managing to advance over the day for the first time in a week.

De Beers ended 35 cents firmer at R90. Anglo was R1 weaker at R230 and Gencor slipped 80 cents to R14.15. Sappi managed a strong R1.26 rise to R70.75.

Shares in São Paulo were up 2.3 per cent in early trade as investors shrugged off reports that president-elect Fernando Henrique Cardoso had not confirmed that he had chosen Pedro Malan of the central bank to be the country's new economy minister.

The Bovespa index was up 1,021 at 47,581 by 1 pm in turnover of R\$170.2m (\$800.1m).

Brokers said that the market was also bullish after the National Development Bank raised R\$33.2m through a successful sale of Banco do Brasil and Petrobras shares.

Telcel preferred rose 2.7 per cent to R\$41.60 and Eletrobras preferred surged 4.3 per cent to R\$90.77.

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EUROPE

Holderbank turns higher after anti-cartel fines

Further action was seen among cement shares in response to European Union anti-cartel fines. Switzerland's Holderbank jumped \$F18 to \$F191.04, off a high of \$F197.00, in reply to a much lower than expected penalty.

The company, which is to appeal, has said the fine would have no bearing on its forecast for 1994 profits, which calls for a 37 per cent rise to \$F900m.

In France, Lafarge Coppée dropped \$F14.30 to \$F135.80 and profit-taking after Wednesday's 4 per cent advance. The company said the fine would not change its 1994 outlook. Ciments Français gave up \$F18.30 to \$F157.90, and said it would make provision for the fine in its account.

Italy's Italcementi, which has a controlling interest in Ciments Français and which tumbled 1.7 per cent on Wednesday, rallied \$L74 to \$L10.569.

Italcementi, its parent, was \$L30 higher at \$L34.500.

MILAN moved ahead 1.3 per cent on the back of the agreement between the government and unions on pension reform that lifted the threat of a general strike today. Volume, at below 1400m, remained thin, however, amid worries that the accord offered no guarantees that promised reforms would be carried out and that tough decisions had only been postponed. The Comit index rose 7.17 to 682.89.

Credito Italiano appreciated \$L40 to \$L1,628 as speculation grew that it would price its new offer for Credito Romagnolo at around \$L2,000 a share, below previous estimates of \$L2,000 to \$L3,000. Romagnolo retreated \$L35 to \$L17.369.

AMSTERDAM was slightly weaker, the AEX index slipping 1.22 to 408.18.

In a major review of the market, Smith New Court noted that after two years of outperformance of cyclical, the market had been rotating towards defensive, financial and growth stocks. "A more selective attitude towards cyclical as well as increased emphasis on growth stocks is recommended in an environment of continued low interest rates."

Looking forward the broker noted that while there was pressure on cyclical it recommended an exposure to those

which were least affected by the inability to pass on raw material and commodity price increases and whose earnings growth was least likely to surprise on the downside.

These would fall into two categories, said Smith New Court: companies benefiting from rising commodity prices, such as Hoeghovens and DSM, and those where the large proportion of the expected improvement in earnings was driven by factors such as cost cutting, for instance Hoeghovens, DSM and KLM.

FRANKFURT ended an uninspired session with a slight loss, which widened fractionally in post-bourse trading. The Dax dipped 1.87 to 2,046.59, and to 2,046.54 in the Iba.

Turnover reflected the lack

of interest, a scant DM4.6m.

Reviewing the market's performance during November, Mr Eckhard Frahm of Merck Finck commented that hopes for a year-end rally now looked improbable, with sentiment getting worse. The Dax index fell just over 1 per cent on the month and is down nearly 10 per cent since January.

Interest rate-sensitive stocks showed relative strength during both October and November, he added.

Among those stocks yesterday, Commerzbank was ahead DM2.50 at DM226.30 and Deutsche Bank DM2.60 higher at DM743.50.

ZURICH was lower in very quiet trade, lacking fresh factors to trade on, and the SMI index fell 18.9 to 2,576.0.

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FT-SE Actuarial Share Indices

Dec 1	Dec 2	Dec 3	Dec 4	Dec 5	Dec 6	Dec 7	Dec 8	Dec 9	Dec 10	Dec 11	Dec 12	Dec 13	Dec 14	Dec 15	Dec 16	Dec 17	Dec 18	Dec 19	Dec 20	Dec 21	Dec 22	Dec 23	Dec 24	Dec 25	Dec 26	Dec 27	Dec 28	Dec 29	Dec 30	Dec 31
FT-SE 100	1346.12	1345.13	1344.85	1344.18	1345.01	1346.25	1346.35	1346.45	1346.45	1346.45	1346.45	1346.45	1346.45	1346.45	1346.45	1346.45	1346.45	1346.45	1346.45	1346.45	1346.45	1346.45	1346.45	1346.45	1346.45	1346.45	1346.45	1346.45	1346.45	1346.45
FT-SE 250	1367.25	1366.01	1364.27	1364.23	1365.31	1365.91	1366.00	1366.00	1366.00	1366.00	1366.00	1366.00	1366.00	1366.00	1366.00	1366.00	1366.00	1366.00	1366.00	1366.00	1366.00	1366.00	1366.00	1366.00	1366.00	1366.00	1366.00	1366.00	1366.00	1366.00

Dec 1	Dec 2	Dec 3	Dec 4	Dec 5	Dec 6	Dec 7	Dec 8	Dec 9	Dec 10	Dec 11	Dec 12	Dec 13	Dec 14	Dec 15	Dec 16	Dec 17	Dec 18	Dec 19	Dec 20	Dec 21	Dec 22	Dec 23	Dec 24	Dec 25	Dec 26	Dec 27	Dec 28	Dec 29	Dec 30	Dec 31
FT-SE 100	1346.12	1345.13	1344.85	1344.18	1345.01	1346.25	1346.35	1346.45	1346.45	1346.45	1346.45	1346.45	1346.45	1346.45	1346.45	1346.45	1346.45	1346.45	1346.45	1346.45	1346.45	1346.45	1346.45	1346.45	1346.45	1346.45	1346.45	1346.45	1346.45	1346.45
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SMH bearers lost \$F18 to \$F162, continuing a slide prompted by a flurry of downward revisions of earnings forecasts by analysts who doubted that Christmas sales could compensate for negative currency effects.

The stock has fallen by 12.3 per cent over the last fortnight, prompting some analysts to put the shares on hold, viewing the decline as excessive.

PARIS saw slippage and the CAC-40 index ended 11.99 at 1,963.95. Turnover was light at just under \$F3.8bn.

It was difficult to discern any particular themes, although the retailing sector showed a mixed response to disappointing November sales data: Carrefour rose \$F1.32 to \$F12.90, while Casino was off \$F1.50 at \$F11.50.

MADRID edged lower as losses elsewhere in Europe brought out sellers. The general index closed 1.03 easier at 300.53.

Santander Investment commented that Spanish stocks should thrive next year on expectations of good earnings and relatively stable long-term

interest rates, and forecast that the general index was likely to climb to between 350 and 380 by the end of 1995.

It said smaller cyclical stocks and consumer related shares would outperform the market in 1995, the former helped by expected strong growth in exports of goods and services.

ISTANBUL finished at a third consecutive 11-month high in spite of profit-taking which erased most of the morning gains. Volume of \$TL6.690bn was a new record high.

The composite index finished 246.2 or 0.9 per cent stronger at 28,427.54, taking gains over the last week to 8.5 per cent.

Ms Nur Pelin, Turkish analyst at Schroders, said that the recent strength in the market, mainly during the past two weeks, had been the result of two factors: speculation by investors on publicly owned companies which could be privatised, and a reduction in interest rates which had caused a flight of capital into equities.

Written and edited by John Pitt and Michael Morgan

ASIA PACIFIC

Arbitrage unwinding reverses Nikkei's recent uptrend

Tokyo

Arbitrage unwinding hurt share prices, and the Nikkei 225 average closed lower for the first time in four trading days in spite of buying by banks and dealers, writes Emilio Terrazano in Tokyo.

The index was down 63.02 at 19,013.60 after fluctuating between 18,961.79 and 19,111.42. The market fell below the 19,000 level in the morning due to arbitrage unwinding triggered by a decline in futures.

Financial institutions supported the index, but failed to counter continued futures-linked selling.

Volume continued to 270m shares from 355m. The Topix index of all first section stocks slipped 1.21 to 1,519.20, and the Nikkei 300 edged down 0.34 to 279.74. Losers led gains by 543 to 462, with 164 issues unchanged. But in London the ISE/Nikkei 50 index was 2.35 firmer at 1,256.13.

Brokers and corporate investors were also buying in small lots. Overseas investors, who have been liquidating holdings in steel and shipbuilders, continued their sales but traders noted that they were purchasing banks and car shares.

Traders expect arbitrage unwinding to continue through to the December 9 futures settlement. However, the outstanding level of unsettled arbitrage positions has declined to 690m shares, alleviating fears of a sharp drop in cash prices ahead of the settlement day.

The steel sector, reflecting the foreign selling, had Nippon Steel, the day's most active issue, \$Y10 cheaper at \$Y274 and NKK \$Y6 weaker at \$Y267. Airlines were lower on profit-taking. All Nippon Airways shedding \$Y20 to \$Y1,090 and Japan Airlines \$Y20 to \$Y720.

Banking stocks were higher on position-covering. Dai-ichi Kangyo Bank put on \$Y40 at \$Y1,800 and Mitsubishi Bank \$Y20 at \$Y2,360.

Toshiba rose \$Y9 to \$Y701 on buying by investment trust funds. Other electronics eased on profit-taking. Sanyo Electric losing \$Y6 at \$Y7